

REGENERATION, CULTURE AND ENVIRONMENT OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

8 DECEMBER 2016

DRAFT CAPITAL AND REVENUE BUDGET 2017/2018

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Summary

This report provides an update on progress towards setting the Council's draft capital and revenue budgets for 2017/18. In accordance with the Constitution, Cabinet is required to develop 'initial budget proposals' approximately three months before finalising the budget and setting council tax levels at the end of February 2017.

The draft budget is based on the principles contained in the Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP) 2016/2020 approved by Cabinet in September and reflects the latest formula grant assumptions.

1. Budget and Policy Framework

- 1.1. It is the responsibility of Cabinet, supported by the management team, to develop a draft revenue budget.
- 1.2. The Council's Overview and Scrutiny Committees have responsibility for scrutinising draft budget proposals.

2. Constitutional Rules

- 2.1. The budget and policy framework rules contained in the constitution specify that Cabinet should produce the initial budget proposals. These should be produced and submitted to overview and scrutiny committee three months before the Council meeting that is scheduled to determine the budget and council tax. The overview and scrutiny committees have a period of six weeks to consider these initial proposals. Any proposals for change will be referred back to Cabinet for consideration.
- 2.2. Under the Constitution Cabinet has complete discretion to either accept or reject the proposals emanating from the overview and scrutiny committees. Ultimately it is Cabinet's responsibility to present a budget to Council, with a special Council meeting arranged for 23 February 2017. The adoption of the budget and the

setting of council tax are matters reserved for Council. The statutory deadline for agreeing the council tax for 2017/18 is 11 March 2017.

2.3. The timetable for consideration by overview and scrutiny is as follows:

Business Support	1 December 2016
Children and Young People	6 December 2016
Regeneration, Culture and Environment	8 December 2016
Health and Adult Social Care	15 December 2016
Business Support	31 January 2017
Cabinet	7 February 2017
Council	23 February 2017

3. Budget Monitoring 2016/17

3.1 The quarter 2 revenue monitoring report, considered elsewhere on this agenda, forecasts a net overspending on services of some £1.4 million after management action. This is primarily a consequence of the significant pressures facing Children's and Adult Social Services and these have largely been reflected in the Medium Term Financial Plan assumptions. As well as representing a serious issue in the current financial year, a failure to reduce costs in a sustainable way would only serve to exacerbate an already challenging financial outlook going forward. More work will be needed by all directorates to reduce the forecast overspend and indeed the Regeneration, Culture, Environment and Transformation directorate has forecast a £800,000 underspend at quarter 2.

4. Medium Term Financial Plan

4.1 The Council's Medium Term Financial Plan (MTFP) is refreshed annually, with the underlying aims of:

- Ensuring a sustainable budget, without recourse to the use of reserves;
- Generating efficiencies, in partnership with others where appropriate;
- Recognising the revenue impact of capital investment decisions, whether funded from grants, prudential borrowing, reserves or capital receipts;
- Delivering the Council's key priorities.

4.2 The MTFP considered by Cabinet on 27 September 2016 presented a high level summary of the budget requirement for the next three years and identified a £11.7 million deficit in 2016/17, increasing to £14.6 million by 2019/20, which will need to be addressed through the budget setting process. The 2017/18 MTFP assumptions in so far as they impact on the services within the remit of this committee are reflected in Appendix 1.

4.3 The timing of this draft revenue budget going to Cabinet was unfortunate, as once again the meeting fell just before the Chancellor announced his Autumn Statement on 23 November 2016. The Council requested a four year settlement and on 16 November 2016 Marcus Jones MP, the Minister for Local Government, wrote to the Leader of the Council confirming that Medway Council has been included in the multi-year settlement. At this stage of the budget process all of the funding assumptions for 2017/18 remain as outlined in the MTFP.

- 4.4 Since production of the MTFP, officers have been working with the Cabinet to formulate savings proposals to address the projected revenue budget deficit. A significant number of proposals have featured in discussions between the director, his management team and the relevant portfolio holders, giving consideration to income generation and new models of service delivery. However indicative savings figures were not available at the time of producing the draft budget report and so do not feature in Appendix 1. This work is of course on going and the full impact of these and other proposals, together with the diversity impact assessments, will be included with the budget recommendations to be considered by Cabinet on 7 February 2017. The broad measures being considered to close the remaining gap are outlined in this report.

