Q4 2022/23 SUMMARY OF RISK PERFORMANCE

| Live or Managed risk | Risk Ref | Risk | Inherent Risk Score | Q4 21/22 Current Risk Score | Q1 22/23 Current Risk Score | Q2 22/23 Current Risk Score | Q3 22/23 Current Risk Score | Q4 22/23 Current Risk Score | Move ment | Definition (Current score) (L-likelihood) (I-impact) | Owner | Portfolio | Link to Council Plan |
|----------------------------|----------|--|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--------------|---|---|--|----------------------------|
| L | | Failure to meet the needs of children and young people | BII | BII | BII | BII | BII | BII | → | L – high I – major | | Children's Services, and Education & Schools | People |
| L | SR39 | Financial Pressures on SEN Budgets | BII | BII | BII | BII | BII | BII | → | L – high I – major | Assistant Director Education and SEND | Children's Services, and Education & Schools | People |
| L | SR03B | Finances | Al | Al | Al | Al | Al | Al | → | L – very high I – catastrophic | Chief Finance Officer | Leader | All Values |
| L | SR46 | Medway's Economic Recovery from Covid19 | BII | BII | BII | BII | BII | BII | → | L – high I – major | Assistant Director Regeneration | Leader | All Values |
| L | SR36 | Alternative service delivery models | BII | BIII | BIII | BIII | BIII | BIII | → | L – high I – moderate | Assistant Director Regeneration, Chief Operating Officer | Leader | All Values |
| M | SR37 | Cyber Security | Al | Al | Al | CI | CI | CI | → | L – significant I – catastrophic | Chief Information Officer | Resources | All Values |
| M | SR32 | Data and information | BII | CII | CII | CII | CII | CII | → | L – significant I – major | Director of People, Assistant Director Legal & Governance, Chief Information Officer | Resources | All Values |
| F | SR49 | Income Reduction due to Covid19 | Al | CII | CII | CII | CII | CII | → | L — significant I — major | Chief Finance Officer | Leader | All Values |
| M | | Business continuity and emergency planning | CI | DII | DII | DII | DII | DII | → | L – low I – major | Deputy Chief Executive, Chief Organisational Culture Officer | Business Management | All Values |
| L | | Recruitment and Retention | BII | CII | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | L – significant I – major | Chief Organisational Culture Officer | Business Management | All Values |
| L | TBC | MedPay review | All | BII | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | L – high I – major | | Business Management | All Values |

Q4 2022/23 RISKS

| Risk Ref | Risk | Inherent risk (before controls) | Current Controls | Current risk (after controls) | Proposed / Further Controls / Treatment Action | Target risk (after further action) |
|-------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| SR09B | Failure to meet the needs of children and young people | | SR09.18: Ensure a stable and competent workforce. As of 28 February 2023, the vacancy rate for social work qualified roles increased to 30.60% (84.53fte). The agency rate reduced to 29.73% (81.10fte). This figure includes the social work bank team and project teams. Medway continues to promote roles across Jobs Go Public and the | BII | Rethink services and ways of working with families. Managing demand for services. Management of foster care and the residential market. Medium term financial sustainability. Finalise and implement refreshed practice standards. | DIII |

| Risk Ref | Risk | Risk (before controls) Current Controls | | | | Current risk (after controls) | Proposed / Further Controls / Treatment Action further action) | |
|-------------|------|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| | Risk | (before | The report of the fir 2023 was published remain relentless ir families in Medway inspection and has increasing demand inspection under the preparations are unand quality of praction undertaken by Importance Practice Development of the service to service to service was published. | data was published the South East in Medway 29.4% 26.2% 15.8 19.3% 2.6% ivery of the Impress of Service now of the Impress of the Impress of the Impress of the Impress of Service now of Service n | s shown below South East 18.8% 17.9% 17.3 18.6% 3.0% ovement Plan ring Visit which to and evidenced that prove the experient progress since the addressing the coultment and retent ork is likely to be introng focus on important and within the serve which includes all and dip sampling, argeted improvement land within the serve which includes all and dip sampling, argeted improvement and the sampling argeted improvement argeted improvement argeted improvement and the sampling argeted improvement a | England 20% 17.6% 16.6 17.1% 3.5% ok place in February at senior leaders inces of children and elast ILAC challenges of tion. The renin May or June, and proving consistency Plan continues to be vice. QA activity, is with a feedback loop itent activity where formance clinics for | risk (after | Proposed / Further Controls / Treatment Action risk (after further |
| | | | meeting is being in underway to refine understanding of portion of the Recruitment and rearisk area and the Council has been procommission a team reduce high caselo have been negative assessment service. The service continuous SR09B.20: Ensithe Eden House procession of the service of the service continuous service service continuous service service continuous service continuous service service continuous service service continuous service service continuous service service service continuous service serv | the reporting and erformance. etention of social value is holding proactive in responsion of peripatetic words. Performance ely impacted by himpacted by himpacted by himpacted is ure sufficiency or oject is progression. | vorkers and mana unfilled vacancied inding to this with a rkers and some personal and compliance in the caseloads, particularly and sicknessed by the DFE apport provision. | agers continues to be es, although the agreement to project teams to with key indicators rticularly in the s. pointed adviser. | | |

