Medway and Swale Health and Care Partnership profile

Created by Medway Council Public Health Intelligence Team



Summary: Medway and Swale

Compared with England: ■ Better ■ Similar ■ Worse ■ Not compared ■ Lower ■ Similar ■ Higher

| Indicator | Compared to England |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| School readiness | Similar |
| Average Attainment 8 score | Worse |
| Pupil absence | Worse |
| Unemployment | Worse |
| Children living in relative poverty | Better |
| Fuel poverty | Not compared |
| Homelessness | Worse |
| Violent crime | Higher |
| Life expectancy (male) | Worse |
| Life expectancy (female) | Worse |
| Smoking prevalence | Better |
| Adult excess weight | Similar |
| Year 6 excess weight | Worse |
| Physical inactivity | Similar |
| Alcohol admissions | Better |
| Air pollution | Not compared |
| Prescribed antibiotics | Similar |
| Breast cancer screening | Worse |

| Indicator | Compared to England |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Cervical cancer screening | Better |
| Bowel cancer screening | Worse |
| Infant mortality | Similar |
| Low birth weight | Similar |
| AE attendances (0-4 yrs) | Worse |
| Dental decay (5 yrs) | Similar |
| Under 18s conceptions | Worse |
| Asthma admissions (<19 yrs) | Similar |
| Epilepsy admissions (<19 yrs) | Worse |
| Diabetes admissions (<19 yrs) | Worse |
| Mental health admissions (0-17 yrs) | Similar |
| Self-harm admissions (10-24 yrs) | Worse |
| Substance misuse adms (15-24 yrs) | Worse |
| Hypertension prevalence | Higher |
| Diabetes prevalence | Higher |
| CHD prevalence | Lower |
| CKD prevalence | Similar |
| Stroke prevalence | Lower |

| Indicator | Compared to England | |
|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Circulatory mortality (<75 yrs) | Worse | |
| Cancer mortality (<75 yrs) | Worse | |
| ACSC admissions | Worse | |
| Depression prevalence | Higher | |
| Serious mental illness prevalence | Lower | |
| Suicide (persons) | Worse | |
| Suicide (male) | Worse | |
| Dementia diagnosis rate | Not compared | |
| Falls admissions (>65 yrs) | Better | |
| Hip fracture admissions (>65 yrs) | Similar | |
| Osteoporosis prevalence | Similar | |
| ementia diagnosis rate alls admissions (>65 yrs) ip fracture admissions (>65 yrs) | Not compared Better Similar | |

Contact details

If you have any questions or would like further information about these profiles, please contact:

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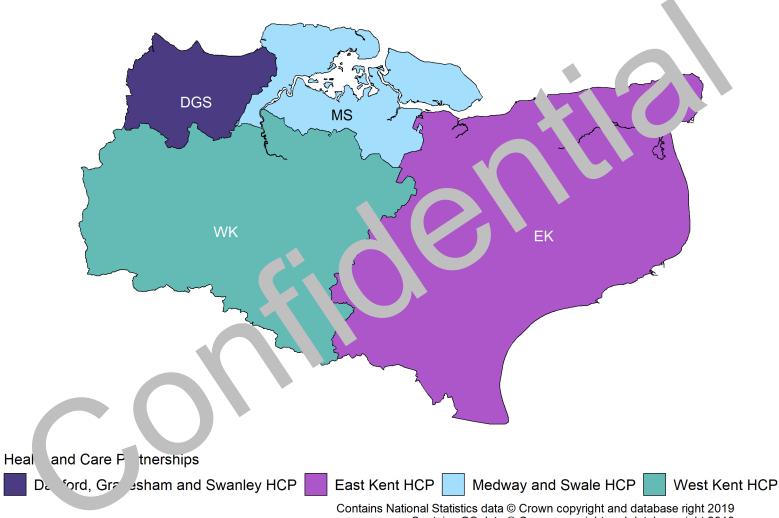
Purpose

Profiles have been created for each of the Health and Care Partnerships (HCPs) in the Kent and Medway (KM) Integrated Care System (ICS).

- 1) Dartford, Gravesham and Swanley (DGS)
- 2) East Kent (EK)
- 3) Medway and Swale (MS)
- 4) West Kent (WK)

The aim of the profiles is to allow comparison between each of the HCPs and identify priority areas to focus work.

Kent and Medway HCPs



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Rationale

The profiles contain six sections, which are based on key themes identified in the NHS Long Term Plan.

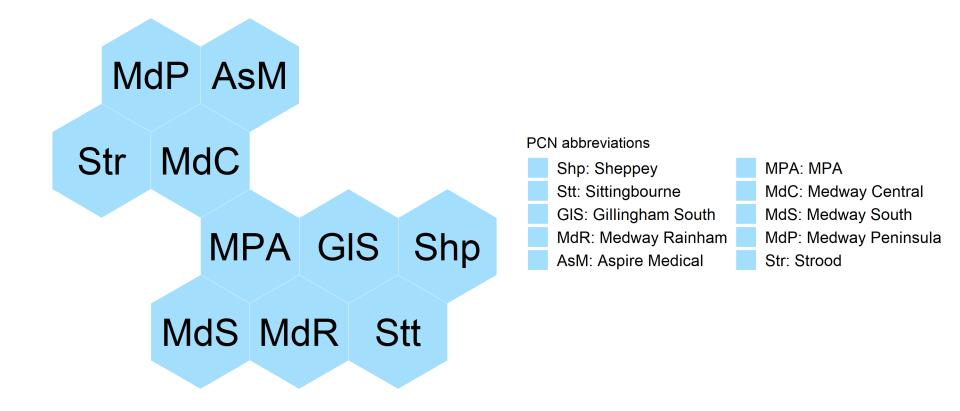
- 1) Demographics
- 2) Wider Determinants
- 3) Prevention and Health Inequalities
- 4) Best Start in Life
- 5) Major Health Conditions
- 6) Ageing Well

Key stakeholders were consulted to identify the indicators that should be included.

Due to limitations in the available data, some indicators could not be included for all the priorities identified at this time.

PCN hex map explained

- Some slides contain a hex map, which displays the indicator value at PCN level.
- Each hexagon represents a PCN, arranged according to its relative geography within the HCP.



Number grid explained

- Some slides contain a number grid, which displays the indicator value at different levels of geography.
- England, Kent and Medway ICS, HCP, and small area.
- The small area type displayed depends on the data available for the indicator.

| HCP value | England value |
|-------------------|------------------|
| | ICS value |
| Small area values | Time period |

 Either District & Unitary Authority (UA) or former Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG).

Small areas

- District & UA and former CCG data have been mapped to the HCP boundaries as per the table below.
- Caveat: District & UA data does not align with the HCP areas exactly.
- For the purpose of this profile, data for whole District & UAs have been assigned to the HCP where the majority of residents reside.

| Health and Care Partnership | District & Unitary Authority | Former Clinical Commissioning Group |
|---------------------------------|--|---|
| Dartford, Gravesham and Swanley | Dartford; Gravesham | Dartford, Gravesham and Swanley CCG |
| East Kent | Ashford; Canterbury; Dover; Folkestone and Hythe; Thanet | Ashford CCG; Canterbury and Coastal CCG; South Kent Coast CCG; Thanet CCG |
| Medway and Swale | Medway; Swale | Medway CCG; Swale CCG |
| West Kent | Maidstone; Sevenoaks; Tonbridge and Malling; Tunbridge Wells | West Kent CCG |

Small areas continued

- Data at several small area levels has been used as building blocks to calculate the PCN values: 2011 Lower Super Output Area (LSOA), 2020 wards, general practice and school.
- LSOAs have a defined geographical boundary. On average the population is about 1,700 people so they can be thought of as representing a neighbourhood. There are 1,065 2011 LSOAs within Kent and Medway.
- LSOAs and wards were assigned to PCNs on a first passed the post basis,
 e.g. LSOAs or wards were mapped to PCNs based on which PCN has the highest count of registered patients living in that LSOA/ward.
- School level data was assigned to PCNs based on the ward the school was located in. Only primary and nursery school data was used as this more likely reflects the child profile of the local area due to the larger catchment areas of secondary schools.

HCP value and comparison

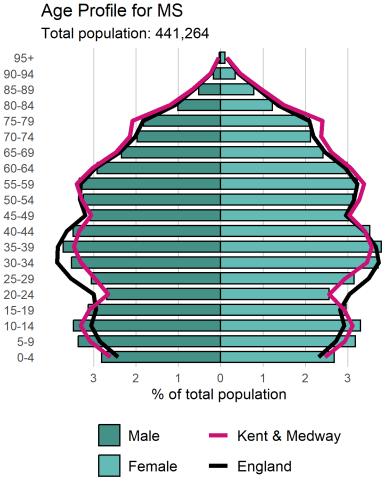
- The HCP values have been calculated from either LSOA, ward, general practice, school, District & UA or CCG level data using one of two methods:
- 1) Aggregated data: HCP values are created from aggregated counts and denominators, where data is available.
- 2) Population weighted average: HCP values are created by averaging values from smaller areas, considering each group's population size.
- A RAG rating (red, amber, green) has been applied to the majority of indicators to show how well an area is performing compared to a benchmark (England). The RAG rating is assigned by comparing an area's value to a reference range, which was created using either confidence intervals (CIs) or a range around the England average (usually 5%). Green corresponds to a value that is better than England, red to a value that is worse, and amber indicates that there is no difference.
- Where it is inappropriate to label high or low values as 'better' or 'worse', for example osteoporosis prevalence, the terms 'higher' and 'lower' have been used with neutral colouring: magenta and aqua. Such labelling does not imply that high values of these indicators, for example, are 'worse'.
- An indicator is shaded grey where it is inappropriate to apply a RAG rating due to the methods used in the calculation or the count is less than 10.

Accessibility

- All plots contain alternative text (alt text), which describes the plot and, where
 possible, includes values. To access the alt text: Right-click an image, and
 then select View Alt Text. This will open the Alt Text pane.
- Shapes have been used to communicate meaning when the colour palette may not be accessible. For instance, a RAG rating (red, amber, green) is used for most indicators to show how well an area is performing compared to a benchmark. Green represents better performance, amber represents similarity, and red signifies worse performance. Additionally, shapes are also used to communicate this information, where a circle signifies better performance, a square represents similarity, a triangle indicates worse, and a diamond signifies there has been no comparison.