5. Resource Assumptions 2017/18

5.1. Revenue Support Grant (RSG)

The MTFP reflected the indicative reductions in RSG announced as part of the 2016/17 settlement, suggesting that the grant would have reduced from an adjusted 2013/14 baseline of £63.3 million to around £6.1 million by 2019/20 (over 90%). This draft budget assumes an RSG of £18.8 million in 2017/18.

5.2. Business Rates

Local government will continue to retain 50% of all business rates collected, until the new 100% business rates retention scheme is introduced by the end of this Parliament, however the Government is still consulting on how the new business rates system will operate from 2020. The uncertainty has been exacerbated by the 2017 rates revaluation and whilst we know what this means for Medway in terms of total rateable value, this draft budget assumes that the baseline will be reset and the top-up grant adjusted to ensure that the Council is neither favourably or adversely affected.

5.3. Council Tax

The draft budget assumes a 1.994% increase in 2017/18 plus a further 2.0% in respect of the social care precept. As for the tax base there are three main determinants – the number of band D equivalent households, the change in the level of claimants under the council tax reduction scheme and the estimated collection rate. In spite of the changes to CTRS agreed last year, the overall collection rate has broadly been maintained and based upon the projected number of completions provided by the Planning division, the budget assumes a 0.7% increase in the tax base.

5.4. Education Related Grant

The MTFP reported the Education Funding Agency's intention to roll Education Services Grant, which notionally funds a whole range of schools related activity, into the Dedicated Schools Grant. This in itself would not represent a new pressure, as the ESG and DSG are both linked to pupil numbers and would be similarly impacted by academy conversions, however in consulting on proposals for the early years block of the DSG, the Government has indicated that it will require 93% of this funding to be passed to providers, thus limiting the centrally retained element to 7% of the grant. If the same principle were to be applied to both the early years and high needs block it would have significant implications on the Council's budget. As this is not directly relevant in the context of regeneration, culture and environment, the table in the Cabinet report has not been replicated here.

6. Balancing the 2017/18 Revenue Budget

- 6.1. Work with Cabinet Members as part of the budget setting process has already resulted in a series of proposals being taken forward, however as indicated earlier in this report, those in relation to regeneration, culture and environmental services are not yet reflected in the RCET directorate summary at Appendix 1 or in Table 1 below.

Table 1: Summary of Draft Budget Requirement and 'Gap' for 2017/18

Directorate	2016/17 Adjusted Base	2017/18 MTFP Assumptions	Further Proposals to date	Draft 2017/18 Budget
	£000's	£000's	£000's	£000's
Children and Adult Services	216,254.5	175,022.7	(1,858.8)	173,164.0
Regeneration, Culture, Environment and Transformation (RCET)	55,225.4	56,169.5	0.0	56,169.5
Business Support (BSD):	15,974.7	16,028.7	(391.0)	15,637.7
Public Health	14,763.4	14,316.6	(290.0)	14,026.6
Interest & Financing	9,617.7	9,817.7	0.0	9,817.7
Levies	1,038.5	1,038.5	0.0	1,038.5
Transformation Savings	(388.0)	(1,435.0)	0.0	(1,435.0)
NORSE Rebate	(263.0)	(263.0)	0.0	(263.0)
Pay Award / Apprenticeship Levy	0.0	726.0	0.0	726.0
Budget Requirement	312,223.2	271,421.8	(2,539.8)	268,882.0
Council Tax	(102,798.6)	(105,542.6)	0.0	(105,542.6)
Revenue Support Grant	(28,373.8)	(18,847.8)	0.0	(18,847.8)
Business Rate Retention	(43,035.0)	(44,595.3)	0.0	(44,595.3)
New Homes Bonus	(7,530.5)	(7,507.5)	0.0	(7,507.5)
DSG	(101,413.2)	(63,484.0)	0.0	(63,484.0)
Other School Specific Grants	(5,629.8)	(2,035.0)	0.0	(2,035.0)
Education Services Grant	(2,123.7)	0.0	(1,370.0)	(1,370.0)
Other Specific Grants	(186.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Public Health Grant	(18,118.0)	(17,671.0)	0.0	(17,671.0)
Use of Reserves	(3,014.5)	(50.0)	0.0	(50.0)
Estimated Available Funding	(312,223.2)	(259,733.2)	(1,370.0)	(261,103.2)
Budget Gap - General Fund	0.0	11,688.6	(3,909.8)	7,778.8

- 6.2. Other proposals and business cases, across all three directorates, are still being worked up and refined and some of this work will be reported the other overview and scrutiny committees. However the broad approaches include:
- 6.3. Interest and Financing
The Cabinet have instructed officers to consider alternative investment opportunities and the potential to use headroom within the capital financing requirement to invest in housing and infrastructure, whilst yielding revenue returns to the Council.