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|-------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| | | | financial year. The Registered Manager (RM) post and the Deputy manager posts will be advertised in April. Ongoing consultation at Eden House has taken place with Children in care to ensure that the provision is co-designed. Conversations with Ofsted are underway around timelines and advice. Aim is for an Early Autumn launch. | | | |
| SR39 | Financial Pressures on SEN Budgets | BII | SR39.01: SEN budgets are being closely monitored and spend is being reviewed more robustly. Medway Council has signed an agreement with the DfE for the Safety Valve Intervention Programme bid, for the delivery of the High Needs Block (HNB) Deficit Recovery Plan. The LA continues to work on the activities within the plan, which includes working towards greater levels of inclusion of children and young people with SEND in mainstream schools, more effective commissioning processes and arrangements, and, through contractual agreements and work with other LAs, robust management of provision costs and provider fee uplifts. | BII | A revised high needs deficit recovery plan is in place and will take four years for the council to achieve a positive in-year balance. We will keep pressing the Department for Education (DfE) / Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) for the level of financial support made available to the five Local Authorities (LAs) already awarded emergency High Needs Budget (HNB) recovery funding. Medway was notified in February 2022 that we will be invited to take part in the 'safety valve' intervention programme with the DfE in the 2022-23 financial year. The aim of the programme is to agree a package of reform to the high needs system that will bring the dedicated schools grant (DSG) deficit under control. We are currently in conversations with the DfE and ESFA following further details regarding the Safety Valve Intervention Programme (SVIP) and are working to have a High Needs Deficit Recovery Plan by the end of June, to take through the relevant governance route, ahead of the final deadline in September 2022. | DIII |
| SR03B | Finances | AI | SR03B.01: Need to ensure effective response to the spending review, but also lobbying for greater local powers to raise revenues. The Government has made it clear that the sector should expect to see a continuation of single year settlements for some time yet. SR03B.02: Align priorities and activity of the council to resource availability through the MTFS process. The Council agreed a balanced budget in February, underpinned by some risky assumptions and challenging targets, however the real issue is the overspend forecast for 2022/23, which is expected to make a significant dent in general reserves. SR03B.03: Create resources for investment priorities. The Council has availed itself of the flexible use of capital receipts to fund transformation and both the Children's and Adults improvement programmes, however the lack of a pipeline of capital receipts means this opportunity is drying up. SR03B.04: Delivery of digital transformation programme. A complete 'digital road map' is being developed for sign-off by the Transformation Board in the new financial year. | Al | The key to improving the effectiveness of the council's financial planning and management is to address the uncertainty around future funding and improve the forecasting of cost pressures. The failure of central government to articulate how it intends to ensure the sustainability of local government has made this task virtually impossible, however the Finance Management team continue to work closely with colleagues within the Planning and Regeneration teams with a view to more accurately projecting future council tax and business rates. Recent global events continue to cause farreaching impacts, not least on the council's financial sustainability, and has exacerbated how challenging it is to project future resources. However, it has also offered an opportunity and impetus to review the types of services we offer and the way we provide them. | CII |

