Q4 2022/23 SUMMARY OF RISK PERFORMANCE

Live or Managed risk	Risk Ref	Risk	Inherent Risk Score	Q4 21/22 Current Risk Score	Q1 22/23 Current Risk Score	Q2 22/23 Current Risk Score	Q3 22/23 Current Risk Score	Q4 22/23 Current Risk Score	Move ment	Definition (Current score) (L-likelihood) (I-impact)	Owner	Portfolio	Link to Council Plan
L	SR09A	Meeting the needs of Older People and Working Age Adults	Al	BII	BII	BII	BII	BII	→	L – high I – major	Director of People – Children and Adults Services	Adults' Services	People
L	SR03B	Finances	Al	Al	Al	Al	Al	Al	→	L – very high I – catastrophic	Chief Finance Officer	Leader	All Values
L	SR46	Medway's Economic Recovery from Covid19	BII	BII	BII	BII	BII	BII	→	L – high I – major	Assistant Director Regeneration	Leader	All Values
L	SR36	Alternative service delivery models	BII	BIII	BIII	BIII	BIII	BIII	→	L – high I – moderate	Assistant Director Regeneration, Chief Operating Officer	Leader	All Values
М	SR37	Cyber Security	Al	Al	Al	CI	CI	CI	→	L – significant I – catastrophic	Chief Information Officer	Resources	All Values
М	SR32	Data and information	BII	CII	CII	CII	CII	CII	→	L – significant I – major	Director of People, Assistant Director Legal & Governance, Chief Information Officer	Resources	All Values
F	SR49	Income Reduction due to Covid19	Al	CII	CII	CII	CII	CII	→	L — significant I — major	Chief Finance Officer	Leader	All Values
M		Business continuity and emergency planning	CI	DII	DII	DII	DII	DII	→	L – low I – major	Director of Place and Deputy Chief Executive, Chief Organisational Culture Officer	Business Management	All Values
L	TBC	Recruitment and Retention	BII	CII	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	L – significant I – major	Chief Organisational Culture Officer	Business Management	All Values
L	TBC	MedPay review	All	BII	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	L – high I – major		Business Management	All Values

Q4 2022/23 RISKS

Risk Ref	Risk	Inherent risk (before controls)	Current Controls	Current risk (after controls)	Proposed / Further Controls / Treatment Action	Target risk (after further action)
SR09A	Meeting the needs of Older People and Working Age Adults	Al	 SR09A.01: Recruit to workforce vacancies (both Adult Social Work teams and Business Ops and Provider Services) Social Worker vacancies continue to be an issue across the sector. We are struggling to recruit permanent posts and so therefore reliant on agency staff. The Guardian campaign was not quite as successful as we hoped. We have had to review some non-social work professional posts pay ranges to attract permanent staff, which has been successful. SR09A.02: Working with strategic partners to establish integrated working. 	BII	Capital investment opportunities to help manage demand. Service redesign in terms of outcomes. Working with providers as we emerge from Covid19 – improving relationships etc. Focus on staff wellbeing and engagement. Work closely with the Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) and partners regarding Discharge to Assess funding.	CII