6.4. Transformation Programme

The Council's transformation programme is already reflected within the MTFP assumptions. Good progress is being made in terms of online payments and end to end processes are being looked at across a number of services, with a view to greater automation and digitalisation. However, the programme is focused as much on cultural change as technological innovation.

6.5. Alternative Delivery Models

The administration is seeking to build on the success of existing delivery models, such as the Norse joint venture, the Medway Commercial Group and the Council's various shared service arrangements. A number of business cases are being prepared in relation to other service areas being delivered through these arrangements.

6.6. Property Rationalisation

Rationalisation of the Council's operational property portfolio remains a key strand of the Council's efficiency strategy and further opportunities are under consideration.

7. The Capital Programme

7.1. At this stage there is nothing new to report in relation to the capital programme, which reflects planned capital expenditure over the medium term (2016/17 to 2019/20) and incorporates everything we currently know about capital grant allocations for the next three years. The following table summarises the current programme as reported in the Capital Monitoring report for quarter 2 and in the context of regeneration, culture and environment, the major part of the RCET capital programme relates to delivering the highways programme, including the Local Growth Fund projects and the broader regeneration agenda, funded through the Growing Places Fund.

Table 2: Summary of Current Capital Programme

Funding Source	C&A	RCET	HRA	BSD	PH	Member Priorities	Total Programme
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s
Borrowing	0	12,237	1,323	298	0	0	13,858
Capital Grants	18,892	41,126	36	903	0	0	60,957
Capital Receipts	0	2,589	1,002	0	0	301	3,892
RTB Receipts	0	378	0	0	0	0	378
S106 Contributions	11,220	2,546	0	0	0	0	13,766
Revenue / Reserves	2,815	461	836	13,508	0	0	17,620
TOTAL	32,927	59,338	3,197	14,709	0	301	110,471

8. Conclusions

8.1. These outline budget proposals represent a 'work in progress' towards developing the 2017/18 revenue budget. The budget to be agreed by Council for 2017/18 and indeed for future years will have to balance to available resources, so there is clearly much work still to do. The deficit over the medium term is going to require a radical rethink of the way in which services are delivered and

the Council's transformation agenda will be fundamental to closing the gap, as will a focus on the largest area of spending and a significant contributor to the size of the deficit – social care services for both children and adults. Work will continue to be undertaken during the period leading up to the Cabinet meeting on 7 February 2017. Overview and Scrutiny committees have a vital role assisting in this process, both to comment on the approaches outlined in this report and to propose new ones.

- 8.2. The resources available to the Council are still subject to some uncertainty. An update on the Autumn Statement in so far as it impact on children and young people will be given at the meeting. It is however clear that the Council will need to seek to maximise the council tax base and exploit opportunities for business rate growth over the medium and longer term.

9. Risk Management

- 9.1. The risk of failing to effectively manage the resource planning and allocation process to achieve priorities and maintain effective service delivery is great. The uncertainty in relation to the outcome of the spending review only serves to increase this risk. This is reflected as the principal risk in our Corporate Risk Register.

10. Financial and Legal Implications

- 10.1. The financial implications are fully detailed in the report. There are no direct legal implications.

11. Recommendations

- 11.1. The Committee is asked to:
- 11.2. Note that Cabinet has instructed officers to continue to work with Portfolio Holders in formulating robust proposals to balance the budget for 2017/18 and beyond.
- 11.3. Comment on the proposals outlined in the draft capital and revenue budgets in so far as they relate to the services within the remit of this committee and feed this back to the Business Support overview and scrutiny committee in January.

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Appendices

Appendix 1 – Regeneration, Culture, Environment and Transformation

Background papers:

Medium Term Financial Plan 2016/20 – Cabinet 27 September 2016

<https://democracy.medway.gov.uk/mgconvert2pdf.aspx?id=32868>