| Risk Ref | Risk | Inherent risk (before controls) | Current Controls | Current risk (after controls) | Proposed / Further Controls / Treatment Action | Target risk (after further action) |
|-------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| SR46 | Medway's Economic Recovery from Covid19 | BII | SR46.01: Multi-agency Economy Cell and Infrastructure for Recovery established including liaison with the Kent Resilience Forum Economic Recovery Cell Reviewed but no update required this quarter. SR46.02: Delivery of government-directed financial support to businesses and individuals Reviewed but no update required this quarter. SR46.03: Reopening High Streets Safely Reviewed but no update required this quarter. SR46.04: Supporting Medway's businesses. Reviewed but no update required this quarter. SR46.05: Supporting residents' skills and employability. Reviewed but no update required this quarter. SR46.06: Review Medway Council's Strategy base, and resultant regeneration and other programmes to ensure clarity of focus on delivery of economic growth. Reviewed but no update required this quarter. SR46.07: Continue to lobby government to maximise support and opportunities for Medway. The Investment Plan to access £1.8m SPF has been approved by Government with year 1 projects underway. Rural England Prosperity Fund £400k allocation SPF addendum was submitted in December and awaits a response. | BII | Commercial moves out of London – Medway as an attractive place to locate and do business. Rise in working from home / associated decline in commuting means residents spend more leisure and social time and money locally. Innovation Park Medway (IPM) plans reshaped to support the post-Covid19 economy. Opportunity to significantly advance digital inclusion for workers, learners and service users across Medway. | CII |
| SR36 | Alternative service delivery models | BII | SR36.01: Robust options appraisals, and detailed business cases prepared SR36.02: Project management approach to implementation SR36.03: Communication and stakeholder management SR36.04: Sound legal and procurement advice on chosen delivery model SR36.05: Robust scrutiny / oversight mechanisms to ensure clear corporate understanding SR36.06: Reporting from and on delivery models with clear outcomes SR36.07: Business continuity arrangements | BIII | The decision taken by the council in February 2022 to bring back the recruitment agency from Kyndi, whilst representing a challenge for the company, also offers an opportunity to rethink its strategy and focus on growing the telecare and CCTV services. Medway Development Company (MDC) Ltd. has established a subsidiary and is now considering the business case for entering the private rented sector, as a strategy for ensuring its longer-term future. As no new companies are planned in the immediate term, this risk is no longer valid and it is proposed that it be removed from the Council's strategic risk register and replaced with more specific risks around the existing companies. | CIII |
| SR37 | Cyber Security | Al | SR37.01: Secure configuration: Unnecessary functionality has been removed from systems or disabled. SR37.02: Network security: Appropriate architecture and policies are in place. SR37.03: Managing user privileges: System privileges are being carefully controlled and managed. SR37.04: User education and awareness: Measures have been taken to establish a security-conscious culture. | CI | This risk has been managed to a target level of acceptable risk and all mitigating actions have been implemented and so it is proposed that this risk be classified as a 'managed risk'. However, due to the ever-present threat of cyber-attacks, and a rapidly changing environment, it is proposed that this risk remains on the Council's strategic risk register. | CI |

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|-------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| SR32 | Data and information Management | BII | SR37.05: Incident management: Effective incident management policies and processes are in place. SR37.06: Malware prevention: Malicious software, or malware, is an umbrella term to cover any code or content that could have a malicious, undesirable impact on systems. Any exchange of information carries with it a degree of risk that malware might be exchanged, which could seriously impact our systems and services. Anti-malware policies and procedures have been implemented. SR37.07: Monitoring: Robust system monitoring takes place. SR37.08: Removable media controls: Appropriate security controls are in place around removable media. SR37.09: Home and mobile working: Under hybrid working, officers are made aware of device security measures. SR37.10. Robust policies and procedures in place: The council is accredited against the Public Service Network (PSN) code of connection criteria. SR32.01: The council has accountability and governance in place for data protection and data security. All designated roles (Senior Information Risk Owner, Caldicott Guardian, Data Protection Officer) all remain in place. Work has begun on the 23/24 DSP Toolkit Submission. The SIGG has been refreshed and relaunched the first meeting was held in March 2023 and it will be chaired by the SIRO supported by the Caldicott Guardian. Digital, Data and Technology (DDaT) Strategy is with the Digital Team to be added to the Medway.gov.uk website in a fully accessible format. The contents of the Digital, Data and Technology (DDaT) Strategy will be covered in the new leadership training framework being rolled out in Q1 2023/24. SR32.05: Staff are supported in understanding their obligations under the National Data Guardian's Data Security Standards Medway Council appropriate staff are asked to undertake training on Data Protection annually, and as part of their induction for new starters. The Head of Technology is bo | CII | Review support for information governance within the organisation. Audit the council's Data Security and Protection (DSP) Toolkit submission internally to ensure continual improvement. Appoint a deputy SIRO. Seeking Public Services Network (PSN) Compliance | DIII |