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			Work has been paused on 7 day working until such time a greater need can be generated. • SR09A.03: Maintain strong relationships with providers. The communication channels with Care Providers are well embedded and in constant use. These channels are not by ASC only, but by system partners such as Chief Nurse, IPC leads, and by internal departments such as Public Health and Housing. The communication we have with Providers has been a contributory factor in the recovery of the Home Care sector. • SR09A.04: Map and monitor intelligence across the market. We have the following tools in place to ensure that we are monitoring data and intelligence across the market. • Medway Care Portal. • Monthly Provider Forums. • Daily review of the tracker. • Dedicated email inbox. • Weekly newsletter. • Collaborative relationships with specialist groups i.e., Complex Dementia, Care Home Group, Aging Well, Kent County Council (KCC) Commissioning team, Health and Care Partnership and the Integrated Care System Commissioners, and Association of Directors of Adult Social Services (ADASS) focus groups. • SR09A.05: Review and adjust service levels and placement costs as appropriate. We continue to see a noticeable increase in the amount we are paying to secure both long- and short-term residential placements. We are finding that the cheapest residential bed is between £850-£1000 per week, and this was on average previously £500 per week. Capacity for older peoples nursing and nursing dementia beds remains a challenge. The review of 147 has been concluded and several service users have moved on and are utilizing services within the community. Teams are better utilized across both sites. Securing services for service users with poor mental health is challenging and where provision can be found they are expensive in comparison to previous prices. • SR09A.06: Unmet Need of Court of Protection COP3 Mental Capacity Assessments		We will proactively work with individuals, families, and other agencies to help people who have experienced illhealth or crisis to recover as quickly as possible, reducing their ongoing needs and helping them return home. We will increase independence and self-care for service users, which allows them to control their care through an increase in the use of Assistive Technology where appropriate. An Adult Social Care Transformation & Improvement Programme has been introduced to drive the ASC Strategy's aims and objectives.	
SR03B	Finances	Al	 SR03B.01: Need to ensure effective response to the spending review, but also lobbying for greater local powers to raise revenues. The Government has made it clear that the sector should expect to see a continuation of single year settlements for some time yet. SR03B.02: Align priorities and activity of the council to resource availability through the MTFS process. 	Al	The key to improving the effectiveness of the council's financial planning and management is to address the uncertainty around future funding and improve the forecasting of cost pressures. The failure of central government to articulate how it intends to ensure the sustainability of local government has made this task virtually impossible, however the Finance Management	CIII

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			The Council agreed a balanced budget in February, underpinned by some risky assumptions and challenging targets, however the real issue is the overspend forecast for 2022/23, which is expected to make a significant dent in general reserves. • SR03B.03: Create resources for investment priorities. The Council has availed itself of the flexible use of capital receipts to fund transformation and both the Children's and Adults improvement programmes, however the lack of a pipeline of capital receipts means this opportunity is drying up. • SR03B.04: Delivery of digital transformation programme. A complete 'digital road map' is being developed for sign-off by the Transformation Board in the new financial year.		team continue to work closely with colleagues within the Planning and Regeneration teams with a view to more accurately projecting future council tax and business rates. Recent global events continue to cause farreaching impacts, not least on the council's financial sustainability, and has exacerbated how challenging it is to project future resources. However, it has also offered an opportunity and impetus to review the types of services we offer and the way we provide them.	
SR46	Medway's Economic Recovery from Covid19	BII	 SR46.01: Multi-agency Economy Cell and Infrastructure for Recovery established including liaison with the Kent Resilience Forum Economic Recovery Cell Reviewed but no update required this quarter. SR46.02: Delivery of government-directed financial support to businesses and individuals Reviewed but no update required this quarter. SR46.03: Reopening High Streets Safely Reviewed but no update required this quarter. SR46.04: Supporting Medway's businesses. Reviewed but no update required this quarter. SR46.05: Supporting residents' skills and employability. Reviewed but no update required this quarter. SR46.06: Review Medway Council's Strategy base, and resultant regeneration and other programmes to ensure clarity of focus on delivery of economic growth. Reviewed but no update required this quarter. SR46.07: Continue to lobby government to maximise support and opportunities for Medway. The Investment Plan to access £1.8m SPF has been approved by Government with year 1 projects underway. Rural England Prosperity Fund £400k allocation SPF addendum was submitted in December and awaits a response. 	BII	 Commercial moves out of London – Medway as an attractive place to locate and do business. Rise in working from home / associated decline in commuting means residents spend more leisure and social time and money locally. Innovation Park Medway (IPM) plans reshaped to support the post-Covid19 economy. Opportunity to significantly advance digital inclusion for workers, learners and service users across Medway. 	CII
SR36	Alternative service delivery models	BII	 SR36.01: Robust options appraisals, and detailed business cases prepared SR36.02: Project management approach to implementation SR36.03: Communication and stakeholder management SR36.04: Sound legal and procurement advice on chosen delivery model SR36.05: Robust scrutiny / oversight mechanisms to ensure clear corporate understanding SR36.06: Reporting from and on delivery models with clear outcomes SR36.07: Business continuity arrangements 	BIII	The decision taken by the council in February 2022 to bring back the recruitment agency from Kyndi, whilst representing a challenge for the company, also offers an opportunity to rethink its strategy and focus on growing the telecare and CCTV services. Medway Development Company (MDC) Ltd. has established a subsidiary and is now considering the business case for entering the private rented sector, as a strategy for ensuring its longer-term future. As no new companies are planned in the immediate term, this risk is no longer valid and it is proposed that it	CIII

