

CABINET

22 NOVEMBER 2016

6 MONTHLY REVIEW OF THE COUNCIL'S CORPORATE BUSINESS RISK REGISTER AND ANNUAL REVIEW OF THE STRATEGIC RISK FRAMEWORK

Portfolio Holder: Councillor Rupert Turpin, Business Management

Report from: Richard Hicks, Director of Regeneration, Culture, Environment

and Transformation - Chair of Strategic Risk Management Group

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Summary

In accordance with paragraph 4.1 of the Council's Risk Management Strategy, this report is to discuss the 6 monthly review of the Council's Corporate Business Risk Register and the annual review of the Strategic Risk Framework.

The Cabinet is invited to consider this report, including the comments of the Business Support Overview and Scrutiny Committee which considered the report on 27 October 2016.

1. Budget and Policy Framework

1.1 The Risk Management Strategy underpins all aspects of Council work and is fundamental to the Council Plan in terms of "giving value for money".

2. Background

- 2.1 Risk management is an integral part of good governance. The council recognises that it has a responsibility to identify and manage the barriers to achieve its strategic objectives and enhance the value of services it provides to the community.
- 2.2 This Risk Management Strategy incorporates and:
 - promotes a common understanding of risk;
 - outlines roles and responsibilities across the council;
 - proposes a methodology that identifies and manages risk in accordance with best practice thereby seeking to prevent injury, damage, loss and reducing the cost of risk.

- 2.3 The strategy is reviewed annually to ensure that it remains up-to-date and continues to reflect the council's approach to risk management.
- 2.4 The Corporate Risk Register, which accompanies the strategy, ensures that all relevant key risks are recorded and this is reviewed and managed every 6 months by both management and Members.
- 2.5 **The Corporate Risk Register** was last reviewed by the Strategic Risk Management Group on 8 January 2016, Extended Management Team (EMT) on 27 January 2016, Business Support Overview and Scrutiny Committee on 14 April 2016 and Cabinet on 10 May 2016.
- 2.6 At that time the Cabinet agreed the following proposed amendments to the Council's Risk Register from Corporate Management Team:
 - a) The narrative for Risk SR03b (Finances) has been amended.
 - b) SR17 Regeneration the new homes and population figures have been amended and an additional mitigating action of the Local Plan has been added.
 - c) Briefing notes on risk SR25.01 and SR26.06 have also been completed.
- 2.7 Extended Management Team (EMT) reviewed these amendments and additional proposals and changes to the Risk Register in Appendix A and B.
- 2.8 This included an additional risk of Welfare reform the risk is the responsibility of the Head of Finance.
- 2.9 **The Strategic Risk Framework** was last reviewed by the Strategic Risk Management Group on 7 July 2015, Extended Management Team (EMT) on 22 July 2015, Business Support Overview and Scrutiny Committee on 8 October 2015 and Cabinet on 27 October 2015.
- 3. Advice and analysis Corporate Risk Registers
- 3.1 Risk owners have reviewed their risks and updated them taking account of the amendments made on 10 May 2016. Strategic Risk Management Group reviewed these amendments on 22 July 2016 and Corporate Management Team 10 August 2016. July 2016 amendments to the Risk Register are detailed in Appendix A and B and are for consideration (additions/amendments are highlighted GREY).
- 4. Advise and analysis Risk Management Strategy
- 4.1 The Risk Management Strategy has completed its annual review. The following amendments have been made and were agreed by the Strategic Risk

Management Group on 22 July 2016 and Corporate Management Team on 10 August 2016:

- The document has been formatted i.e. front cover, contents page
- Minor amendments have been made to the wording
- Pictures have been updated to aid understanding
- At the request of the Portfolio Holder the risk matrix has been developed with descriptions for likelihood and impact
- Appendix D has been added to aid understanding of how risk is incorporated into the Councils governance arrangements

5. Advice and analysis – Risk Management Audit

- 5.1 The operational risk management audit for 2014/15 was published on 1 June 2015. The conclusion of the audit was that the council was broadly compliant with the agreed strategic framework and therefore is **sufficient**.
- 5.2 There was one material recommendation for EMT to consider:
- 5.3 A) Service managers should be reminded of the importance of identifying risks to service objectives, and mitigating actions, during the service planning process, and that these should be recorded in the service plan.
- 5.4 B) Risks identified in service / divisional plans should be monitored, and updated if necessary, as part of the AD quarterly reporting process.

6. Consultation

6.1 Risk owners have been consulted on the proposed amendments to the risk register. Strategic Risk Management Group on 22 July 2016 and Corporate Management Team on 10 August 2016 reviewed the amendments and revised framework. Members will be consulted on the Corporate Risk Register via Business Support Overview and Scrutiny on 27 October 2016 and Cabinet on 22 November 2016.

7. Business Support Overview and Scrutiny Committee – 27 October 2016

- 7.1 The Committee commented as follows:
 - Risk SR26 (Children's Social Care) A Member commented that in his
 opinion the narrative did not recognise the current situation whereby budgets
 were being continually increased, followed by regular overspends.
 - Proposed new risk (Shape of Local Government in Kent) A Member referred to ongoing discussions about the shape and structures of local government in Kent. While this was probably a low risk, it was suggested that Cabinet consider adding it to the risk register given the inevitable impact on Medway.

Risk SR03b (Finances) – referring to the risk surrounding the Council's ability to deliver a balanced budget without recourse to reserves, a Member asked what actions were being taken to mitigate against this risk. The Chief Finance Officer replied that a number of mitigating actions were contained in the Medium Term Financial Plan, including the opportunities the digital transformation agenda would bring, addressing pressures in social care, alternative delivery models, income generation and property rationalisation. The details behind these would be reported through the budget setting process. In response, another Member gueried the value of the risk management process if the information about what was being done to mitigate risks was held elsewhere. He suggested that a better approach would be to combine risks and mitigations in one place so that Members could see the current position regarding a risk, what was being done to mitigate it, what the timescales were and what the residual risk would be at the end of the process. The Chief Finance Officer commented that officers recognised this issue and were looking to embed financial risks into the corporate risk register so there was a more joined up approach to risk.

Referring to the budget setting process, a Member commented that a weakness of the system was that details of the budget were not made known to non-executive Members until too late in the process with the result that proper scrutiny was not possible and the budget was out of date and inadequate at the point it was agreed.

- Risk SR25 (Adult Social Care Transformation) Noting the high risk rating for this, a Member queried whether the Council had the resilience or the capacity to deal with the Sustainability and Transformation Plan and the need to pool budgets and also commented that the details about mitigation seemed light.
- Risk SR17 (Delivering Regeneration) A Member asked what the Council
 was doing to ensure there was sufficient affordable housing for workers in
 Medway. Reference was made to the recommendations from the Housing
 Task Group and it was noted that a report on progress in implementing these
 would be considered by the Committee in January 2017.
- 7.2 The Committee agreed to note the report and forward to Cabinet the comments made in respect of Risk SR26 (Children's Social Care), Risk SR03b (Finances), Risk SR25 (Adult Social Care Transformation) and the suggested new risk regarding the shape of local government in Kent.

8. Director's comments

8.1 In response to the comments of the Business Support Overview and Scrutiny Committee as set out above, advice from the Chair of the Strategic Risk Management Officer Group (who is the Director of Regeneration, Culture, Environment and Transformation) is as follows:

- Risk SR26 (Children's Social Care) While pressures in children's social care continue, which impact on the placements and staffing budgets, the total spend is being controlled and the overspend is reducing (2015/16 outturn was £37.5m, latest 2016-17 forecast outturn is £36.2m). Thresholds are being closely monitored and the number of open cases is less than it was during 2015/16. Average monthly referrals in 2015/16 were 260 per month. For the first six months of 16/17 it has been 206 per month. As at the 31 March 2016, the caseload in children's services was 2210 cases. This has reduced to 1595 at the end of September 2016.
- Proposed new risk (Shape of Local Government in Kent) There are currently no formal discussions about the shape of Kent that affect Medway and therefore this is not considered a risk at this time but will be monitored if any such discussions occur.
- Risk SR03b (Finances) For Cabinet to note the Chief Finance Officer's comments made at the Business Support Overview and Scrutiny Meeting.
- Risk SR25 (Adult Social Care Transformation) The Directorate's Partnership and Commissioning Service has been restructured to support the delivery of the Sustainability Transformation Plan (STP). In addition the Council have established a Programme Management Office to deliver the Adults Strategic Plan including the savings identified through the assessment. The alignment of the Adults Social Care Operational teams alongside those of the Hubs which are emerging through the STP will support the delivery of the changes required in relation to out of hospital care. Close negotiations in relation to the investments of the better Care Fund and the outcomes that have been achieved in relation to service transformation and efficiencies will inform future planning the pool budgets.