| Risk Ref | Risk | Inherent risk (before controls) | Current Controls | Current risk (after controls) | Proposed / Further Controls / Treatment Action | Target risk (after further action) |
|-------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| SR49 | Income Reduction due to Covid19 | Al | SR49.01: Priority is being given to structuring our operations to provide customers with confidence about returning to Covid19 compliant facilities and events. SR49.04: A smart parking pilot has been successfully implemented. SR49.05: Enhanced promotion of our Front-Line trading services e.g., weddings, green space sports (tennis, pitch and put, football pitches) SR49.06: Adults' Social Care debt is being proactively but sensitively managed. | CII | Income has largely returned to pre-Covid19 levels, although there is now a 'hangover' in terms of debt collection, particularly in terms of rental income. Officers are working with tenants and other debtors to recover income due. As this risk has been managed to a target level of acceptable risk and all mitigating actions are in place, it is proposed that this risk be removed from the Council's strategic risk register. | CII |
| SR02 | Business continuity and emergency planning | CI | SR02.01: Continued review and develop the Council's Major Emergency Plan (MEP) including any Lessons Identified The COMAH Plans have been rewritten in line with COMAH Regulations and were published in December 2021. Followed by Exercise Combine 2022 in May 2022 Emergency Centre Training due for 24 May 2023 with Oil Pollution Training July 2023 We have now recruited 30 staff to be volunteers for at least our core function of Emergency Shelter, ongoing training is being provided. SR02.02: Business continuity plans completed to implement the actions. Reviewed but no update required this quarter. | DII | Emergency Planning The Covid19 emergency allowed for a faster solution to the remote working problem. If properly applied, problems like snow and fuel disruption will be eased slightly because of this project. Business Continuity As a result of Covid19, the Corporate Business Continuity Plan and Business Continuity (BC) training will be reviewed to include best practice, lessons learnt, and observations made from the council's response and recovery plans. Cabinet received a paper on the council's Covid19 response on 7 July 2020 and Covid19 recovery on 25 August 2020. Council services refreshed their business continuity plans in October 2020 in preparation for the Covid19 pandemic second wave and European Union (EU) exit by 31 December 2021. Business Support Overview and Scrutiny committee received a paper on 28 January 2021 on the risk environment to consider the wider risk environment facing the council, including the differences between the Corporate Risk Register, business continuity and emergency planning. Cabinet and Business Support Overview and Scrutiny committee received a paper on 30 March 2021 on the council's Covid19 Response and Recovery actions and plans. | DII |

Risk to be added:

| Risk Number | Risk | Inherent risk (before controls) | Impact | Current Controls | Current risk (after controls) | Proposed / Further Controls / Treatment Action | Target risk (after further action |
|----------------|--|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| NEW | Recruitment and Retention A skilled, qualified, and experienced workforce is essential to deliver services, including statutory services. However, attracting, and retaining staff continues to be a challenge across directorates. National skills shortages in key areas, including social care, planning, legal, building control means increase competition between employers and contribute to the difficulties in filling vacances. Medway's proximity to London, with higher salary and remuneration packages, challenges Medway's packages. Medway staffing establishment is lean in comparison to other Unitary Authorities and roles are broad. These factors are making it more difficult to attract staff and retain staff. Remote working offers the workforce increased flexibility and choice of workplace. Results of Sept 2022 staff survey 58% of colleagues want to stay for at least the next 3 years. 29% want to stay for at least the next year. 8% want to leave within the next 12 months. 4% want to leave asap. Staff turnover data 30% in last 12 months | BII | Lack of experienced staff with specialist skills Low staff morale Loss of productivity through quiet quitting Industrial action impacting service delivery / performance. Reliance on interim and agency staff Budget pressures due to use of agency staff and contractors to fill roles. Inability to perform statutory functions. Inability to meet service demands. Inability to develop and improve service delivery. Impact on delivery of projects to expected time scales. Reputational damage | 10% MedPay Pilot review to: align historical pressures and ensure competitive pay. retain a talented workforce. attract and recruit a skilled workforce. support career progression. Apprenticeship Academy offering: alternative route to employment opportunities for development and career progression Regular engagement with workforce and trade unions Medway's values, behaviours and culture embedded by managers. Annual staff survey to understand staff priorities and inform Engagement Strategy. Promotion of the council's Employee Value Proposition (Our People Promise) highlighting to staff the holistic picture of our full staff reward and benefits package. | CII | Full rollout of Medpay Review (18 months) Benchmarked pay for all roles aligned to profession with the ability to move to acquire new skills and increase salary. Career pathways to support progression within the Council. Introduction of an additional band (R8) to ensure career opportunities and professional pay levels. Revised performance management approach to ensure skills assessments and career conversations. Introduction of a talent management tool to identify future talent and single points of failure within the workforce (9 Box Grid). Revised Market allowance framework. Leadership and management training for all existing managers and new managers. Revised policies to manage sickness and capability. Review of the onboarding process to ensure speed and quality. Recruitment Strategy Retention Strategy Annual Staff engagement and annual review of the employee engagement strategy. New Council jobs site giving the ability to creatively promote our teams and services and job/career opportunities. Annual pay uplift strategy/medium term uplift plans | DII |