Risk Ref	Risk	Inherent risk (before controls)	Current Controls	Current risk (after controls)	Proposed / Further Controls / Treatment Action	Target risk (after further action)
					be removed from the Council's strategic risk register and replaced with more specific risks around the existing companies.	,
SR37	Cyber Security	Al	 SR37.01: Secure configuration: Unnecessary functionality has been removed from systems or disabled. SR37.02: Network security: Appropriate architecture and policies are in place. SR37.03: Managing user privileges: System privileges are being carefully controlled and managed. SR37.04: User education and awareness: Measures have been taken to establish a security-conscious culture. SR37.05: Incident management: Effective incident management policies and processes are in place. SR37.06: Malware prevention: Malicious software, or malware, is an umbrella term to cover any code or content that could have a malicious, undesirable impact on systems. Any exchange of information carries with it a degree of risk that malware might be exchanged, which could seriously impact our systems and services. Anti-malware policies and procedures have been implemented. SR37.07: Monitoring: Robust system monitoring takes place. SR37.08: Removable media controls: Appropriate security controls are in place around removable media. SR37.09: Home and mobile working: Under hybrid working, officers are made aware of device security measures. SR37.10. Robust policies and procedures in place: The council is accredited against the Public Service Network (PSN) code of connection criteria. 	CI	This risk has been managed to a target level of acceptable risk and all mitigating actions have been implemented and so it is proposed that this risk be classified as a 'managed risk'. However, due to the ever-present threat of cyber-attacks, and a rapidly changing environment, it is proposed that this risk remains on the Council's strategic risk register.	CI
SR32	Data and information Management	BII	 SR32.01: The council has accountability and governance in place for data protection and data security. All designated roles (Senior Information Risk Owner, Caldicott Guardian, Data Protection Officer) all remain in place. Work has begun on the 23/24 DSP Toolkit Submission. The SIGG has been refreshed and relaunched the first meeting was held in March 2023 and it will be chaired by the SIRO supported by the Caldicott Guardian. Digital, Data and Technology (DDaT) Strategy is with the Digital Team to be added to the Medway.gov.uk website in a fully accessible format. The contents of the Digital, Data and Technology (DDaT) Strategy will be covered in the new leadership training framework being rolled out in Q1 2023/24. SR32.05: Staff are supported in understanding their obligations under the National Data Guardian's Data Security Standards Medway Council appropriate staff are asked to undertake training on Data Protection annually, and as part of their induction for new starters. 	CII	Review support for information governance within the organisation. Audit the council's Data Security and Protection (DSP) Toolkit submission internally to ensure continual improvement. Appoint a deputy SIRO. Seeking Public Services Network (PSN) Compliance	DIII