9. Financial, legal and risk implications

- 9.1 This report brings forward the annual review of the Strategic Risk Framework and six monthly review of the Council's risk register, which is integral to the Council's approach to risk management.
- 9.2 There are no direct financial or legal implications arising from this report although clearly the inability to control or mitigate risks could have a financial or legal impact.

10. Recommendations

- 10.1 The Cabinet is asked to consider the comments of the Business Support Overview and Scrutiny Committee, as set out in section 7 of the report.
- 10.2 The Cabinet is asked to approve the amendments to the Council's Risk Register as detailed in Appendices A and B to the report.

10.3	The Cabinet is asked to approve the revised Strategic Risk Framework, as set out in Appendix D to the report.

11. Suggested reasons for decision

11.1 The establishment of a corporate framework for risk management is recommended by CIPFA and SOLACE and will complement and support the work already being carried out within each directorate to manage risks.

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Appendices: Appendix A – Corporate Record of Amendments

Appendix B – Corporate Risk Register

Appendix C – Current Strategic Risk Framework

Appendix D – Revised draft Strategic Risk Framework

Background papers

None

APPENDIX A

SUMMARY OF CORPORATE RISK REGISTER – RECORD OF AMENDMENTS

Risk Ref	Rating Jul 14		Rating Jul 15	Rating Jan 16		Move ment	Risk Description	Owner	Portfolio Holder	Link to Corporate Priority	Link to Corporate Commitment
3b	Al	Al	Al	Al	Al	→	Finances	Chief Finance Officer	Alan Jarrett	Giving value for money	Ways of working
26	AII	AII	AII	AII	AII	→	Children's Social Care	Director Children and Adults Services	Andrew Mackness	Supporting Medway's People to Realise Their Potential	All children achieving their potential in schools
9b	BII	BII	BII	BII	BII	→	Keeping vulnerable young people safe and on track	Director Children and Adults Services	Andrew Mackness Martin Potter	Supporting Medway's People to Realise Their Potential	All children achieving their potential in schools
25	BII	BII	BII	BII	BII	→	Adult Social Care Transformation	Director Children and Adults Services	David Brake	Supporting Medway's People to Realise Their Potential	Older & disabled people living independently
27	CII	CII	CII	CII	CII	→	Government changes to Local Authority's responsibility for schools	Director Children and Adults Services	Andrew Mackness Martin Potter	Supporting Medway's People to Realise Their Potential	All children achieving their potential in schools
17	CII	CII	CII	CII	CII	→	Delivering Regeneration	Director Regeneration, Culture, Environment & Transformation	Rodney Chambers	Maximise Regeneration and Economic Growth	 A strong diversified economy Residents with jobs and skills Delivering new homes to meet the needs of Medway's residents Getting around Medway
21	CII	CII	CII	CII	CII	→	Procurement and Tendering	AD Legal and Corporate Services	Adrian Gulvin	Giving value for money	Ways of working
2	DII	DII	DII	DII	DII	→	Business Continuity & Emergency Planning	Director Regeneration, Culture, Environment & Transformation	Rupert Turpin	ALL	ALL
32			DII	DII	CII	→	Data and Information	AD Legal and Corporate Services	Adrian Gulvin	Giving value for money	Ways of working
33				DII	DII	→	Impact of Welfare reform	Chief Finance Officer	Alan Jarrett	Supporting Medway's People to Reach Their Potential and Giving Value for Money	Ways of working

RISK MATRIX - STRATEGIC PROFILE FOR JULY 2016

		IV	III	II	Ι
Like	F				
Likelihood	E				
_	D			2, 32, 33	
	С			17, 27, 21	
	В			9b, 25	
A	A			26	3b
				I	

Impact

Likelihood:

A Very high

B High

C Significant

D Low

E Very low

F Almost impossible

Impact:

I Catastrophic (Showstopper)

II Critical

III Marginal

IV Negligible

SR 03b	Finances	Owner	Chief Finance Officer	Leader's	s Portfolio	Current Risk Score	А	ı	Reviewed	July 2016
Link	to Corporate Priority Giving Value	for Money	•	•		-	-	-	•	-
Vulne	erability		Trigger			Consequences	S			
delive the sa Medw The m greate retain the op it sign Contin	continues to be a major risk over the or a balanced budget without recourse to the time delivering good quality service ay. Hove away from central support from Goor reliance on local taxation through contended business rates, whilst providing local portunity to benefit directly from grow difficant risks to overall funding. The providing pressure in the area of social care on to children and younger people with ribated the financial difficulties facing the	o reserves, whilst ares to the people of overnment and uncil tax and al authorities with th, also brings with e, particularly in disabilities, has	Grant of 85% for Mas reasonably cor in the Medium Terr 'gap' of around £40 This may to some or raise a further 2% care precept' and in offered from 100% however this relian	ed reduction Medway over the sistent with medical properties of the sistence of the sistence on local medical production of the sistence on local medical production	ns in Revenue Support er the next four years and th the assumptions made I Plan, which forecast a y 2019/20. mitigated by the ability to buncil tax via the 'social ears by the opportunity	□ Very difficult □ Service cuts □ Quality of se □ Cutback in s □ VFM Judgem □ Negative loc. □ Damage to r	rvice co taffing o ent al public	omprom on an al	ised.	
Code	Description	Managed By	Desired Outcome		Output	Miles	stones/l	Pls		Monitoring

Code	Description	Managed By	Desired Outcome	Output	Milestones/PIs	Monitoring
SR 03b.01	Need to ensure effective response to the spending review, but also lobbying for greater local powers to raise revenues.	Chief Finance Officer	·	VFM Judgement - adequacy of financial planning, effective budget control. Increased devolution of tax raising powers to the Council.	On-going	Six monthly
SR 03b.02	Align priorities and activity of the Council to resource availability through MTFP process.	Corporate Management Team	Co-ordinate responses with members, agree media campaign, solicit support from peer authorities and partners.	VFM Judgement - adequacy of financial planning, effective budget control, balanced budget and adequacy of reserves.	Medium Term Financial Plan in September. Capital and revenue budget agreed by Council in February	Quarterly budget monitoring
SR 03b.03	Create resources for investment priorities.	Corporate Management Team	- Track funding opportunities - Maximise asset values for disposal - Consider prudential borrowing	External investment Asset release Revenue cost associated with prudential borrowing.	On-going	Six monthly