DEMOGRAPHICS

Population



Source: NHS Digital. Patients Registered at a GP Practice. 01Feb2024

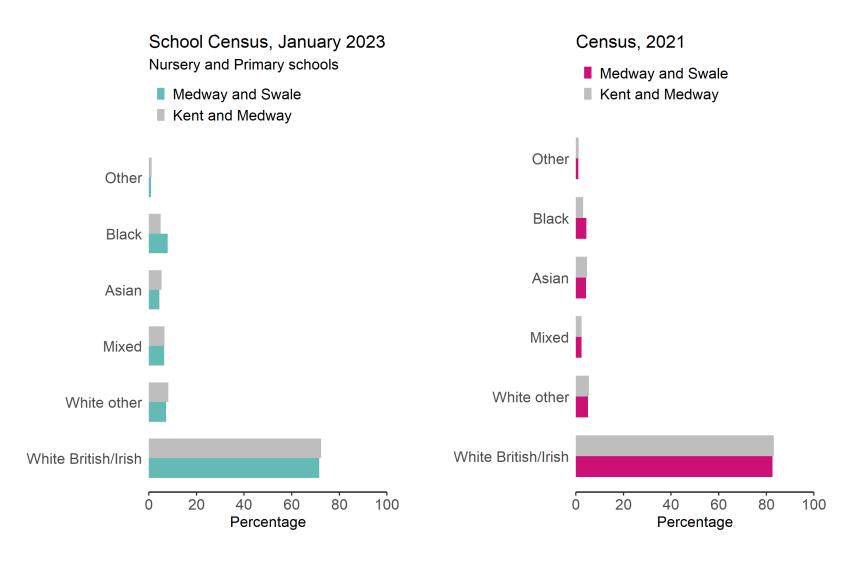
Projected population for MS Percentage change from 2018 60 Percentage change 0 Years 2018 to 2035 Age group

Source: ONS. Population projections for local authorities. 2018 based.

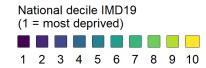
45-64 - 85+

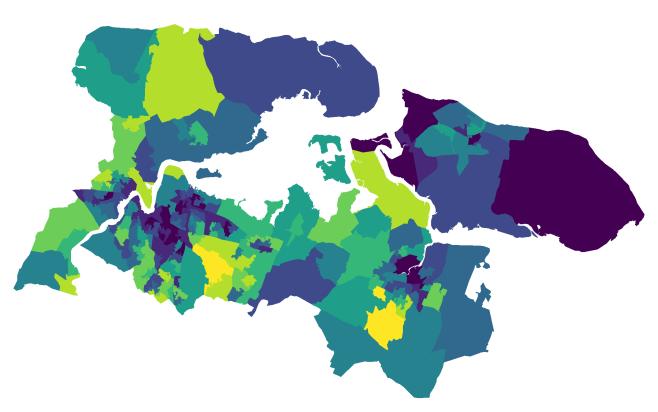
Note: Population projections have been calculated by aggregating the local authority districts assigned to the HCP.

Ethnicity



Deprivation

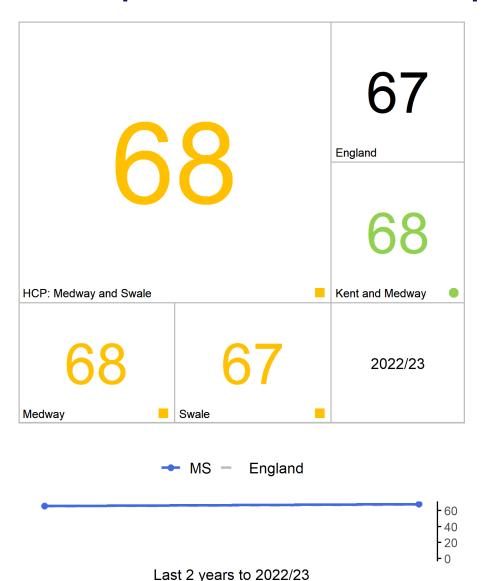


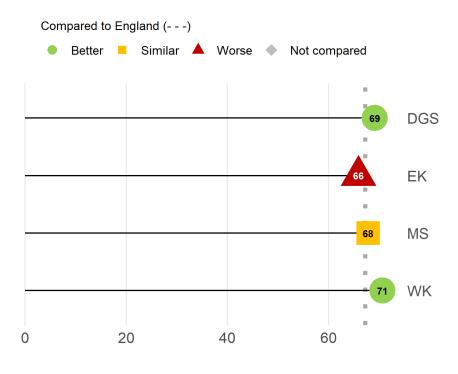


Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government. English indices of deprivation 2019
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WIDER DETERMINANTS

School readiness: Children achieving a good level of development at the end of Reception





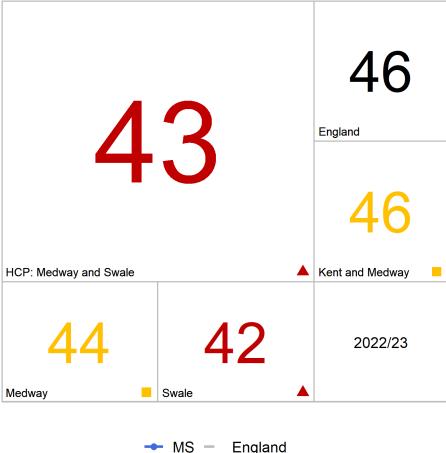
The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

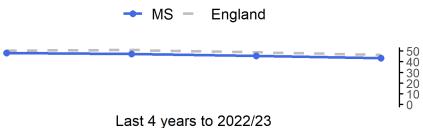
Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2022/23.

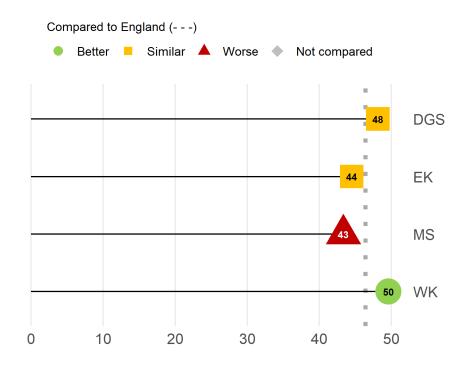
Source: Department for Education, EYFS Profile.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Local authority district.

Average Attainment 8 score







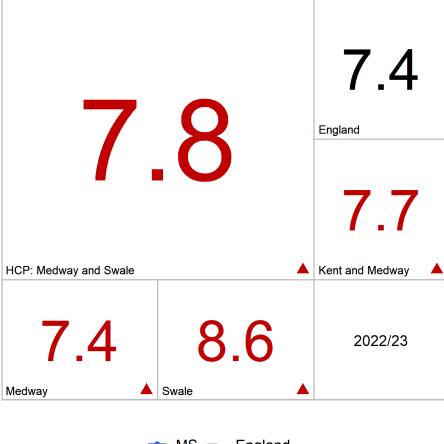
The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

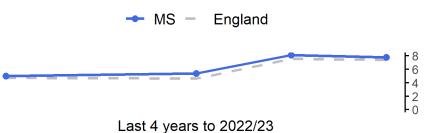
Value type: Mean score. Latest time period: 2022/23.

Source: Department for Education, Key stage 4 performance.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Local authority district. RAG method: England plus/minus 5%.

Pupil absence







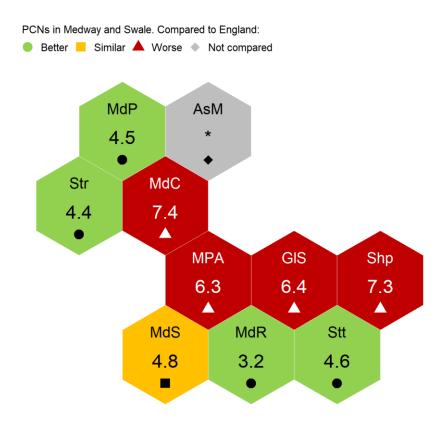
The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2022/23.

Source: Department for Education, Pupil abscence.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Local authority district.

Unemployment (Percentage of the working age population claiming out of work benefit)



Trend data not available.

* Due to difficulties with the varied geographies covered by the practices in Aspire Medical PCN, it is not possible to estimate values for this PCN using ward level data at this time.



The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2021/22.

Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93097.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Ward to PCN.

Children in relative low income families (under 16s)



Trend data not available.



The rate in Medway and Swale is better than England.

Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2021/22.

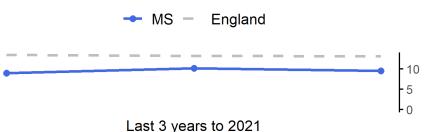
Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93700.

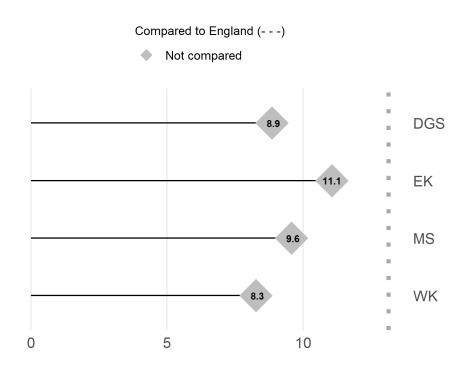
Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2023).

Fuel poverty (low income, low energy efficiency methodology)







Medway and Swale cannot be compared to England statistically.

Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2021.

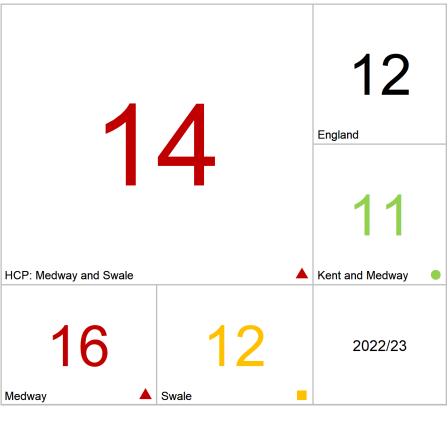
Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93759.