Risk Ref	Risk	Inherent risk (before controls)	Current Controls	Current risk (after controls)	Proposed / Further Controls / Treatment Action	Target risk (after further action)
			 The Head of Technology is booked on to the (ISC)2 Certified Information Systems Security Professional (CISSP) in May 2023. SR32.06: Appropriate policies and procedures are in place to support good information management and security. A policy review was started in March 2023 led by the Information Governance Manager, as part of a self-assessment. Data protection policies are also available to staff through the website. The Medway Council Digital Accessibility Policy has been added to the Meta Compliance system for staff to review, alongside mandatory accessibility training. Acknowledgement of the policy and completion of the training will be monitored by ICT. 			
SR49	Income Reduction due to Covid19	Al	 SR49.01: Priority is being given to structuring our operations to provide customers with confidence about returning to Covid19 compliant facilities and events. SR49.04: A smart parking pilot has been successfully implemented. SR49.05: Enhanced promotion of our Front-Line trading services e.g., weddings, green space sports (tennis, pitch and put, football pitches) SR49.06: Adults' Social Care debt is being proactively but sensitively managed. 	CII	Income has largely returned to pre-Covid19 levels, although there is now a 'hangover' in terms of debt collection, particularly in terms of rental income. Officers are working with tenants and other debtors to recover income due. As this risk has been managed to a target level of acceptable risk and all mitigating actions are in place, it is proposed that this risk be removed from the Council's strategic risk register.	CII
SR02	Business continuity and emergency planning	CI	SR02.01: Continued review and develop the Council's Major Emergency Plan (MEP) including any Lessons Identified The COMAH Plans have been rewritten in line with COMAH Regulations and were published in December 2021. Followed by Exercise Combine 2022 in May 2022 Emergency Centre Training due for 24 May 2023 with Oil Pollution Training July 2023 We have now recruited 30 staff to be volunteers for at least our core function of Emergency Shelter, ongoing training is being provided. SR02.02: Business continuity plans completed to implement the actions. Reviewed but no update required this quarter.	DII	Emergency Planning The Covid19 emergency allowed for a faster solution to the remote working problem. If properly applied, problems like snow and fuel disruption will be eased slightly because of this project. Business Continuity As a result of Covid19, the Corporate Business Continuity Plan and Business Continuity (BC) training will be reviewed to include best practice, lessons learnt, and observations made from the council's response and recovery plans. Cabinet received a paper on the council's Covid19 response on 7 July 2020 and Covid19 recovery on 25 August 2020. Council services refreshed their business continuity plans in October 2020 in preparation for the Covid19 pandemic second wave and European Union (EU) exit by 31 December 2021. Business Support Overview and Scrutiny committee received a paper on 28 January 2021 on the risk environment to consider the wider risk environment facing the council, including the differences between the Corporate Risk Register, business continuity and emergency planning.	DII

Risk Ref	Risk	Inherent risk (before controls)	Current Controls	Current risk (after controls)	Proposed / Further Controls / Treatment Action	Target risk (after further action)
					Cabinet and Business Support Overview and Scrutiny committee received a paper on 30 March 2021 on the council's Covid19 Response and Recovery actions and plans.	

Risk to be added:

Risk Number	Risk	Inherent risk (before controls)	Impact	Current Controls	Current risk (after controls)	Proposed / Further Controls / Treatment Action	Target risk (after further action
NEW	Recruitment and Retention A skilled, qualified, and experienced workforce is essential to deliver services, including statutory services. However, attracting, and retaining staff continues to be a challenge across directorates. National skills shortages in key areas, including social care, planning, legal, building control means increase competition between employers and contribute to the difficulties in filling vacances. Medway's proximity to London, with higher salary and remuneration packages, challenges Medway's packages. Medway staffing establishment is lean in comparison to other Unitary Authorities and roles are broad. These factors are making it more difficult to attract staff and retain staff. Remote working offers the workforce increased flexibility and choice of workplace. Results of Sept 2022 staff survey 58% of colleagues want to stay for at least the next 3 years. 29% want to stay for at least the next year. 8% want to leave within the next 12 months. 4% want to leave asap. Staff turnover data 30% in last 12 months	BII	Lack of experienced staff with specialist skills Low staff morale Loss of productivity through quiet quitting Industrial action impacting service delivery / performance. Reliance on interim and agency staff Budget pressures due to use of agency staff and contractors to fill roles. Inability to perform statutory functions. Inability to meet service demands. Inability to develop and improve service delivery. Impact on delivery of projects to expected time scales. Reputational damage	 10% MedPay Pilot review to: align historical pressures and ensure competitive pay. retain a talented workforce. attract and recruit a skilled workforce. support career progression. Apprenticeship Academy offering: alternative route to employment opportunities for development and career progression Regular engagement with workforce and trade unions Medway's values, behaviours and culture embedded by managers. Annual staff survey to understand staff priorities and inform Engagement Strategy. Promotion of the council's Employee Value Proposition (Our People Promise) highlighting to staff the holistic picture of our full staff reward and benefits package.	CII	 Full rollout of Medpay Review (18 months) Benchmarked pay for all roles aligned to profession with the ability to move to acquire new skills and increase salary. Career pathways to support progression within the Council. Introduction of an additional band (R8) to ensure career opportunities and professional pay levels. Revised performance management approach to ensure skills assessments and career conversations. Introduction of a talent management tool to identify future talent and single points of failure within the workforce (9 Box Grid). Revised Market allowance framework. Leadership and management training for all existing managers and new managers. Revised policies to manage sickness and capability. Review of the onboarding process to ensure speed and quality. Recruitment Strategy Retention Strategy Annual Staff engagement and annual review of the employee engagement strategy. New Council jobs site giving the ability to creatively promote our teams and services and job/career opportunities. Annual pay uplift strategy/medium term uplift plans 	DII