SR 26	Children's Social Care	Owner	Director of Children and Adults		n's Services (Lead r) Portfolio	Current R Score	isk A	1	П	Reviewed	July 2016	
Link t	o Corporate Priority Supporting N	ledway's People to	Realise Their Pote	ential		-	-			•		
Vulne	erability		Trigger			Conseque	nces					
Increa care a Challe Counc	entinuing A high level of historical demention in need, including the need for protechildren puts pressure on the Council's essed Expectations by Regulator in relating provision provided across a range of enges in recruiting to key posts would it il's ability to deliver good quality and of evenents to Children's Social Care serve corporate support and there is a risk is ational capacity and resilience may serve.	ection and looked resources. ion to standard of of services. mpact on the consistent practice. vices will continue to that a lack of	Numbers of children in care and those with high level child protection needs increase do not reduce. Increased Managing high caseloads impact on quality of work being undertaken with children in need, including the need for protection and looked after children. Partner agencies not fulfilling their role in supporting the most vulnerable failing to identify families that need targeted support through the early help outcomes framework.			Budget pressures with consequences across the Council. Limits ability to divert resources to early help which ultima must be part of the solution to increasing numbers of look after children and preventing children and young people fr becoming subject to child protection plans. Poorer outcomes for children and young people. Impact on statutory responsibilities and regulatory judgements.						
Code	Description	Managed By	Desired Outcome		Output		Mileston	es/PI	S	N	Monitoring	
SR 26	workforce development	Children's Service Social Care (AD DD); Human Resources Service Team	Well trained & sup workforce.	ported	Permanent staff numbers.		As per s	trate	gy and	' ! ! !	Reviewed bi monthly ria Medway safeguarding children's Board MSCB). Council Plan nonitoring and CADMT.	
SR 26	Implement improvement plan strategy for action in response to Ofsted recommendations to strengthen quality of practice.	Children's Service Social Care (AD DD)	Improved outcome vulnerable children		-Reduced drift -Less children subject to C 2 yrs plus -Improved educational out LAC -Voice of child clear c Reduction in timescale bet placement order and movi adoptive family Effectiveness of early help	Educational outcomes LAC. Reduce delays in care proceedings. Percentage of families who		es LAC. 8 re E es who ly help live tcomes at	SCMT, Council Plan nonitoring, CADMT Corporate Parenting soard and MSCB			
SR 26	· ·	Deputy Interim Director for Children and Adults	Good quality and consistent practice	€.	Learning and thematic Auc other quality assurance ta completed as per the QA fi	Itis and The learning points from completed auditing activity			activity I	Reviewed bi monthly in ne with QA framework chedule		

Code	Description	Managed By	Desired Outcome	Output	Milestones/PIs	Monitoring
	Framework				inform learning.	
SR 26.05	Strengthen MSCB.	Children and Adults	Strengthened partnership arrangements for supporting vulnerable children.	Stronger focus on core business.	Multi agency attendance at CP conferences.	CADMT & MSCB
SR 26.06	Implementation of projects to better manage demand around edge of care and early help.		Safely reduce C&YP entering and staying in the care system.	Edge of care response. Early help.	services.	Council plan monitoring CSCMT, CADMT, and MSCB

SR 09b	Keeping vu and on trac	Ilnerable young people s ck	safe Owner	Children and M Adults E	/lembei ducati	n's Services (Lead r) Portfolio onal Attainment and ement Portfolio	Current R Score	lisk	В	П	Reviewed	July 2016
Link t	to Corporate	Priority Supporting Me	edway's People to I	Realise Their Potenti	ial							
Vulne	erability			Trigger			Conseque	ences				
	ges in the der SEN and YO	mographics and in the legis		effective, innovative solutions.				eople. ss the Council. egulatory judgement.				
Code	Des	cription	Managed By	Desired Outcome		Output		Milesto	nes/P	ls		Monitoring
SR 09	the increchild and school pres		School Effectiveness and Inclusion (AD)	Improved outcomes f C&YP as per strategy Ensuring service delive within budgetary constraints.	<i>1</i> .	Good management information inform commissioning and challenge. Provision made within bud SEN Strategy developed an implemented.	robust get.	placem educat with ou	nents; ed in i utreac	mainstr	N hildren being eam schools eased local	SEN data is reviewed quarterly.
SR 09	equi with Just mor plac Dev intel used cust to re effer supple edgr Alte bein func (FFT) outs with		School Effectiveness and Inclusion (AD)	- Lower numbers of f and repeat entrants t YJS Lower number custodial and repeat custodial sentences. Effective analysis of c inform practitioners in - Ensuring service delivered within budg constraints Magistr have confidence in interventions. Suitabl placements are devel for vulnerable childre which keep them safe enable magistrates to impose an order as a alternative to secure remand.	to the of	Performance is monitored (proxy figures) and quarte information) 1: 1 meetings Head of Service; business preventative support. YOT meets quarterly to oversee provision, steer development monitor progress.	rly (YJB s with case for Board ent and	develo custod effectiv and bu custod Succes Needs comple We cur workin differe That p comple New pi experie unders	ping a ial ren vely foudget ry bill. assesseted. Trently ig with nt alteriored by rovide ence a standir	d to Df ment v have a the Co randive work v y end of r appoir nd /or ng of yo	ves to used ative support eeded by E. vas n intern uncil to spec s to custody. vill be f April. nted with	The improved outcomes, confidence of YJB and partners, and the security of the monitoring arrangements by the YOT management board indicate a strong service which can respond to any expected changes. Consequently, it is recommended that this risk be removed from the register New provider held accountable through YOT Board run by Council

Code	Description	Managed By	Desired Outcome	Output	Milestones/PIs	Monitoring
					effective delivery	Contract subject to quarterly monitoring.
SR 09b.06	agencies work cooperatively to identify and deal with CYP who are identified as, or at risk of becoming, victims or perpetrators of CSE and missing. All professionals, voluntary groups and the wider community including hard to	Interim Director Children & Adults	- Ensure that we have a comprehensive strategy in place for CSE and missing All professionals working directly with CYP have an understanding and knowledge of CSE and missing; and develop appropriate skills Increase the awareness and understanding of CSE and missing by all	Comprehensive joint K & M LSCB strategy for CSE has been signed by the MSCB and missing protocols in place via CSC Multi agency and single agency approved consistent training is completed by all staff. All child protection courses make direct reference to CSE and missing Awareness raising campaign agreed	The K & M CSE strategy has been reviewed and recommendations operationalised. Any review will be signed by the MSCB in the forward plan All relevant staff complete available CSE training. Case management systems	Kent & Medway CSE Subgroup MSCB MASE Panel (Strategic)
	reach groups are aware of, and have an understanding of CSE and missing. Establishment of CSE Unit alongside police – multi agency co located to manage CSE in Medway Implement findings of review of CSE unit.		professionals, voluntary groups, wider community including hard to reach groups. Improvement of identification, prevention, support disruption and prosecutions Development of a reliable multi-agency data set.	and implemented. Co location of social worker managed by CSE Operational lead within co location with police MASE Group and Risk management panel	capable of recording CSE cases. Analysis and identification of victims through data analyst within CSE Unit; social work pathways for identified victims; themes and early identification to safeguard young people in Medway	development P & I /CSC AD MSCB MASE
SR 09b.07	A comprehensive strategy in place to ensure that partner agencies cooperate to identify and deal with CYP who are identified as, or at risk of becoming, victims or perpetrators of CSE, missing, have been radicalised or are at risk of		An area wide group – Community Safety Partnership, Medway YOT Board and MSCB - co-ordinates and monitors Prevent work. Vulnerable young people are safeguarded and risks	Prevent training and awareness is provided to all key staff, schools and governors. Child Protection courses cover the risk of radicalisation Community groups are offered training to raise awareness of the	- By December 2015 - From January 2016 - From January 2016	By YOT Board or Community Safety Partnership and MSCB MSCB
	radicalisation. Other professionals and community groups have an understanding and an awareness of the Governments Prevent agenda		to the community are minimalized Medway agencies share information on vulnerable young people at risk of radicalisation.	Prevent agenda and to identify young people who might be at risk of radicalisation.		

As per star chamber and procurement

forward plan.

CORPORATE RISK REGISTER

SR 25	Adult Social Care Transformation	Owner	Deputy Director, Interim AD Children's & Adults Social Care	Adult Se	ervices Portfolio	Current Risk Score	В	II	Reviewed	July 2016	
Link t	o Corporate Priority Supporting Medu	way's People to	Realise Their Pote	ntial							
Vulne	rability		Trigger			Consequences	;				
The local population of older people and disabled adults is ncreasing significantly - Joint Strategic Needs Analysis, POPPI and PANSI intelligence.			Care Act implement	Demographic impact. Potentially significant increase in spend on a spend on							
The arm Medwa care and The acceptable of the CC deliver Transf better There take lot The traccorpor	New responsibilities for the LA resulting from the Care Act will nerease pressure on Adult Social Care services. The ambition of the Better Care Fund (BCF) is to describe Medway's potential for the integration of Adult health and social care and then to deliver the agreed integration. The achievement of these ambitions represents a significant challenge to the local authority and our health partners (The Council only controls a small proportion of the system, alongside the CCG and Medway Foundation Trust). The development and delivery of the Kent and Medway Sustainability and Transformation Plan may have an impact on our ability to ensure better out of hospital care and improved integration. There is a risk that the changes needed across the system will take longer to implement than our current ambitions state. The transformation of Adult Social Care will continue to require corporate support and there is a risk that a lack of organisational capacity and resilience may slow progress.		roadmap for integrathere are national a 2020. Whilst the overall nremains same, the within that overall a	ation by 3 ambitions ational an priorities ambition r round nat	1 March 2017. In addition for further integration by histon for integration and timescales for delivery hay shift at a national ional policy and budget in	the Potential risk around supporting wider health economy. by very					
Code	Description	naged By	Desired Outcome		Output	Miles	tones/	PIs		Monitoring	
SR 25.	01 Personal Budgets giving Der	outy Director,	Best outcomes for	people	All clients are offered Pers	onal Perso	onal Bu	idgets pe	erformance	Monthly.	