Risk to be added:

| Risk Number | Risk | Inherent risk (before controls) | Current Controls | Current risk (after controls) | Proposed / Further Controls / Treatment Action | Target risk (after further action) |
|----------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | MedPay Review 1. Funding: when undertaking market pay comparisons it could identify significant drift in current salaries that Medway pay versus external market and existing salary budgets will be insufficient and the scheme unaffordable And market premia is pensionable, meaning employer contributions are higher | All | Budgets to be built based on midpoint of salary range for accomplished, practised and developing. Financial appraisal (cost modelling) is being undertaken by an accountant that is assigned to the project | BII | Financial appraisal presented to CMT for approval before implementation. Increase salaries in priority areas (hard to recruit/high turnover) first. MTFP process to identify budget pressures. Benchmark against comparators, not the whole market and identify the pay quartile (median) we are positioning ourselves at | CII |
| | 1a. Funding: and/or on assessment majority of role holders are deemed accomplished (C) making the pay model unaffordable. | | Presenting briefings to service managers to ensure understanding of the model, engaging them in the setting of the levels. Budgets to be built at the midpoint of the salary range. | | Train managers, ensure understanding of the 3 levels and definitions are clear for both managers and employees | |
| | 1b. Funding: and/or the profession frameworks are costly to achieve (e.g. obtaining qualifications, releasing staff to be trained, etc) | | Promote apprenticeships – use levy funds | | Train managers on options available, promote development options of learning to employees to inform them of ways in which they can access the options | |
| | 2. Engagement: this change programme affects everyone across the council and implementation will be staggered. Challenge to ensure everyone understands the change, everyone can see the reason and benefits of change, everyone implements the change consistently, the change is perceived as fair and transparent now and, | | Established a communications and engagement group as part of the project. Utilise employee forums such as Medway Makers | | Need to test that the communication is reaching all levels of the organisation, obtain feedback and respond to questions and concerns. Ensure a variety of communication methods | |
| | in the future. | | | | are adopted to ensure the greatest reach – Medspace page, briefing sessions, regular CMT comms, service manager need to know, EMC etc | |
| | | | | | Be open and transparent. MedPay Champions group | |
| | 2a. Engagement: hindered by the NJC pay award | | | | Updated MedPay FAQ's | |