Risk to be added:

Risk Number	Risk	Inherent risk (before controls)	Current Controls	Current risk (after controls)	Proposed / Further Controls / Treatment Action	Target risk (after further action)
TBC	1. Funding: when undertaking market pay comparisons it could identify significant drift in current salaries that Medway pay versus external market and existing salary budgets will be insufficient and the scheme unaffordable And market premia is pensionable, meaning employer contributions are higher	All	Budgets to be built based on midpoint of salary range for accomplished, practised and developing. Financial appraisal (cost modelling) is being undertaken by an accountant that is assigned to the project	BII	Financial appraisal presented to CMT for approval before implementation. Increase salaries in priority areas (hard to recruit/high turnover) first. MTFP process to identify budget pressures. Benchmark against comparators, not the whole market and identify the pay quartile (median) we are positioning ourselves at	CII
	1a. Funding: and/or on assessment majority of role holders are deemed accomplished (C) making the pay model unaffordable.		Presenting briefings to service managers to ensure understanding of the model, engaging them in the setting of the levels. Budgets to be built at the midpoint of the salary range.		Train managers, ensure understanding of the 3 levels and definitions are clear for both managers and employees	
	 1b. Funding: and/or the profession frameworks are costly to achieve (e.g. obtaining qualifications, releasing staff to be trained, etc) 2. Engagement: this change programme affects everyone across the council and implementation will be staggered. Challenge to ensure everyone understands the change, everyone can see the reason and benefits of change, everyone implements the change consistently, the change is perceived as fair and transparent now and, in the future. 		Established a communications and engagement group as part of the project. Utilise employee forums such as Medway Makers		Train managers on options available, promote development options of learning to employees to inform them of ways in which they can access the options Need to test that the communication is reaching all levels of the organisation, obtain feedback and respond to questions and concerns. Ensure a variety of communication methods are adopted to ensure the greatest reach — Medspace page, briefing sessions, regular CMT comms, service manager need to know, EMC etc Be open and transparent. MedPay Champions group	
	2a. Engagement: hindered by the NJC pay award				Updated MedPay FAQ's	

		Educate managers on the pay protocol process through the Leadership Programme
3. Service Delivery: productivity / output is affected as those in later phases feel unfairly rewarded	Feedback mechanisms in place via Medway Makers, staff survey and staff forums so that feelings and concerns can be addressed	Increase opportunities for issues to be discussed, such as drop-in sessions. Consider immediate changes to current Medpay scheme, for example, no levels and pay COLA (Cost of Living Award) only, or allocate PRP (Performance Related Pay) funds across the whole organisation as previously done during covid.
		Additional resources secured for phase 2 to accelerate implementation.
4. Employee's expectations: employees are expecting a salary increase because of this pay review and/or a	Establishing a communications and engagement group as part of the project	Train managers.
move backwards to incremental pay	engagement group as part of the project	Ensure details of the 3 levels are clearly disseminated to staff; run drop-ins and engagement sessions.
5. Collective agreement: (if required) is not achieved and to implement the changes we must go through a	Full consultation and engagement with staff and trade unions with a strategy behind it.	Utilise MedPay Champions Ensure JCC and Employment Matters Committee are engaged in the process.
process of dismissal and re-engagement	Ensure the project plan allows enough time to implement	Committee are engaged in the process.
6. Capacity of project team: project group members are not solely assigned to this project and are from across the council not just within HR. Demands from	Funding secured for a designated project manager and project coordinator.	Reprioritise HRBP work to ensure project takes precedence.
service areas to support with BAU (Business as Usual)	Additional resource secured at HRBP (Human Resources Business Partner) level	Review HRBP job description
	Monitor demands such as organisational change on the HRBP's	Communicate the changes in priority of this role as required by the organisation to deliver this project.
	Established a Strategic Working Group	Review resource needs for phase 2 and phase 3 in a timely manner and ensure built
	Regular feedback loop into CMT	into budget setting process.
		Additional fixed term posts for 1 year to support delivery of phase 2
7. Recruitment and retention: continue to be an issue over the phases of the project due to length of time to implement	Focusing on high turnover areas in phase 1	Establish a mechanism for monitoring turnover levels and recruitment difficulties so that timely action / intervention can be taken