(as per their support plans) Budgets/Direct Payments.

Joint strategies and commissioning

plans with NHS.

and best value for the

Local Authority as

commissioner.

statutory body and

as per KPI.

Category Management project

on high cost placements.

people more choice and

Commissioning sufficient

capacity and a suitably wide Assistant Director

control.

Children & Adults

Interim AD Adults

Social care

Code	Description	Managed By	Desired Outcome	Output	Milestones/PIs	Monitoring
	range of services to meet need. Prevention, including technology enabled care services, early help and reablement short term services to maximise independence. Close management oversight, and action as required, to manage the budget. Short term management actions are being taken to reduce any overspend. New responsibilities arising from Care Act, for example, providing assessments and services for carers and self funders.	Partnership Commissioning	A safe and stable local sector of providers that can meet our local needs and provide high quality care and support to older people, disabled adults and carers.	The Provider Forum engages the sector and assists us to work in partnership in a meaningful and effective way. ASC Strategy and associated key projects. Monthly scrutiny of budgets at AMT and audits of practice and Personal Budgets/Direct Payments. Management action as required. Implementation of Care Act changes.	End of year spend within budget. Programme developed and underway. Dynamic Purchasing System. Increase the number and effectiveness of reviews. Reduction in delayed transfers of care	Monthly at AMT and quarterly at CADMT. Adult Social Care Improvement Board. Gateway process as per procurement forward plan. Council plan monitoring — implementation of Care Act is a key project.

SR 25.02	Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS) post Cheshire West judgement, resulted in a rapid increase in the number of applications for DoLS, challenging several parts of the system – administration, Best Interest Assessors, Advocacy services. Risk of legal challenge and breaching statutory timeframes.	Deputy Director, Interim Director Children & Adults	People in a care home or hospital are not deprived of their liberty illegally.	DoLS applications to Medway as a Supervisory Body are processed and assessments carried out within timeframes. Establish DoLS Review Group to examine processes, digitization and other workflow improvements.	Setting up of Medway DoLS office – complete. Communication to care homes and other relevant settings to ensure compliance with the Mental Capacity Act 2005. Recruitment and training of the required number of Best Interest Assessors. Reduction in the number of DoLS cases awaiting authorisation	Breaches monitored weekly. Updates to AMT. DoLS Review Group report to CADMT. DH Quarterly monitoring report. DH annual statutory return.
SR 25.03	Risk that the introduction of the Care Act 2014 will result in a significant rise in the cost of provision and implementation costs from April 2020. Still too early to tell what impact will be on current social care budgets or plans.	Deputy Director for Children and Adults	To be care act compliant in line with national timescales.	Introduction of a cap on the costs of care, means testing and new appeals process	Phase 2 of Care Act from April 2020 Note: The original implementation date for phase 2 was April 2016. The Care and Support Minister announced in July 2015 that the cap will now be delayed until April 2020. Full modelling and financial implications have not yet been undertaken. The final statutory regulations and guidance are not however expected until October 2015.	We have undertaken an initial impact assessment of the effects of the Care Act, are carrying out further financial modelling and will continue to refine our assumptions as we develop our final Better Care Fund response.
SR 25.04	Shifting of resources to fund new joint interventions and schemes might destabilise current service providers, particularly in the acute sector To work with Health colleagues to develop a vision for integration at a Medway level.	Assistant Director, Partnership Commissioning	To describe Medway's potential for integration by nationally set timeframes	Working closely with MFT and CCG to bring in agreed programmes that will manage the channel-shift process	To describe the route-map for integration by 31 March 2017 Note: We are working to national timescales that are currently under review and the council is one third of the triangular partnership so not able to exercise overall control.	A Transition Plan will be developed and implemented with Medway NHS Foundation Trust to ensure areas of concern are identified early and appropriate actions implemented in a timely fashion. Contingency plans

												put in place Joint Commissioning Management Group (JCMG) and Health and Wellbeing Board
SR 25	Operational pressus workforce will rest ability to deliver the investment and as projects to make the of care outlined in Care Fund submissional reality, including was recruitment, skills and change manage. To ensure that all commissioning e.g. First and Intermed does not put a pre ASC budget and were ability to deliver the state of the stat	rict the ne required che vision a vorkforce analysis gement. integrated j. Home diate Care essure on	artnership	A review of the ser within the "ring fer pooled budget will those services that additional resource additionally it will i those services not performing or when the services are achaeross ASC as well health	nced" / identify require dentify re need	The ambition for the partn 2016 and beyond needs to developed in line with rapi changing needs, central poto be formalised) and avairesources. Delivery of Integrated Commissioning activity.	integration by 31 March 2017 Note: We are working to national timescales that are currently under review and the council is one third of the triangular partnership so not able to exercise overall control.		the overall organisational development			
				Director of Children's Services (Lead Member) Portfolio Educational Attainment and Improvement Portfolio		Current F Score	Risk	С	П	Reviewed	July 2016	
Link t	to Corporate Priority Sur	pporting Med	dway's People to I	Realise Their Pote	ntial							
Vulne	erability			Trigger			Consequences					
school acadel Schoo judger interve Cover to bee	Councils are accountable for the outcome of performance of all schools but have reduced levers to drive action and change. In academies the only lever is to refer the school to the Regional Schools Commissioner. In maintained schools, poor inspection judgements or coasting schools are expected to be subject to intervention by the Regional Schools Commissioner. The Government's expectation is for all schools in special measures to become academies The OFSTED school inspection framework replaces 'satisfactory' with 'requires improvement'. Any school with 2 consecutive 'requires improvement' will be in a category.			A failing OFSTED inspection for a maintained school for which the Council has a statutory responsibility or a coasting judgement on the basis of pupil progress.								gh Ofsted reports and and community mes a sponsored ences to Medway ys the legal costs for

					impac	impacted negatively.				
Code	Description	Managed By	Desired Outcome	Output		Milestones/PIs	Monitoring			
SR 27. 01	Analysis of school data is used to agree a school partnership rating so that appropriate support can be put in place. Analysis of academy data is used to refer an academy to the regional Schools Commissioner	School Effectiveness and Inclusion (AD)	Schools results in line with or exceed nationally expected progress measures.	School Challenge and Improvement Team supp schools to identify action to improve pupil progress. Data shows progress to be with similar schools nation then to be in upper quart. Implementation of School Improvement Strategy.	s needed s. be in line bnally and tile.	Number of schools below floor threshold reduces Number of schools in an OFSTED category reduces and remains low. Number of coasting schools is low	RAMP meetings with head and Chair of Governors. CADMT performance reports. Council Plan monitoring. School Effectiveness Strategic Board.			
SR 27.02		School Effectiveness and Inclusion (AD)	Schools move up from requires improvement to Good and from Good to Outstanding.	 Core SCI training develop delivered in a targeted w OFSTED preparation in planting Senior Leadership Team Governors. NLES and LLEs linked to give additional experience on for delivering good an practice. Work closely with the teas school alliances to develop leadership and improve to feaching across subjective. 	ay. lace for (SLT) and schools to the to draw and better aching the quality	OFSTED judgements place more schools in the Good or Outstanding categories.	SCI team meetings. OFSTED liaison and monitoring. CADMT performance reports. Council Plan monitoring. School Effectiveness Strategic Board.			