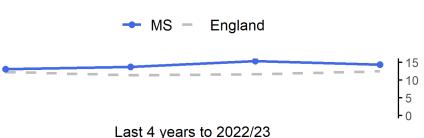
Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2023).

RAG method: None applied.

Homelessness: households owed a duty under the Homelessness Reduction Act







The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Crude rate - per 1,000.

Latest time period: 2022/23.

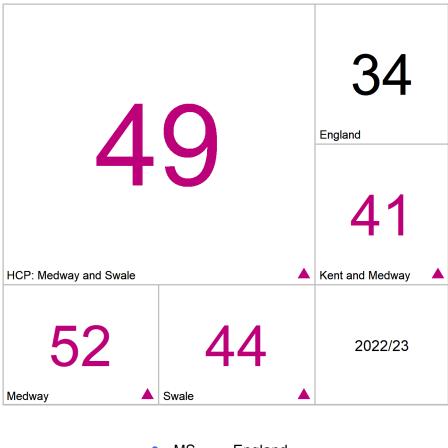
Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93736.

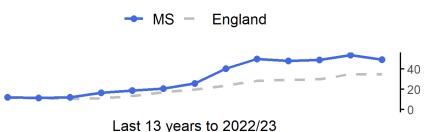
Value calculation: Aggregated data.

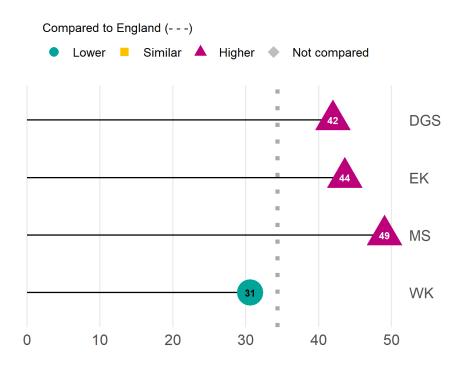
Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2023).

RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Byar's method.

Violent crime - violence offences per 1,000 population







The rate in Medway and Swale is higher than England.

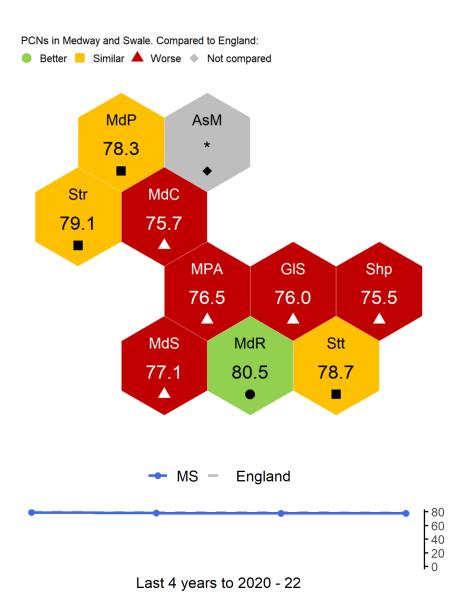
Value type: Crude rate per 1,000. Latest time period: 2022/23.

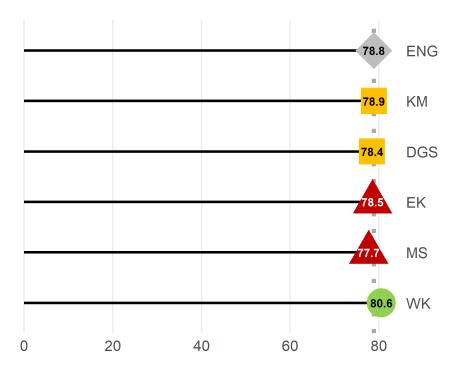
Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 11202. Value calculation: Population weighted average. Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2023).

RAG method: England plus/minus 5%.

PREVENTION AND HEALTH INEQUALITIES

Life expectancy at birth (Male)





The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Years.

Latest time period: 2020 - 22.

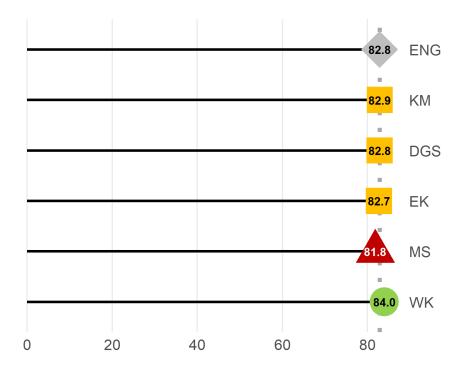
Source: Primary Care Mortality Database (PCMD), Indicator ID: 90366.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Ward to PCN.

RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Chiang method.

Life expectancy at birth (Female)





The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Years.

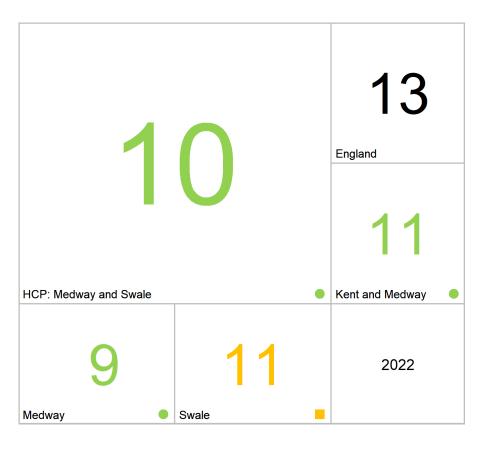
Latest time period: 2020 - 22.

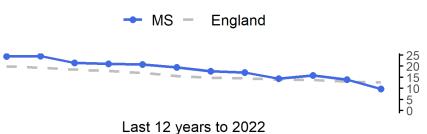
Source: Primary Care Mortality Database (PCMD), Indicator ID: 90366.

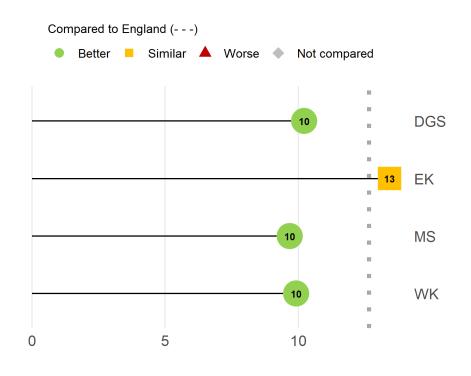
Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Ward to PCN.

RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Chiang method.

Smoking Prevalence in adults (18+) - current smokers (APS)







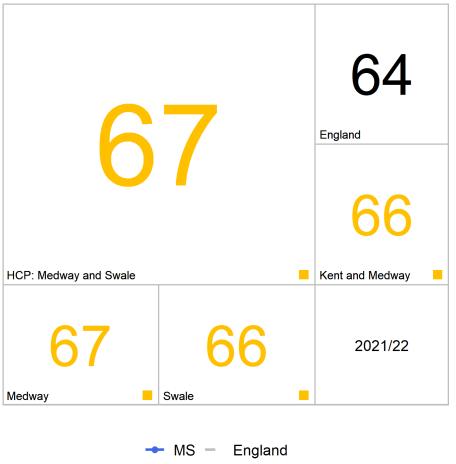
The rate in Medway and Swale is better than England.

Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2022.

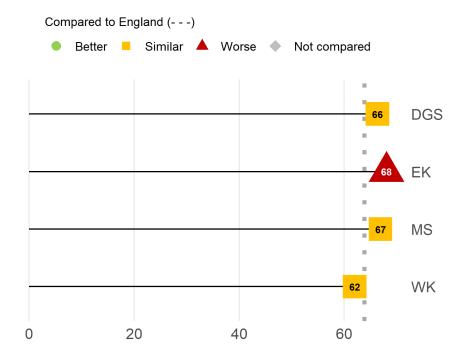
Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 92443. Value calculation: Population weighted average. Small area type: Districts & UAs (2021/22-2022/23).

RAG method: England plus/minus 10%.

Percentage of adults (aged 18 plus) classified as overweight or obese







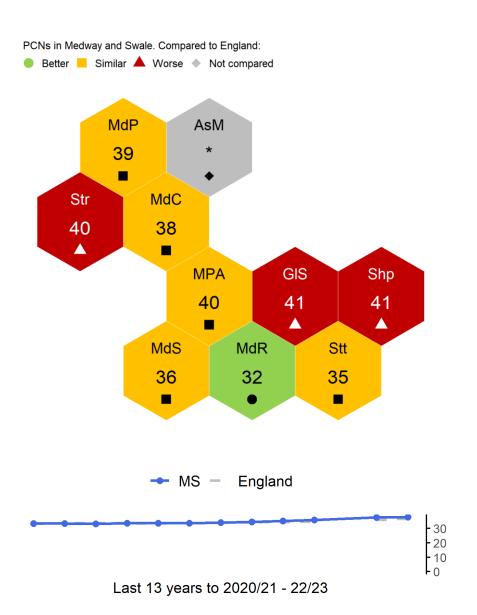
The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

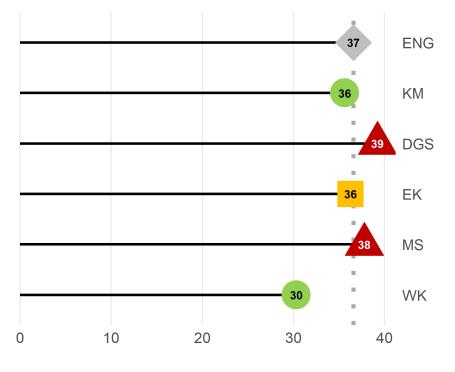
Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2021/22.

Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93088. Value calculation: Population weighted average. Small area type: Districts & UAs (2021/22-2022/23).

RAG method: England plus/minus 5%.

Children with excess weight Year 6, three year average





The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Proportion - %.

Latest time period: 2020/21 - 22/23.

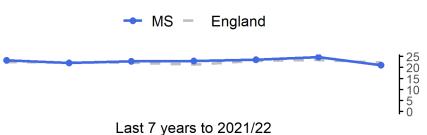
Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93108.