8. Political priorities: change in leadership and local councillors due to the election may impact upon the drivers for change and leadership priorities may change	Engagement with political leaders at CMT (Corporate Management Team) level	Member induction to ensure councillors fully briefed
anvers for onange and leadership phonaes may shange	Employment Matters Committee	Establish a mechanism for briefing new leaders
	Opposition briefings	Delegations to the CEO and CMT will ensure
9. Local Economy: downturn in the local economy could affect affordability and alter external market forces dramatically	MTFP processes in place	stability for the project Ensure targets for financial resilience are in place in the Finance & Business Intelligence (FBI) Divisional plan
		Procure a salary benchmarking system to enable comparison with external market
10. Dual pay systems: managing the two pay systems whilst working through the phases of the project and this creating disharmony amongst the workforces	Resourcelink has ability to run different pay systems	Comms strategy being developed to ensure that workforce is informed of reasons for the phasing and engagement forums to be
creating distractions amongst the worklordes	Principles in place with trade unions for a pilot phase	established
11. Dual pay systems: capacity of the HR & Payroll system and the Payroll and HR & Payroll Systems Teams to deliver two pay processes	Resourcelink has ability to run different pay systems	Sub-group of Strategic Working Group to be established to ensure work programming is in place
	Vacancies being recruited to and induction/ training plan in place	Options appraisal required to ascertain cost/benefits of in-house processes as
	Scoping of new processes required in order to inform a specification for ICT and HR & Payroll Systems Teams	opposed to off the shelf solution from Resourcelink or other providers
	Gystems Teams	Work with the Head of HR, ensuring that this work is built into the payroll and HR Systems work plan
12. Evaluation: methods of evaluation and measures of success of the project are not robust enough due to poor or irregular access and time lags in obtaining data that would be of relevance	Possible methods of evaluation identified, and processes are being put in place at project preparation stage for regular monitoring	Project Team to manage the evaluation process and to report into the Strategic Working Group and CMT
13. Measures of success: first cohort does not produce the anticipated	Talent Acquisition Team engagement with project objectives	Development of recruitment and retention strategies and ongoing improvement of the Councils employee benefits offer to
improvements in vacancy or retention rates due to failure to recruit and/or lack of confidence in the MedPay enhancements.	Comms strategy being developed to ensure that the workforce is informed of the proposed enhancements covering pay, rewards, and	complement the proposed enhancements to MedPay
	career pathways	Introduction of the Medway Leadership Programme
14. Timescale for implementation: a lot of processes, frameworks, governance, systems etc to establish in phase 1 within a tight timeframe	Project plan road map, action log and risk register	Identify support required from other 'experts' across the council and secure their commitment to the project via CMT and FBI
	Recruiting to vacant posts	

15. Staff Absence impacting upon capacity to deliver the project: Sickness absence and planned holidays of project team members and wider contributors to the project creating delays in project delivery	Workload plans reviewed regularly and work re-allocated to others in the team.	In the case of wider contributors such finance support and job evaluation, back-up arrangements will need to be identified
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