SR 17	Deliver	ing regeneration	Owner	Regeneration, r		investment, strategic ration and partnerships o	Current I Score					July 2016
Link	to Corpo	orate Priority Maximise Reg	generation and Ecor	nomic Growth								
Vuln	erability			Trigger			Consequences					
Medway's regeneration plans to regenerate the area with 50,000 people to Medway up to 20,000 jobs and 29,000 new homes in the next 20 plus years. There are challenges for the provision and maintenance of effective infrastructure. Particular areas of concern are flood protection, highways and water capacity. It is vital the benefits are felt by the population of Medway, so that the new jobs are not filled by only people from outside the area. Economic uncertainty could delay regeneration and growth, impacting on strategic decisions and inward investment.			The Council fails to achieve the economic, social and infrastructure regeneration agenda. House/property building companies start to delay developments. Potential lack of companies wanting to locate in Medway.			Not ablexpectation Deterion Investrement Young Low sk Discontinuities Increase	al dama e to me ons. rating p nent wa people ills base nect be nance o ed com	physical asted. are no tween of low a muting	Council mber, galand in tatere g some skills ar spiration gand p	's reputation. covernment as afrastructure d for in the 'n residents res	new world'. nains. nt opportunities.	
Code		Description	Managed By	Desired Outcome		Output	Milestones/PIs			ls		Monitoring
SR 1		identified.	Director of Regeneration, Culture, Environment & Transformation	Identification of inwa investment priorities		Progressing key regeneration and infrastructure plan join KCC.		out th	e work ence; ear de	of fund and inv		Quarterly
SR 1		impact of lack of funding	Director of Regeneration, Culture, Environment & Transformation	HCA confirm any fun commitment to proje and plans for HCA si	ects	Funding identified to conting regeneration.	nding identified to continue Regeneration projects agreed with Members.		ts agreed	Quarterly		
SR 1		developers to lever in	Director of Regeneration, Culture, Environment & Transformation	External financial arrangements to fund transformational programmes and del plans that are impler on time and to budge	liver mented	I I		n indivi	dual delivery	Quarterly		

Code	Description	Managed By	Desired Outcome	Output	Milestones/PIs	Monitoring
SR 17.05	Working with the Local Enterprise Partnership to attract funds to Medway.	Director of Regeneration, Culture, Environment & Transformation	programmes and deliver	Growing Places Fund (GPF): £4.4m Rochester Riverside; £2.99m Chatham Waterfront. £4m for Strood Flood Defences £29m Local Growth Funding from the Local Enterprise Partnership.	As detailed in individual delivery plans.	Quarterly
SR17.06	Working towards the adoption of the new Medway Local Plan	Director of Regeneration, Culture, Environment & Transformation	New Local Plan and Planning Policy Guidance adopted	To complete the development of the Local Plan and Planning Policy Guidance as outlined in the Local Development Scheme published 2015	 Preferred options consultation completed in Jan/Feb 2016 Publication Nov/Dec 2017 Submission March 2018 Anticipated adoption Dec 2018 	Development Plans Advisory Group Meetings
SR17.07	To seek additional external funding opportunities	Assistant Director Physical and Cultural Regeneration	Ensuring Medway's Regeneration programme is delivered.	Additional funding streams identified and secured.	 To seek funding opportunities to develop innovative public service solutions Facilitating the delivery of the Inward Investment Strategy by March 2017 Encouraging the delivery of homes through investigation of new financial models and release of Council owned sites. 	Council Plan Qtr monitoring

Consequences	Procurement and Tendering savings – Owner capacity and delivery	Legal and Corporate Services (AD)	Resources Portfolio	Current Risk Score	С	П	Reviewed	July 2016						
Strategic Sourcing Plans and standard procurements do not realise the savings predicted and included in budget projections. Contracts are not appropriately and consistently managed such that the potential for regular reviews and annual reductions are not taken. Inability to continue identifying contract and commissioning savings. Agreed contract and commissioning savings identified in the budget are not delivered. Budget pressures - Council does not achieve value for money. - Damage to reputation. - Increased costs of purchasing services. - Not achieving cost efficiencies. - Overspend on budget allocation. - Failing to achieve Members' expectations.	Link to Corporate Priority Giving Value for Money	nk to Corporate Priority Giving Value for Money												
Audit reviews reveal weaknesses. Contracts are not appropriately and consistently managed such that the potential for regular reviews and annual reductions are not taken. Inability to continue identifying contract and commissioning savings. Agreed contract and commissioning savings identified in the budget are not delivered. Audit reviews reveal weaknesses. Market inflationary pressure on prices Market inflationary pressure on prices - Damage to reputation. - Increased costs of purchasing services. - Not achieving cost efficiencies. - Overspend on budget allocation. - Failing to achieve Members' expectations.	Vulnerability	Trigger		Consequences										
	Contracts are not appropriately and consistently managed such that the potential for regular reviews and annual reductions are not taken. Inability to continue identifying contract and commissioning savings. Agreed contract and commissioning savings identified in the budget are not delivered.	- Audit revi	ews reveal weaknesses.	Damage to repIncreased costNot achieving ofOverspend on	outatio s of pu cost ef budge	n. urchasin ficiencie t allocat	g services. es. tion.							

Code	Description	Managed By	Desired Outcome	Output	Milestones/PIs	Monitoring
SR 21.01	Member chaired Procurement Board with the Council's Monitoring Officer responsible for the strategic procurement direction that meets every four weeks.	Legal and Corporate Services (AD)	To deliver the Procurement Strategy.	Procurement Board meets every four weeks.	On-going.	Every four weeks.
SR 21.02	Forward Procurement Plans in place for each category theme (people, place and corporate).	Category Management	Timely commencement of procurement ensuring contracts are in place.	Plans monitored by the Procurement Board every four weeks.	Taken over by Category Management team after "go- live" in December 2012.	Every four weeks.
SR 21.03	Strategic Sourcing Plans which are agreed with the relevant service and monitored regularly.	Category Management	Predicted savings that are sensible and achievable and the ability to take alternative action if under performance occurs.	Regular savings reports to the Portfolio Holder and to the Finance team.	Completed and due to be monitored in 2015/16.	Procurement Board strategic oversight with Category Management team day-to-day management.
SR 21.04	Building capacity in contract management including the	Category Management	Good regular engagement with suppliers. Regular	Identification of contract management savings.	Commenced and to be reported throughout 2015/16.	Portfolio Holder strategic

	use of external support.		discussions about performance and savings.			oversight with Category Management team day-to-day management.
SR 21.01	Cabinet and Corporate Management Team joint review of agreed budget savings and timetable	Chief Finance Office Chief Legal Officer	To deliver budget savings to an agreed timetable	Budget quarterly monitoring	Budget out-turn	Regular
SR 21.02	Member chaired Procurement Board which meets regularly	Chief Finance Officer Chief Legal Officer & Category Management team	Timely delivery of procurement ensuring mobilisation of contracts and delivery of savings	Procurement Board governance reports Forward Procurement Plans Commissioning team plans	Budget savings	Regular
SR 21.03	Regular updates to Leader and other relevant Portfolio Holders	Chief Finance Officer Chief Legal Officer Partnership Commissioning (AD)	Predicted savings that are sensible and achievable and the ability to take alternative action if under performance occurs.	Regular savings reports to the Portfolio Holder and to the Finance team.	Due to be monitored throughout 2016/17.	Regular
SR 21.04	Good liaison between Category Management team and Joint Commissioning team and other Council teams	Chief Legal Officer Partnership Commissioning (AD)	Good regular engagement with teams. Regular discussions about performance and savings.	Procurement Board reports Procurement Board governance report Updates to Cabinet/CMT Agreed programme of commissioning procurements	Due to be monitored throughout 2016/17.	Regular
SR21.05		Chief Legal Officer Partnership Commissioning (AD)	Good regular engagement with suppliers. Regular discussions about performance and savings.	Contract management data	On-going	Regular