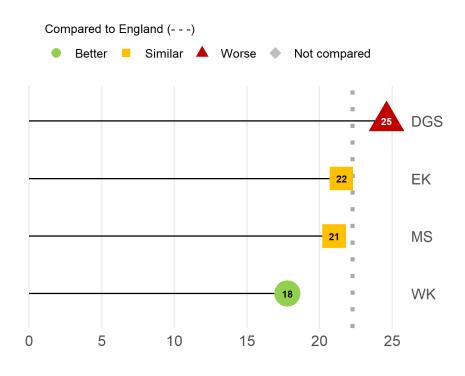
Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Ward to PCN.

RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Wilson Score method.* Due to difficulties with the varied geographies covered by the practices in MPA PCN, it is not possible to estimate values for this PCN using ward level data at this time.

Percentage of physically inactive adults







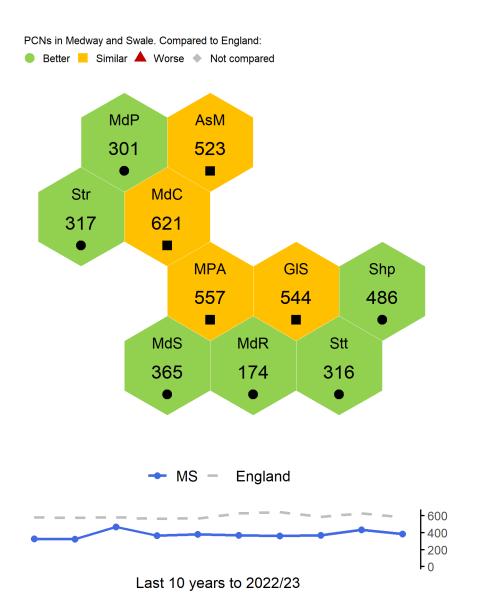
The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

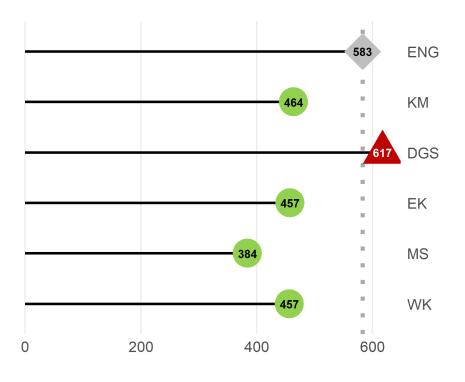
Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2021/22.

Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93015. Value calculation: Population weighted average. Small area type: Districts & UAs (2021/22-2022/23).

RAG method: England plus/minus 10%.

Admission episodes for alcohol-specific conditions





The rate in Medway and Swale is better than England.

Value type: Directly standardised rate per 100,000.

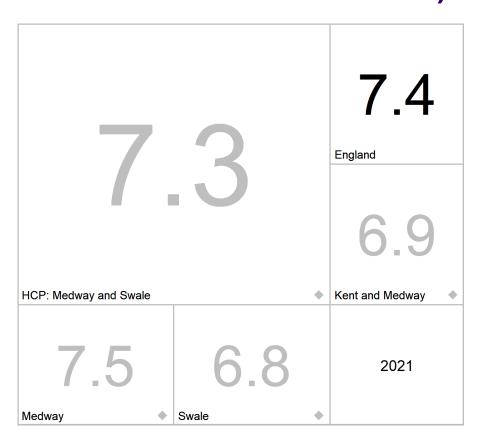
Latest time period: 2022/23.

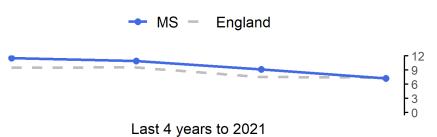
Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.

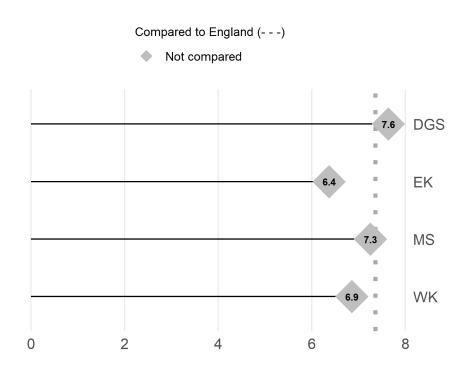
Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: LSOA to PCN.

RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Dobson's method.

Air pollution: fine particulate matter (new method - concentrations of total PM2.5)







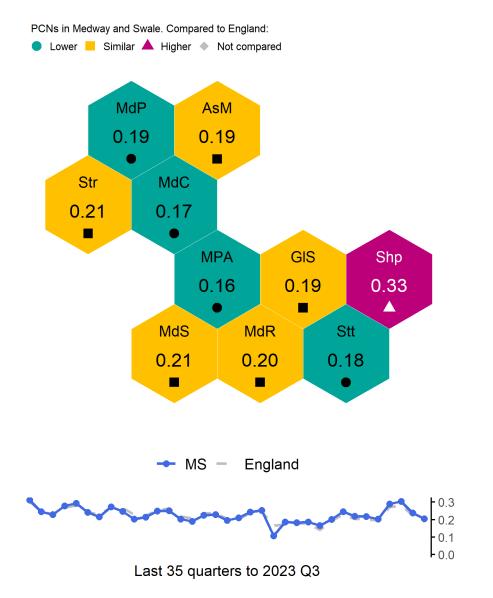
Medway and Swale cannot be compared to England statistically.

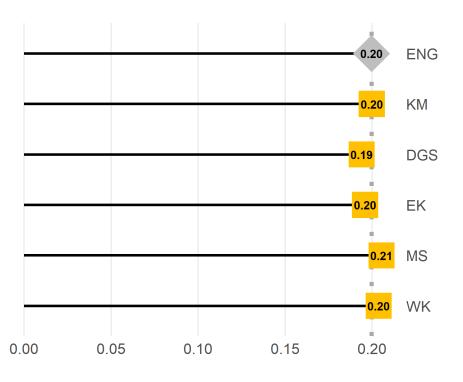
Value type: Mean - μg/m3. Latest time period: 2021.

Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93867. Value calculation: Population weighted average. Small area type: Districts & UAs (2021/22-2022/23).

RAG method: None applied.

Total number of prescribed antibiotic items per STAR-PU





STAR-PU: Specific Therapeutic group Age-sex weightings Related Prescribing Unit

The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

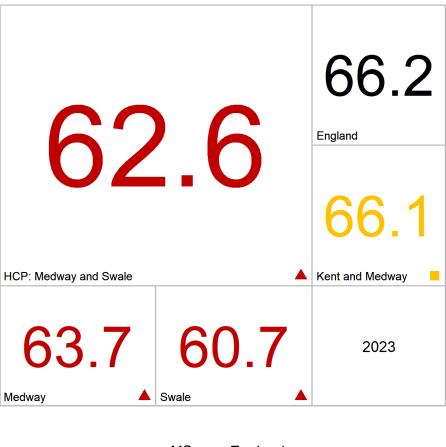
Value type: Indirectly standardised ratio - per STAR-PU.

Latest time period: 2023 Q3.

Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 91900. Value calculation: Population weighted average.

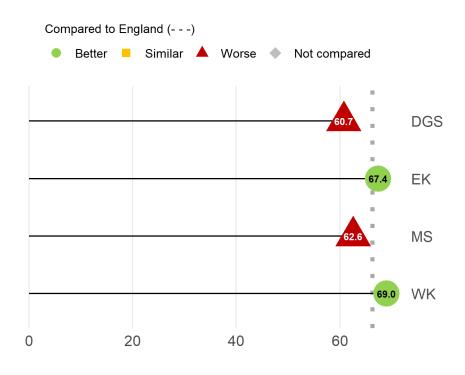
Small area type: Practice to PCN. RAG method: England plus/minus 5%.

Breast cancer screening coverage (females aged 50-70)





Last 14 years to 2023



The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

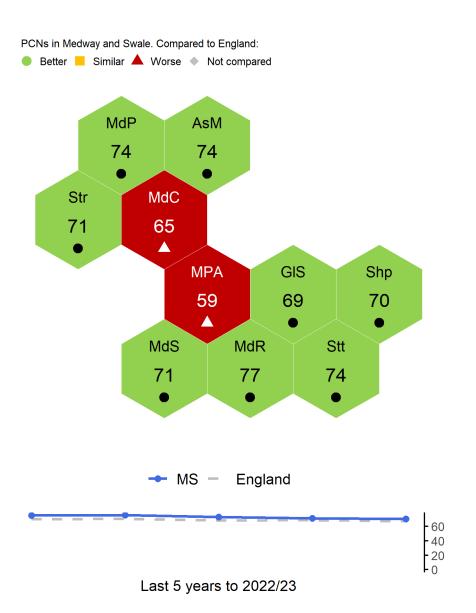
Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2023.

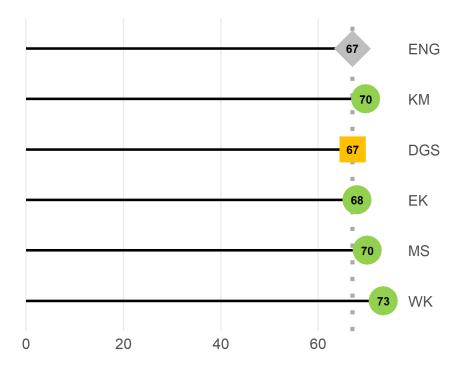
Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 22001.

Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2023).

Cervical cancer screening coverage (females aged 25-49)





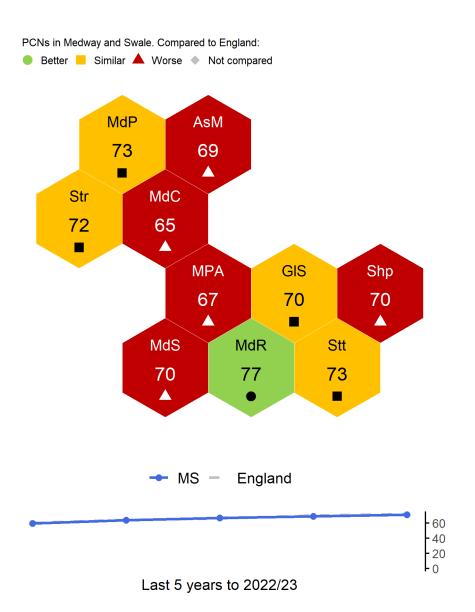
The rate in Medway and Swale is better than England.

Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2022/23.

Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93725.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Practice to PCN.

Bowel cancer screening coverage (persons aged 60-74)





The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2022/23.

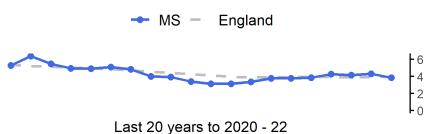
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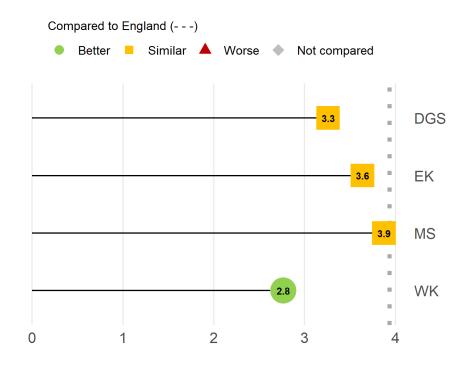
Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Practice to PCN.

BEST START IN LIFE

Infant mortality rate







The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

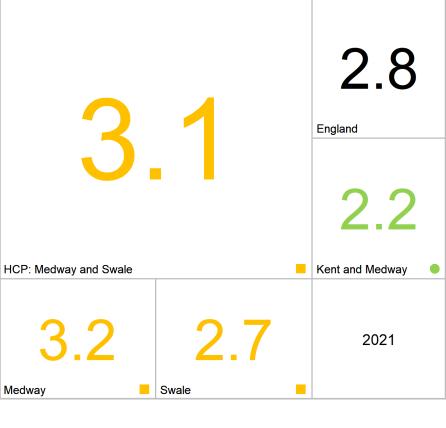
Value type: Crude rate - per 1,000. Latest time period: 2020 - 22.

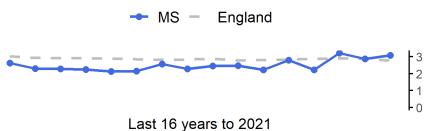
Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 92196.

Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2023).

Low birth weight of term babies







The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

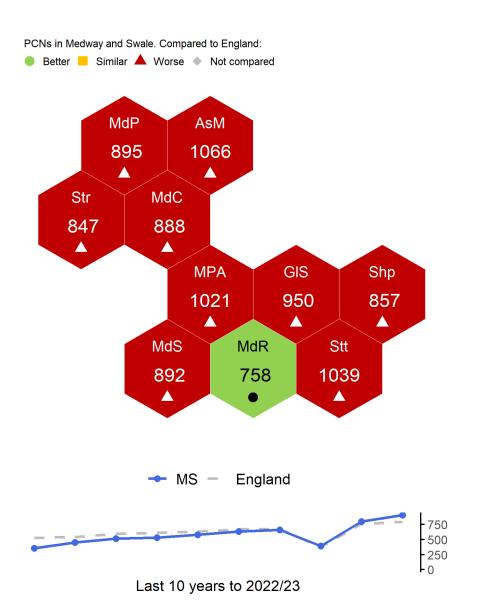
Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2021.

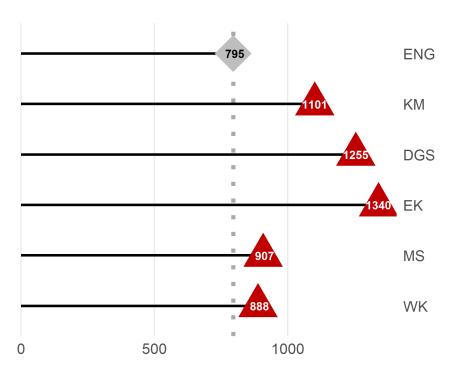
Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 20101.

Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: Districts & UAs (2021/22-2022/23).

AE attendances (0-4 years)





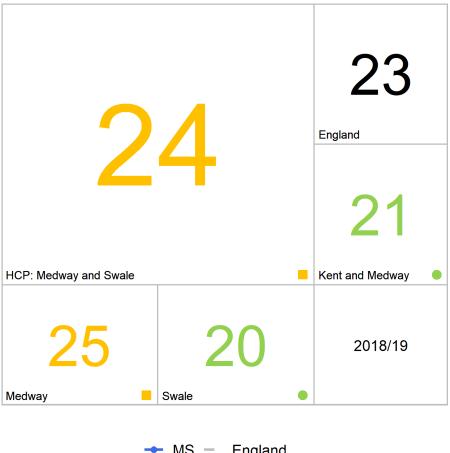
The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

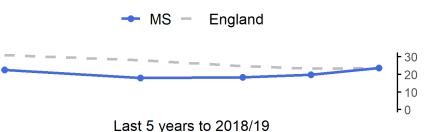
Value type: Crude rate per 1,000. Latest time period: 2022/23.

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: LSOA to PCN.

Percentage of 5 year olds with experience of visually obvious dental decay







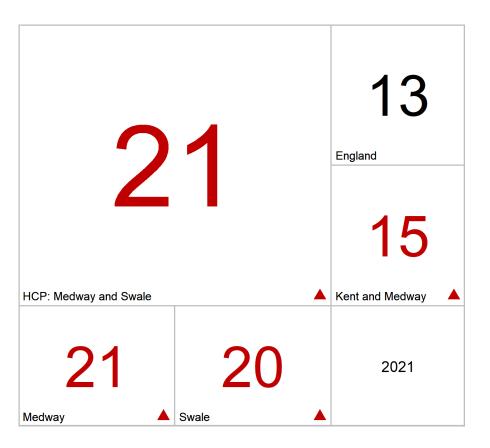
The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2018/19.

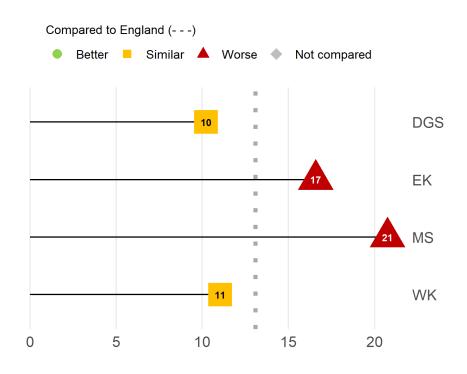
Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 93563. Value calculation: Population weighted average. Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2023).

RAG method: England plus/minus 10%.

Under 18s conception rate / 1,000



Trend data currently not available



The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Crude rate - per 1,000.

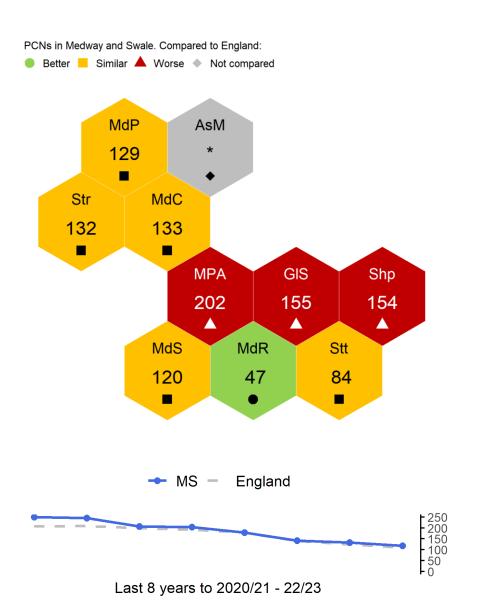
Latest time period: 2021.

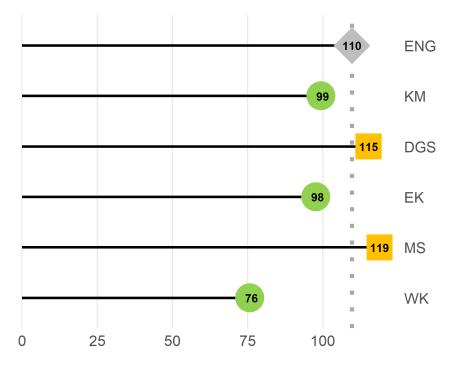
Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 20401.

Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: Districts & UAs (2021/22-2022/23). RAG method: Confidence interval (95%) - Byar's method.

Emergency hospital admissions for asthma (< 19 yrs)





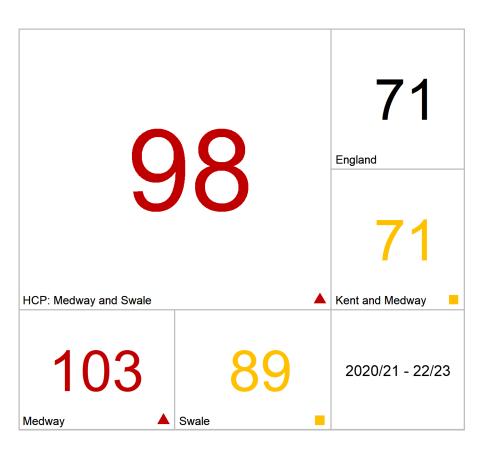
The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

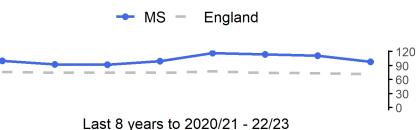
Value type: Crude rate - per 100,000. Latest time period: 2020/21 - 22/23.

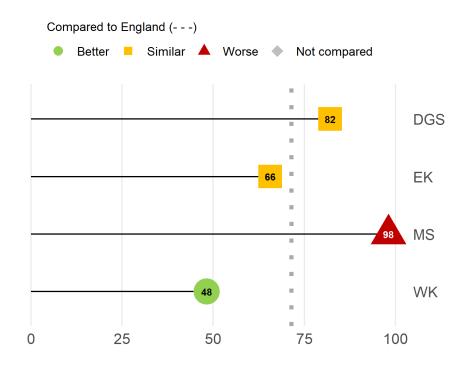
Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: LSOA to PCN.