| | | Educate managers on the pay protocol process through the Leadership Programme |
|---|--|---|
| 3. Service Delivery: productivity / output is affected as those in later phases feel unfairly rewarded | Feedback mechanisms in place via Medway Makers, staff survey and staff forums so that feelings and concerns can be addressed | Increase opportunities for issues to be discussed, such as drop-in sessions. Consider immediate changes to current Medpay scheme, for example, no levels and pay COLA (Cost of Living Award) only, or allocate PRP (Performance Related Pay) funds across the whole organisation as previously done during covid. Additional resources secured for phase 2 to accelerate implementation. |
| 4. Employee's expectations: employees are expecting a salary increase because of this pay review and/or a move backwards to incremental pay | Establishing a communications and engagement group as part of the project | Train managers. Ensure details of the 3 levels are clearly disseminated to staff; run drop-ins and engagement sessions. |
| 5. Collective agreement: (if required) is not achieved and to implement the changes we must go through a process of dismissal and re-engagement | Full consultation and engagement with staff and trade unions with a strategy behind it. Ensure the project plan allows enough time to | Utilise MedPay Champions Ensure JCC and Employment Matters Committee are engaged in the process. |
| 6. Capacity of project team: project group members are not solely assigned to this project and are from across the council not just within HR. Demands from | implement Funding secured for a designated project manager and project coordinator. | Reprioritise HRBP work to ensure project takes precedence. |
| service areas to support with BAU (Business as Usual) | Additional resource secured at HRBP (Human Resources Business Partner) level | Review HRBP job description |
| | Monitor demands such as organisational change on the HRBP's | Communicate the changes in priority of this role as required by the organisation to deliver this project. |
| | Established a Strategic Working Group Regular feedback loop into CMT | Review resource needs for phase 2 and phase 3 in a timely manner and ensure built into budget setting process. |
| | | Additional fixed term posts for 1 year to support delivery of phase 2 |
| 7. Recruitment and retention: continue to be an issue over the phases of the project due to length of time to implement | Focusing on high turnover areas in phase 1 | Establish a mechanism for monitoring turnover levels and recruitment difficulties so that timely action / intervention can be taken |
| | | |

| 8. Political priorities: change in leadership and local councillors due to the election may impact upon the drivers for change and leadership priorities may change | Engagement with political leaders at CMT (Corporate Management Team) level | Member induction to ensure councillors fully briefed |
|---|---|--|
| divers for change and leadership phondes may change | Employment Matters Committee | Establish a mechanism for briefing new leaders |
| | Opposition briefings | Delegations to the CEO and CMT will ensure stability for the project |
| 9. Local Economy: downturn in the local economy could affect affordability and alter external market forces dramatically | MTFP processes in place | Ensure targets for financial resilience are in place in the Finance & Business Intelligence (FBI) Divisional plan |
| | | Procure a salary benchmarking system to enable comparison with external market |
| 10. Dual pay systems: managing the two pay systems whilst working through the phases of the project and this creating disharmony amongst the workforces | Resourcelink has ability to run different pay systems | Comms strategy being developed to ensure that workforce is informed of reasons for the phasing and engagement forums to be |
| creating distractions amongst the worklordes | Principles in place with trade unions for a pilot phase | established |
| 11. Dual pay systems: capacity of the HR & Payroll system and the Payroll and HR & Payroll Systems Teams to deliver two pay processes | Resourcelink has ability to run different pay systems | Sub-group of Strategic Working Group to be established to ensure work programming is in place |
| reams to deliver two pay processes | Vacancies being recruited to and induction/ training plan in place | Options appraisal required to ascertain |
| | Scoping of new processes required in order to | cost/benefits of in-house processes as opposed to off the shelf solution from |
| | inform a specification for ICT and HR & Payroll Systems Teams | Resourcelink or other providers |
| | | Work with the Head of HR, ensuring that this work is built into the payroll and HR Systems work plan |
| 12. Evaluation: methods of evaluation and measures of success of the project are not robust enough due to poor or irregular access and time lags in obtaining data that would be of relevance | Possible methods of evaluation identified, and processes are being put in place at project preparation stage for regular monitoring | Project Team to manage the evaluation process and to report into the Strategic Working Group and CMT |
| 13. Measures of success: first cohort does not produce the anticipated | Talent Acquisition Team engagement with project objectives | Development of recruitment and retention strategies and ongoing improvement of the |
| improvements in vacancy or retention rates due to failure to recruit and/or lack of confidence in the MedPay | Comms strategy being developed to ensure | Councils employee benefits offer to complement the proposed enhancements to |
| enhancements. | that the workforce is informed of the proposed enhancements covering pay, rewards, and | MedPay |
| | career pathways | Introduction of the Medway Leadership Programme |
| 14. Timescale for implementation: a lot of processes, frameworks, governance, systems etc to establish in phase 1 within a tight timeframe | Project plan road map, action log and risk register | Identify support required from other 'experts' across the council and secure their commitment to the project via CMT and FBI |
| | Recruiting to vacant posts | |

| 15. Staff Absence impacting upon the project: Sickness absence and planned holidate members and wider contributors to the delays in project delivery | capacity to deliver ays of project team | Workload plans reviewed regularly and work re-allocated to others in the team. | In the case of wider contributors such finance support and job evaluation, back-up arrangements will need to be identified | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
|--|---|--|--|--|