	Business continuity and emergen planning	cy Owner			s management (cross Portfolio	Current Ri Score	isk D	H	Reviewed	July 2016				
Link t	o Corporate Priority ALL													
Vulne	rability		Trigger			Conseque	nces							
an Em Struct emerg Every threat trivial,	business activity is at risk of disruptic s, which vary in magnitude from catas and include pandemic flu, fire, flood, es and accidental or malicious damago	found wanting or negligent in its planning and/or operational response			Lack of c Essentia Commun Resident Local pre Compari groups A death,	elear commitservice prication be sexpect neess quick to sons made or deaths	unication riorities at tween agree from o seize is with other.	n lines not clearly und gencies and th n their Council ssue. ner local autho ommunity	e public is poor.					
Code	Description	Managed By	Desired Outcome		Output	I	Milestones	/PIs		Monitoring				
SR 02	O1 Continue to develop the Council's Emergency Plan.	Director of Regeneration, Culture, Environment & Transformation	- Revised plan agree CMT t - Continued engage with Kent Resilience - Staff trained in emergency response management	ement e Forum	- Existing plan in place - Programme of on-going review of COMAH plans -		- Draft pla - Relevant 2015.		in place. ining during	On-going				
SR 02	Business continuity plans completed to implement the actions.	Director of Regeneration, Culture, Environment & Transformation	All services will have up-to-date and teste Business Continuity	ed Plan.	- BCM Policy agreed BCM principles and project aims communicated to divisional management teams across the Council A Corporate Recovery Plan IT Recovery Plan in place Draft flu plans in place Winter preparedness plans in place.		 BCM principles and project aims communicated to divisional management teams across the Council. A Corporate Recovery Plan. IT Recovery Plan in place. Draft flu plans in place. Winter preparedness plans in 		 BCM principles and project aims communicated to divisional management teams across the Council. A Corporate Recovery Plan. IT Recovery Plan in place. Draft flu plans in place. Winter preparedness plans in 		Plans teste	d.		Quarterly reports to Strategic Risk Management Group

Regular

Regular

Regular

CORPORATE RISK REGISTER

SR 32	Data and I	Information	Owner	1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Current Risk Score	D	П	Reviewed	July 2016	
Link t	to Corporat	te Priority Giving Value	for Money				-			•	•
Vulne	erability			Trigger			Consequence	es			
Moves to implement the Digital Strategy with innovative collaborations about "Big Data" open the Council to increased information risk particularly regarding personal and health data. Conversely not sharing information with partners and others minimises the Council's ability to improve service delivery and reduce costs.				- ICO Audit r - Digital Stra	 ICO Audit reveals areas for improvement Digital Strategy Not achieving cos Failing to achieve 				eads to damage to reputation. ing cost efficiencies through Digital Strategy cha achieve Members' expectations. ind new innovations		
Code	Des	scription	Managed By	Desired Outcome		Output		Milestone	s/PIs		Monitoring
SR32.	Boa	gital Strategy Officer ard includes the Senior formation Risk Owner	Legal and Corporate Services (AD)	To ensure that appr safeguards are in p sharing information	lace for	Privacy Impact Assessments (PIAs) ISAs and Standards Operating Procedures (SOPs) detailing roles and responsibilities.		erating			Regular
SR32.	I	formation Sharing reement (ISA) for Kent	Legal and Corporate Services (AD)	Provides the basis f within Kent organis		PIAs, ISAs and SOPs and where appropriate Data Licence On-going				Kent ISA reviewed annually	

Agreements.

where relevant

FOI and SAR statistics

Periodic ICO audits

Minutes of SIGG meetings attended

Health, RCC and C&A Departments

by representatives from Public

PIAs, ISAs and SOPs co-signed

On-going

On-going

Ad hoc as and when required.

outside

initiatives

Providing a corporate

discuss risk areas

A team dedicated to

overview of all information

Good regular engagement to

increasing control around IG

and other related issues.

risk across projects and

Legal and Corporate

Legal and Corporate

Legal and Corporate

Services (AD)

Services (AD)

Services (AD)

SR32.03

SR32.04

SR32.05

Security and Information

Meetings between Senior

Information Risk Officer and

Caldicott Guardian (Deputy Director C&A) on specific

Governance Group

New Information

Governance (IG) team

created to augment the

Council's response to IG

risks

SR 33	Impact of Welfare R	eform	Owner	Chief Finance Officer	Leader'	s Portfolio	Current R Score	risk D	П	Reviewed	July 2016
Link t	o Corporate Priority	Supporting Medwa	ay's People to Read	ch Their Potential and	d Giving	Value for Money					
Vulne	rability			Trigger			Conseque	iences			
A wide range of changes in Government policy under the broad banner of 'Welfare Reform' could have a significant impact on the Council's resources. Some could impact directly on the Council's resources, such as the introduction of the living wage and the 1% per annum reduction in social rents, whereas others impact adversely on a cohort of the more vulnerable members of the community, which in turn increases demand for some the Council's core services – social care, housing and revenues and benefits. As the changes are implemented on a phased basis the Council not able to fully predict the impact they will have on its resources.			major programme of welfare reform, with the broad aims of encouraging people back into work and addressing a perceived 'dependency culture' in Britain. These measures have included: - Changes to tax allowances and thresholds - Reform of benefits (eg. Universal Credit, the cap) - Changes in eligibility for social housing			☐ Impact on some of the most vulnerable citizens. ☐ Consequent impact on demand for core council servi ☐ Transfer of additional responsibilities to local authori ☐ Direct and indirect impacts on council staffing resoun ☐ Direct Impact on Rent Income Stream to HRA ☐ Increase in homelessness/Evictions☐ Negative local and reputational damage. ☐ Unidentified customers impacted by the welfare refo presenting to the Council too late to prevent homele				ouncil services. ccal authorities. ffing resources. HRA gative local publicity velfare reform	
Code	Description	Ma	naged By	Desired Outcome		Output	Milestones/PIs			Monitoring	
SR 33	.01 Provide direct support for the vulnerable me community.	e most	I Watts	Customers are able sustain tenancies a mortgages. Families remain res and less likely to no Council care service	and silient eed	scheme; • Discretionary relie	Council tax reduction scheme; Discretionary relief; Enhanced housing benefit;		their ho age arrea session of arrears of authority sector d ered soc housing	duty following melessness ars or other)	Government P1E quarterly returns (homelessness)
SR 33	.02 Establishment Reform Officer take forward ti recommendati Welfare Reforn Task Group.	he ons of the	I Watts	Staff from different services and direct provides a joined u approach, meeting challenges the welf reform poses for ou customers. In add many of our reside possible are deliver	orates ip the fare ur ition as nts as	Establish a Welfare Reform Officer Group incorporating members from relevant services. Produce and deliver an action plan timplement the recommendations of the Welfare Reform Members Task Group.		six monthly O&S Comn	update hittee: 6 017	and provide reports to	Welfare Reform Officer Group Six monthly updates to BSD O&S

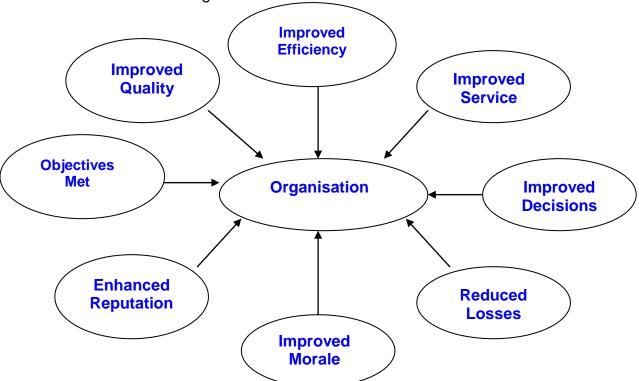
			consistent message.	Regular reporting.	February 2018	
SR 33.03	The direct provision of and referral to money advice services.	Various	Customers are clearly signposted to free and independent money and debt advice, which will help them in budgeting and managing debts.	Produce specification for service provision and tender. Tender service and award service contract. Brief staff on procedures. Launch service and undertake wide publicity campaign for our customers.	Number of referrals made Number of referrals made where debt in line with Council tax arrears and rent arrears reduce	Quarterly
SR 33.04	Closer working with the DWP in relation to implementation of Universal Credit.		Deliver the Council's commitments in terms of the Delivery Partnership Agreement.	Undertake joint meetings and working arrangements with DWP. Undertake joint publicity campaign to signpost customers to the DWP and where appropriate support them with online access to the application process. Formalise debt advice services.	Number of joint events held with partners to promote Universal Credit	Welfare reform Officer group Six monthly updates to BSD O&S
SR 33.05	Review of the HRA business plan to address the impact of the 1% reduction in rents and the high value subsidy figure which is being legislated in the proposed Housing Bill.	Marc Blowers	The Council has a clear understanding of future viability of HRA business plan and delivery of services, allowing the Council to plan effectively for the future provision of the service	Review the business plan once the Housing and Planning Bill has been passed and the high value subsidy figure is announced (expected June 2016) Consult on the plan with HRA tenants and present to BSD O&S.	Monitoring of Business Plan annually Quarterly budget monitoring. O&S report on revised HRA business plan – October 2016	O&S Committee Quarterly budget monitoring