Emergency hospital admissions for epilepsy (< 19 yrs)







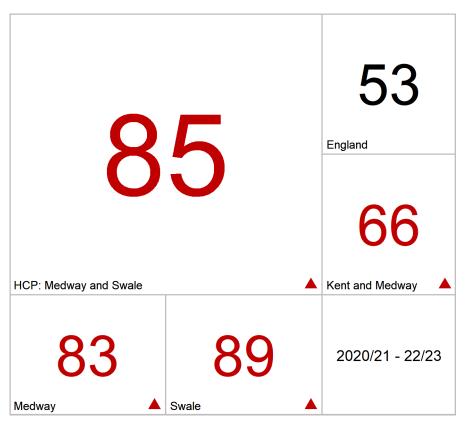
The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

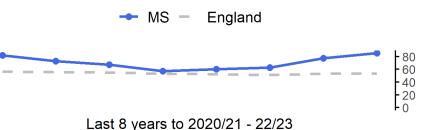
Value type: Crude rate - per 100,000. Latest time period: 2020/21 - 22/23.

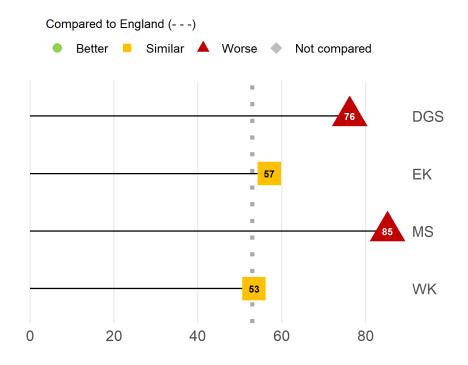
Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: District & UA.

Emergency hospital admissions for diabetes (< 19 yrs)







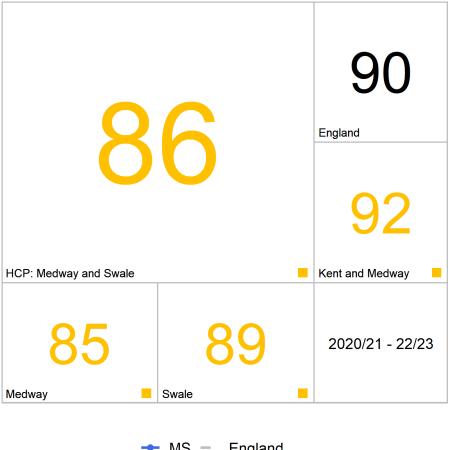
The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

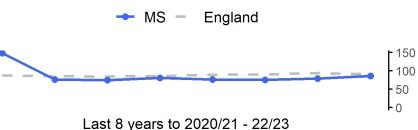
Value type: Crude rate - per 100,000. Latest time period: 2020/21 - 22/23.

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: District & UA.

Hospital admissions for mental health conditions (0-17 years)







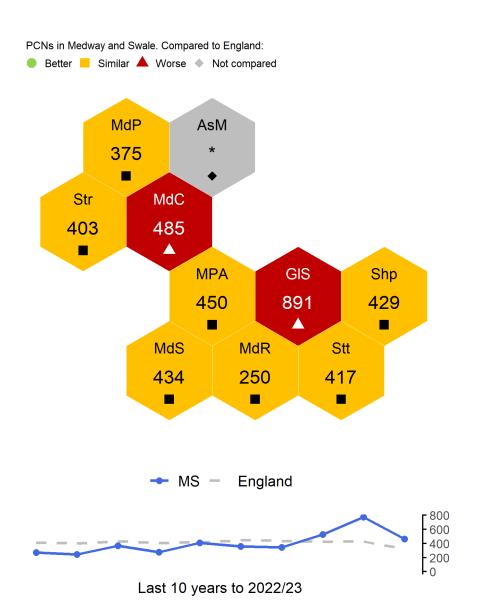
The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

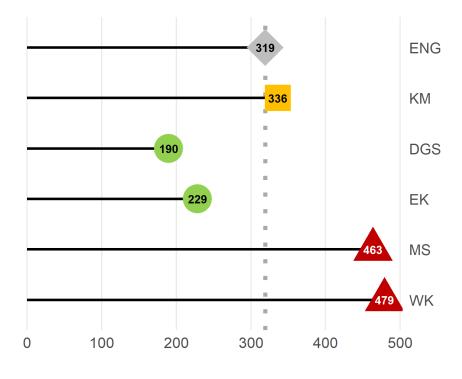
Value type: Crude rate - per 100,000. Latest time period: 2020/21 - 22/23.

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: District & UA.

Hospital admissions as a result of self-harm (10-24 years)





The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

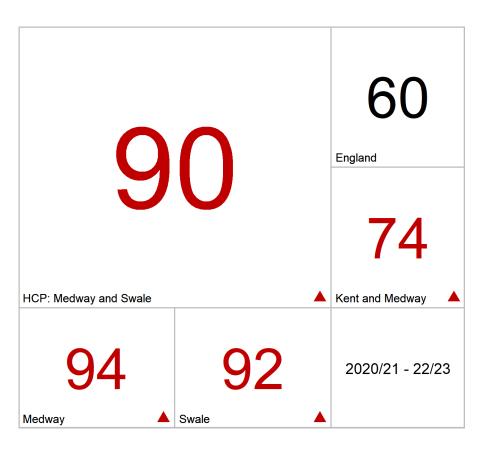
Value type: Directly standardised rate - per 100,000.

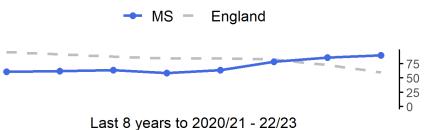
Latest time period: 2022/23.

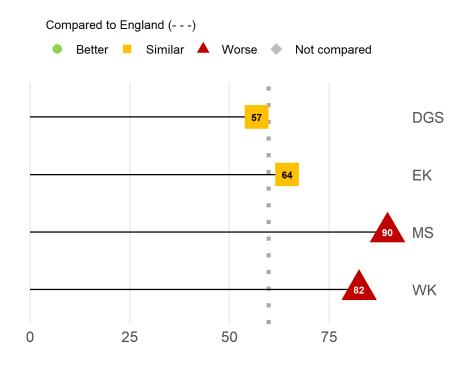
Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: LSOA to PCN.

Hospital admissions due to substance misuse (15-24 years)







The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

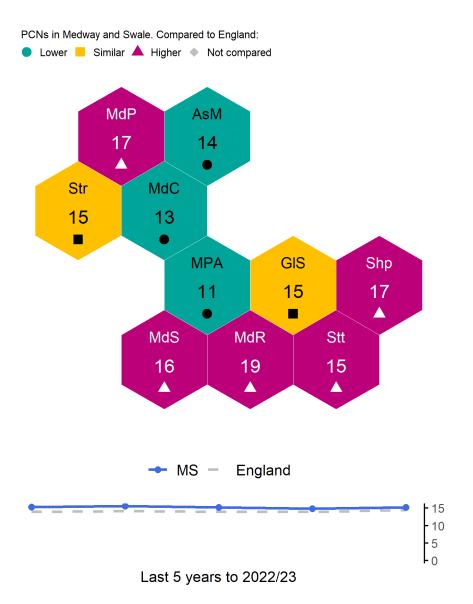
Value type: Crude rate - per 100,000. Latest time period: 2020/21 - 22/23.

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: District & UA.

MAJOR HEALTH CONDITIONS

Hypertension: QOF prevalence (all ages)





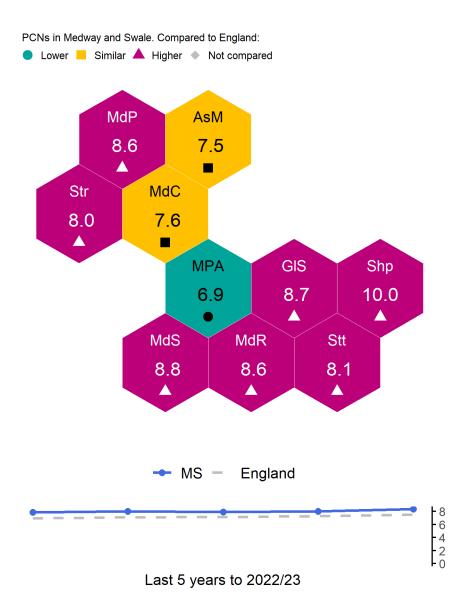
The rate in Medway and Swale is higher than England.

Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2022/23.

Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 219.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Practice to PCN.

Diabetes: QOF prevalence (17+ yrs)





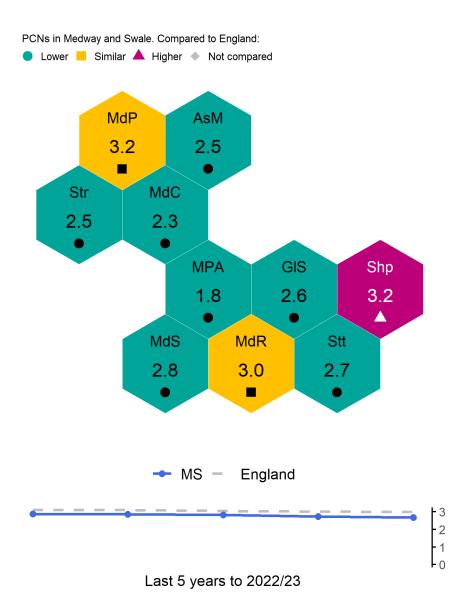
The rate in Medway and Swale is higher than England.

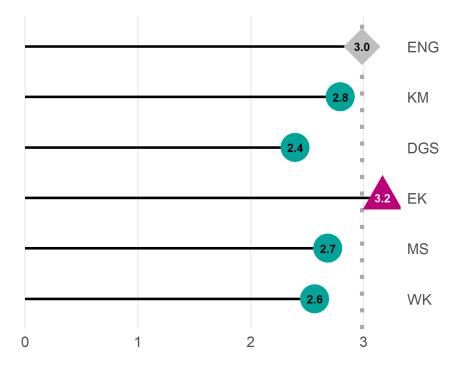
Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2022/23.

Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 241.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Practice to PCN.

CHD: QOF prevalence (all ages)





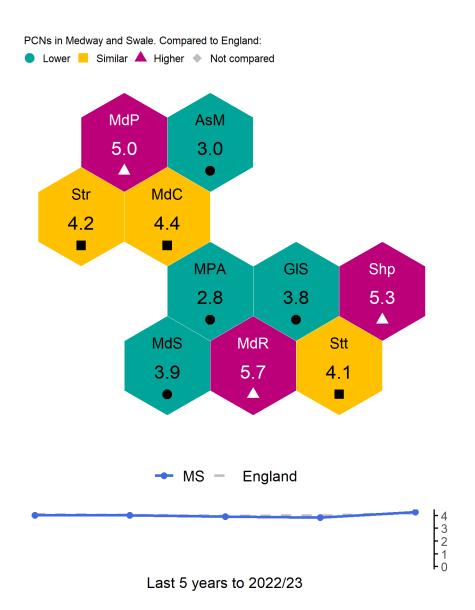
The rate in Medway and Swale is lower than England.

Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2022/23.

Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 273.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Practice to PCN.

CKD: QOF prevalence (18+ yrs)





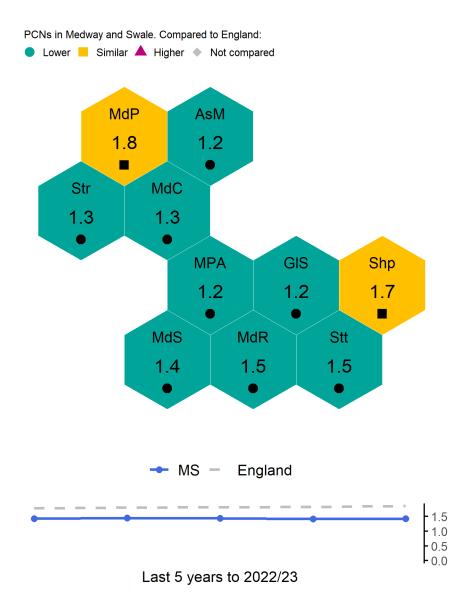
The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

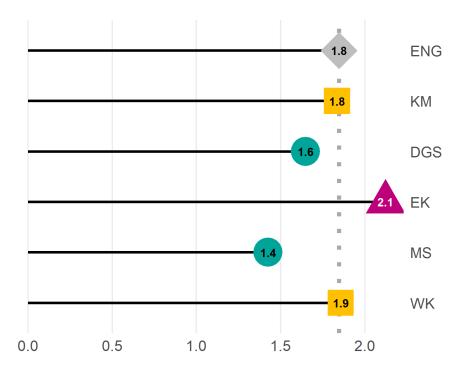
Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2022/23.

Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 258.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Practice to PCN.

Stroke: QOF prevalence (all ages)





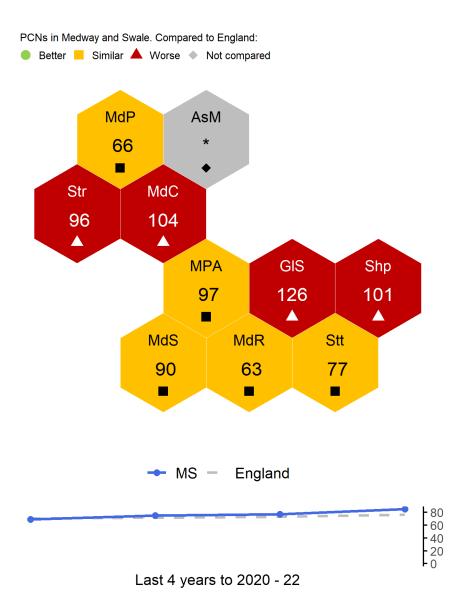
The rate in Medway and Swale is lower than England.

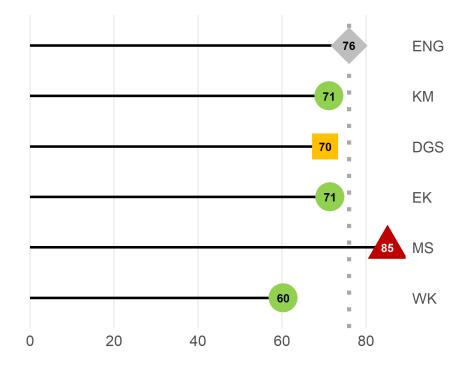
Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2022/23.

Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 212.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Practice to PCN.

Deaths from circulatory disease, under 75 years





The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

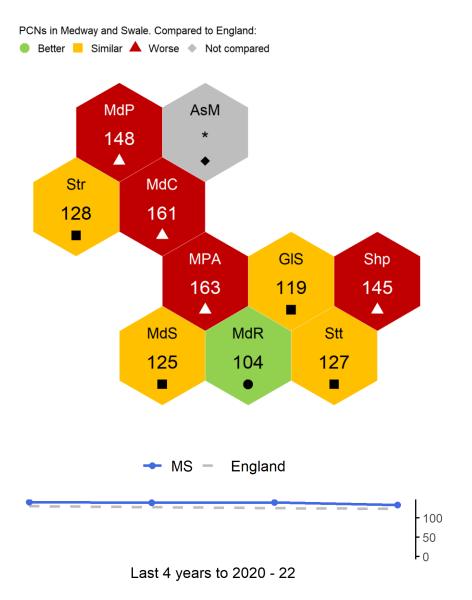
Value type: Directly standardised rate per 100,000.

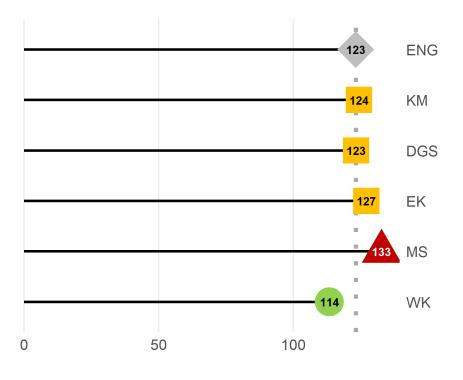
Latest time period: 2020 - 22.

Source: OHID, Fingertips and NHS Digital, PCMD, Indicator ID: 40401.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Ward to PCN.

Deaths from all cancer, under 75 years





The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

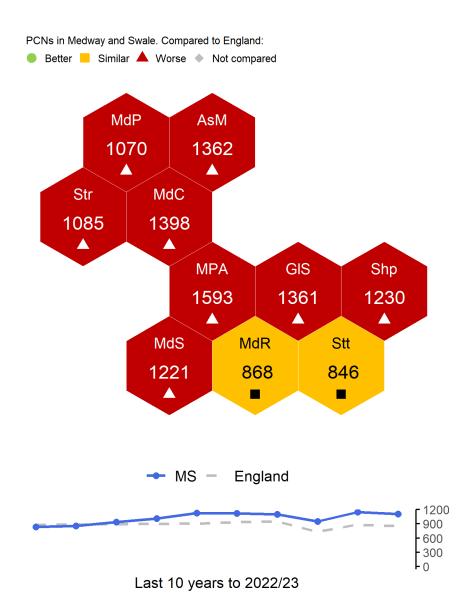
Value type: Directly standardised rate per 100,000.

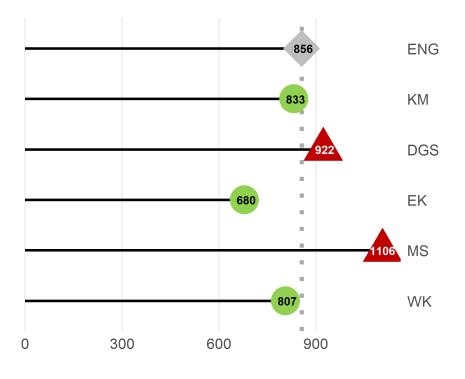
Latest time period: 2020 - 22.

Source: OHID, Fingertips and NHS Digital, PCMD, Indicator ID: 40501.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Ward to PCN.

Unplanned hospitalisation for chronic ACSC





The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

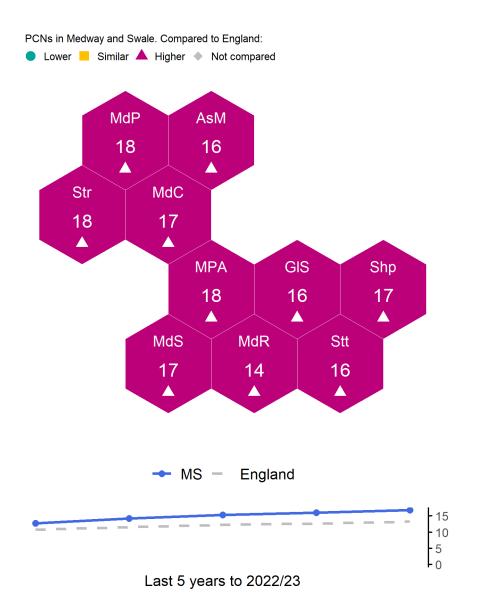
Value type: Directly standardised rate per 100,000.

Latest time period: 2022/23.

Source: Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: LSOA to PCN.

Depression: QOF prevalence (18+ yrs)





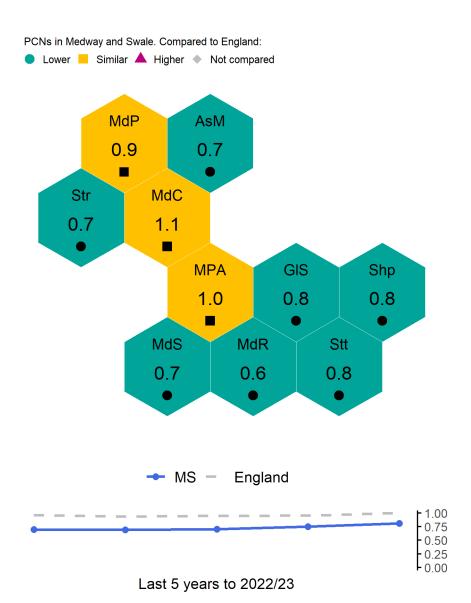
The rate in Medway and Swale is higher than England.