1. Introduction

- 1.1 Risk management is an integral part of good governance. The Council recognises that it has a responsibility to identify and manage the barriers to achieve its strategic objectives and enhance the value of services it provides to the community.
- 1.2 This strategy incorporates and:
 - promotes a common understanding of risk;
 - outlines roles and responsibilities across the Council;
 - proposes a methodology that identifies and manages risk in accordance with best practice thereby seeking to prevent injury, damage, loss and reducing the cost of risk.
- 1.3 The strategy sets out:
 - a definition of risk and what is meant by risk management.
 - actions that need to be taken.
 - roles and responsibilities.
- 1.4 The strategy will be reviewed annually to ensure that it remains up-todate and continues to reflect the Council's approach to risk management.

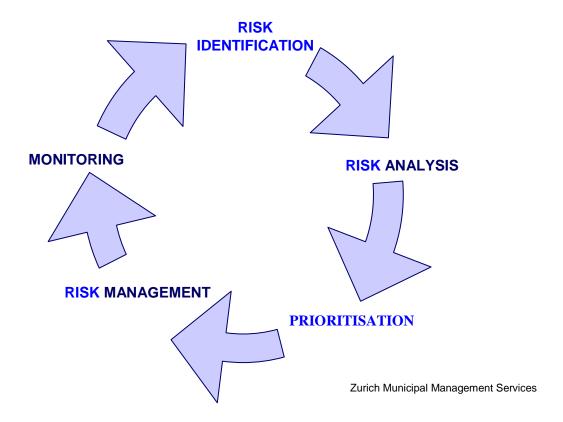
2. The Benefits of Risk Management

2.1 The following diagram sets out the benefits that are associated with sound risk management.



3. What is Risk Management?

- 3.1 Risk management is a focus on the risks facing the Council, making the most of opportunities (making the right decisions) and achieving objectives once those decisions are made.
- 3.1.1 The process of risk management can be illustrated through the risk management cycle:



- 3.2 Risk helps to deliver performance improvement and is at the core of decision-making, business planning, managing change and innovation. It needs to be practised at both management and service delivery level. It enables the effective use of resources, secures the assets of the organisation and its continued financial and organisational well-being.
- 3.3 There are two types of risks:

direct threats (damaging events/issues) which could lead to a failure to achieve objectives. An example might be severe flooding in Strood affecting the local economy and residential properties.

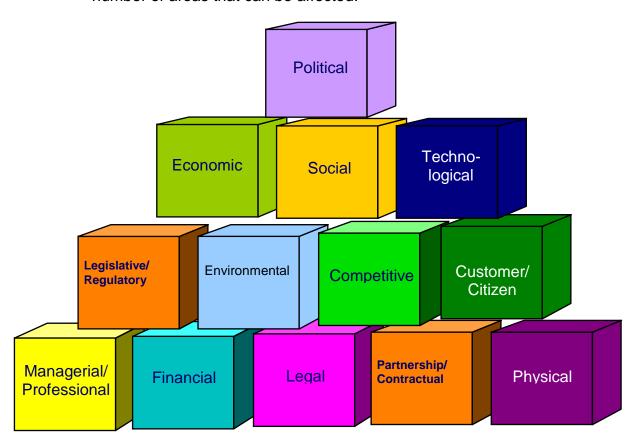
opportunities (constructive events/issues) which if exploited could offer an improved way of achieving objectives, but which are surrounded by threats. An example was the move to the new Corporate HQ with all ICT in one building. Having established a potential risk there is a need to work on a strategy to mitigate the risk. This particular risk has been successfully dealt with.

3.4 Business v Operation risks

<u>Business/service risks</u>: Those which have been identified as potentially damaging to the achievement of the Council's objectives and departmental/ service business plans. An example might be a major fire in a Council School.

<u>Operational risks:</u> Risks which managers and staff are likely to encounter in the day-to-day work situations. An example might be a loss of key staff.

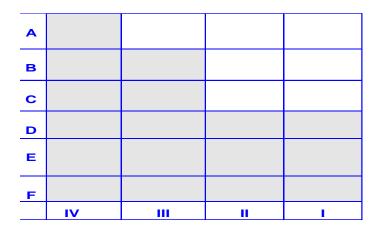
3.5 Risk is a condition, an act, situation or event with the ability or potential to impact on customers, units/departments by either enhancing or inhibiting corporate/departmental performance, attainment of corporate/departmental objectives or meeting customers and stakeholders' expectations. The Scope of Business Risk model below shows the number of areas that can be affected.



Zurich Municipal Management Services

- 3.6 Risk are benchmarked against corporate goals:
 - <u>a)</u> <u>Impact:</u> To what extent the issue, assuming it were to manifest itself to the degree defined in the consequences, would impact on the organisation's ability to achieve its vision, aims and priorities? These are measured as:
 - I Catastrophic (Showstopper)
 - II Critical
 - III Marginal
 - IV Negligible
 - **b)** <u>Likelihood: (resource allocation</u>): Taking into account existing measures to manage issue (not those planned or not yet in operation), how likely is the 'impact' to occur within the timeframe of the corporate plan. These are measured as:
 - A Very high
 - B High
 - C Significant
 - D Low
 - E Very low
 - F Almost impossible
- 3.7 It may not be cost-effective to manage all risks even significant ones. In these circumstances the Council may decide to tolerate the risk.

To help the Council make that decision, all risks will be categorised using the measures detailed at 3.6 and plotted against the Council's Strategic Risk Profile shown below:



The Council have agreed the tolerance line be drawn at CII (Significant & Critical). The Council will then decide what action to take to monitor such risks.

- 3.8 Risks will be regularly monitored using service planning and AD Quarterly Reports and the Council's performance management system (Covalent). Risks above the tolerance line (CII) will be escalated to the next management level as detailed in Appendix 1.
- 3.9 Effective risk management includes regularly reviewing our emergency planning programmes and service continuity management to maintain a high standard in our response to potential crises. This means developing, implementing and maintaining an action oriented process for responding to any emergency, managing major incidents and recovering the service level to the local community.

4. Roles & Responsibilities

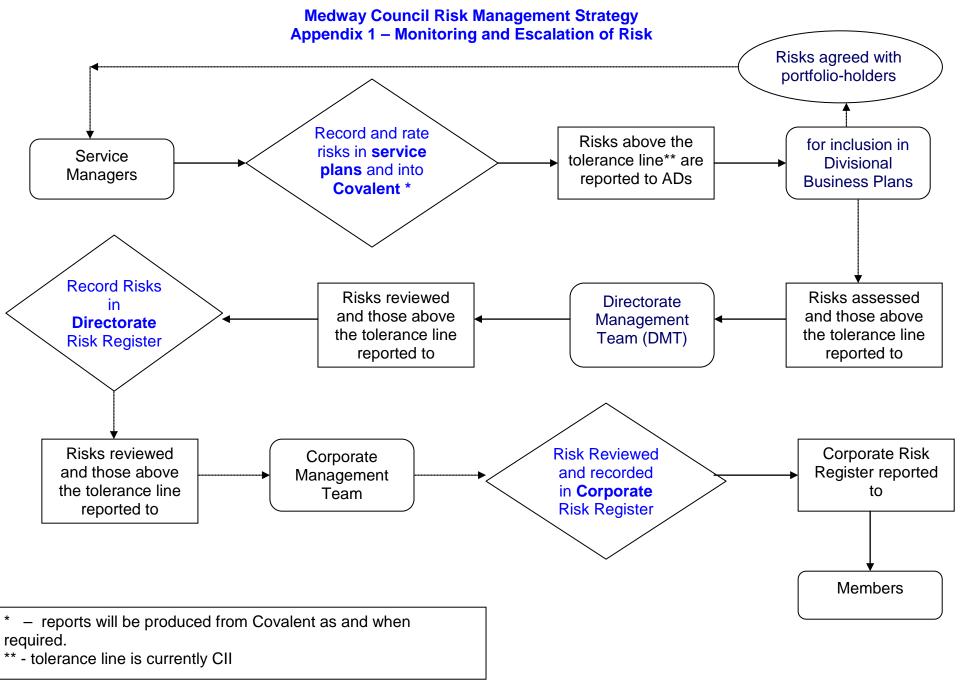
4.1 The following details the roles and responsibilities for delivering risk management.