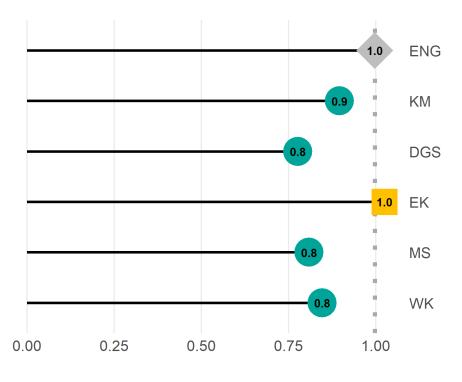
Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2022/23.

Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 848.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Practice to PCN.

Serious Mental Illness: QOF prevalence (all ages)





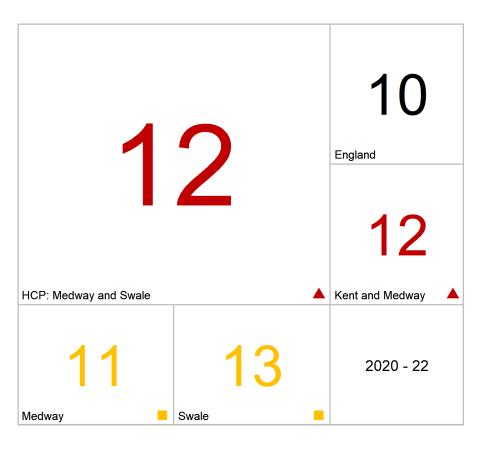
The rate in Medway and Swale is lower than England.

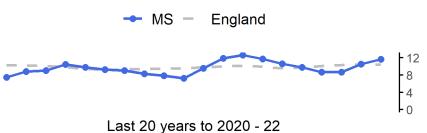
Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2022/23.

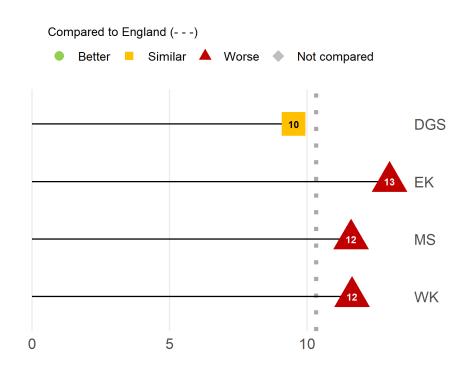
Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 90581.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Practice to PCN.

Suicide rate (Persons)







The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Directly standardised rate - per 100,000.

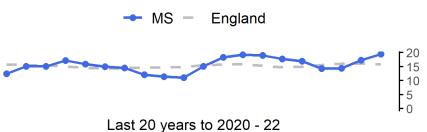
Latest time period: 2020 - 22.

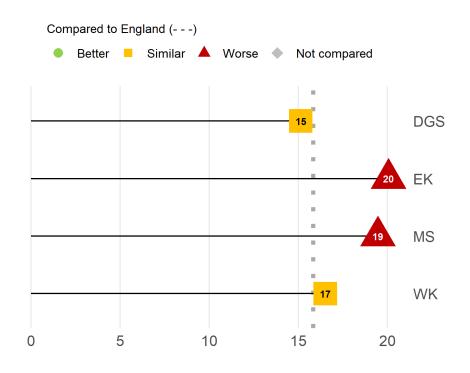
Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 41001. Value calculation: Population weighted average. Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2023).

RAG method: England plus/minus 10%.

Suicide rate (Male)







The rate in Medway and Swale is worse than England.

Value type: Directly standardised rate - per 100,000.

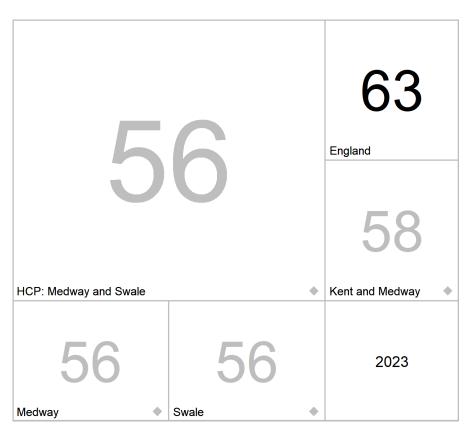
Latest time period: 2020 - 22.

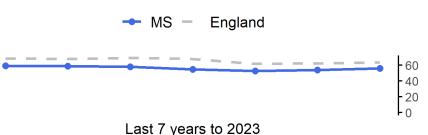
Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 41001. Value calculation: Population weighted average. Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2023).

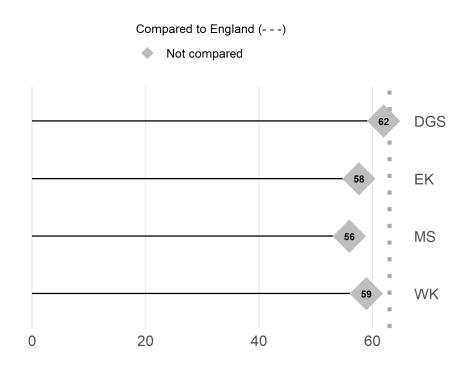
RAG method: England plus/minus 10%.

AGEING WELL

Estimated dementia diagnosis rate (aged 65 and older)







Medway and Swale cannot be compared to England statistically.

Value type: Proportion - %. Latest time period: 2023.

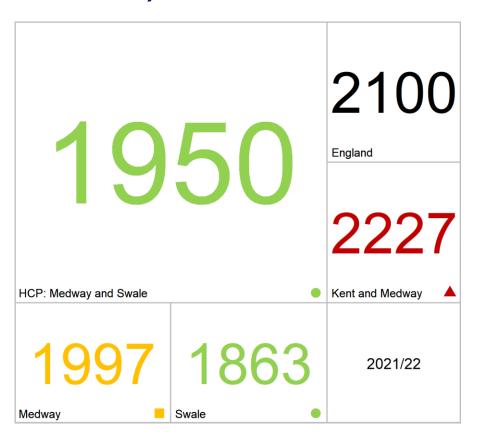
Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 92949.

Value calculation: Aggregated data.

Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2023).

RAG method: None applied.

Emergency hospital admissions due to falls (persons aged 65 and over)



Trend data not available.



The rate in Medway and Swale is better than England.

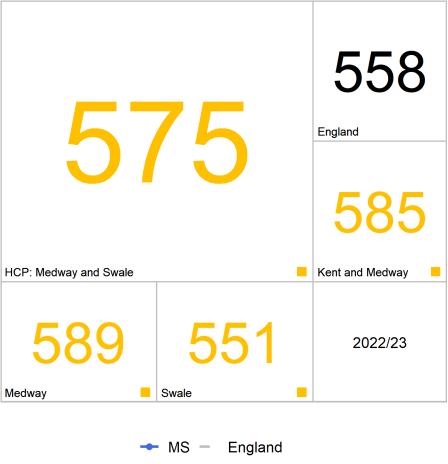
Value type: Directly standardised rate - per 100,000.

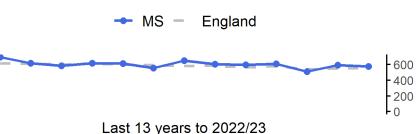
Latest time period: 2021/22.

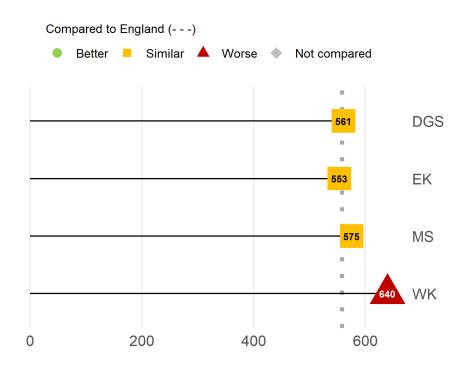
Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 22401. Value calculation: Population weighted average. Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2023).

RAG method: England plus/minus 5%.

Emergency hospital admissions for hip fracture (persons aged 65 and over)







The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

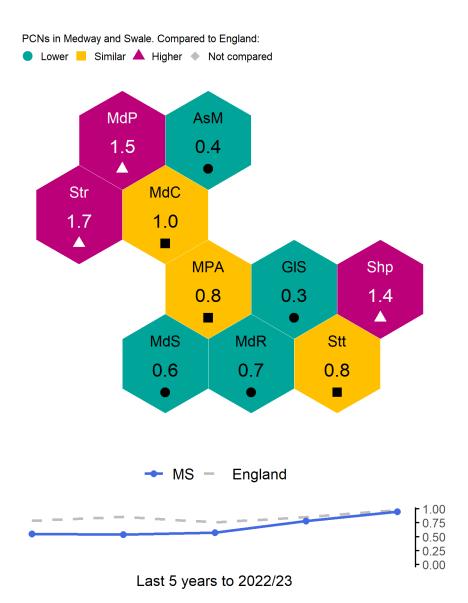
Value type: Directly standardised rate - per 100,000.

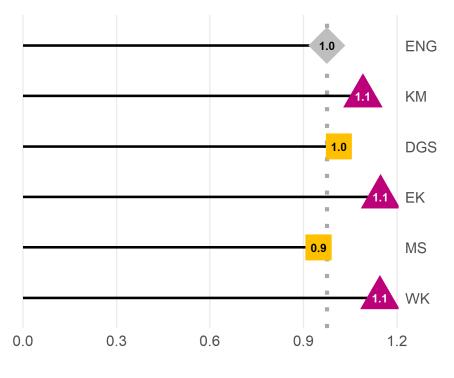
Latest time period: 2022/23.

Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 41401. Value calculation: Population weighted average. Small area type: Districts & UAs (from Apr 2023).

RAG method: England plus/minus 5%.

Osteoporosis: QOF prevalence (50+ yrs)





The rate in Medway and Swale is similar to England.

Value type: Crude rate - %. Latest time period: 2022/23.

Source: OHID, Fingertips, Indicator ID: 90443.

Value calculation: Aggregated data. Small area type: Practice to PCN.