Who	Roles & Responsibilities		
Members	commit to the Risk Management Strategy.		
	 review risks through the 6 monthly reports on key strategic risks and information contained in the Council Plan, Cabinet reports and AD Quarterly Reports. 		
Management Team (MT)	review and manage the Council's key strategic risks every 6 months.		
	 provide leadership and support to promote a culture in which risks are managed with confidence at the lowest appropriate level. 		
Strategic Risk Management Group	 chair of group to sponsor risk management at MT (currently Director of Regeneration, Community and Culture). 		
(Membership shall be: A chairman who is a nominated director and appropriate representation	 ensure the Council's key strategic risks are reviewed, updated and presented to MT every 6 months. 		
from each Directorate with an overall responsibility for risk issues.)	 regularly review the risk management and control process employed across the Council. 		

Who Roles & Responsibilities					
Strategic Risk Management Group	review findings and recommendations of external auditors, internal audit or other relevant third parties in relation to risk management.				
	 review the impact of any changes in the organisation on the risk management process and the response to these changes including the update of the risk register. 				
	 champion risk management, the practice, awareness and buy-in across the organisation. 				
	 provide strategic support to the development of service continuity plans and the emergency planning service. 				
Directorate Management Teams (DMT)	ultimate responsibility for the management of all directorate risks and maintenance of a sound system of internal control within the directorate and across partnership working				
	 review and monitor the effectiveness of the risk management actions relative to the significant key risks to the directorate on a quarterly basis. 				
	 reflect significant changes to business objectives and related risks and, where relevant, address them in the Directorate Business Plan. 				
Assistant Directors	oversee the effective implementation of risk management within their service area within the agreed principles and framework.				
	discuss significant key risks and risk management actions with their portfolio holders and report on progress through the AD Quarterly Reports.				
	alert Directorate Management Team (DMT) if impact or likelihood of the risk increases.				

Medway Council Risk Management Strategy

Nisk Management Strategy		
Who	Roles & Responsibilities	
Service Managers	 identify risks for their service areas, assess them for likelihood and impact, propose actions to mitigate them and allocate responsibility for the controls mitigating the risk. 	
	record them into service plans.	
	 discuss significant key risks and risk management actions with AD and reporting progress through the AD Quarterly Reports. 	
	 alert their line manager if impact or likelihood of the risk increases. 	
Staff at all levels within the Council	 identify, assess and report risks within their service areas. practice risk management in their day to day activities. alert their line manager if impact or likelihood of the risk increases. 	





Serving You

DRAFT

Risk Management Framework

Medway Council

Published XXXXX 2016 Version 0.1

Version control

Version No.	Change	Date

APPENDIX D

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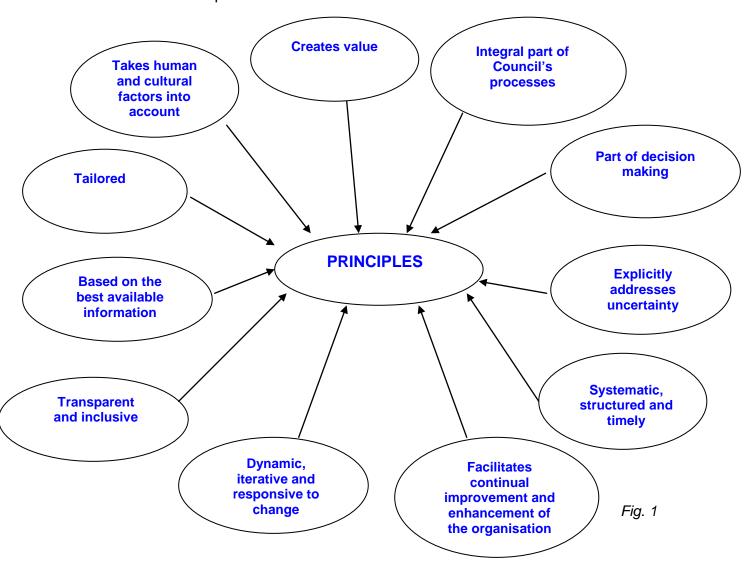
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1. Introduction

- 1.1 Risk management is an integral part of good governance. The Council recognises that it has a responsibility to identify and manage the barriers and opportunities to achieve its strategic objectives and enhance the value of services it provides to the community.
- 1.2 This strategy incorporates and:
 - promotes a common understanding of risk;
 - proposes a methodology that identifies and manages risk in accordance with ISO31000
 - outlines roles and responsibilities across the Council;
- 1.3 The strategy sets out:
 - a definition of risk management.
 - actions that need to be taken.
 - roles and responsibilities.
- 1.4 The strategy will be reviewed annually to ensure that it remains up-to-date and continues to reflect the Council's approach to risk management.

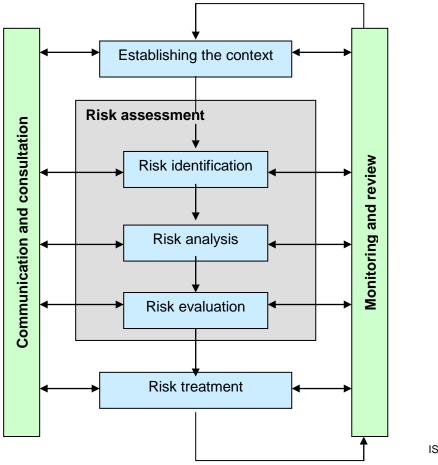
2. The Principles of Risk Management

- 2.1 The following diagram (fig 1) sets out the eleven principles set out in ISO31000 associated with sound risk management, which if adopted, provides Medway Council with the following benefits:
 - Improved efficiency
 - Improved service
 - Improved decisions
 - Reduced losses
 - Improved morale
 - Enhanced reputation
 - Meeting objectives
 - Improved quality
 - Helps identify priorities
 - Helps deliver priorities
 - Defines and manages expectations
 - Maximises delivery within resource allocation
 - Helps to increase resources



3. What is Risk Management?

- 3.1 Risk management is a process which aims to help the Council understand, evaluate and take action on all their risks. It supports effective decision making, identification of priorities and objectives and increases the probability of success by making the most of opportunities and reducing the likelihood of failure.
- 3.2 Risk helps to deliver performance improvement and is at the core of good governance, business planning, managing change, innovation, budget setting, project management, equality and access, contract management. Risk Management also supports the delivery of Medpay and Investors in People accreditation. Risk Management needs to be practised at both management and service delivery level. This enables the effective use of resources; helps secure the assets of the organisation and continued financial and organisational well-being.
- 3.3 The process of risk management can be illustrated through the risk management cycle:



ISO 31000:2009

Fig. 2

- 3.4 The spine of the process is set out as follows:
 - Establish the context: Defining the context (external and internal), setting the scope and agreeing the risk criteria.
 - Identify risks: Identifying and describing the risks. Risk description includes understanding the causes, consequences and control measures for each risk.
 - Analyse risk: Developing and understanding of the risk under different control scenarios. Key questions are:
 - o What is the consequence of the risk?
 - o What is the likelihood of the risk?
 - Evaluate risks: This is the "so what?" question. With a given consequence and likelihood, is the risk tolerable to the organisation, given the risk criteria? The purpose of this stage is to support decision-making.
 - Treat risks: One or more options are selected to manage risk. This stage
 incorporates both decision making and implementation. It also includes
 the decision to take no further action to manage the risk.
- 3.5 This process is continuous, with 'monitoring and review' at each stage (i.e. at any stage it is not too late to update or redefine an earlier stage).
- 3.6 'Communication and consultation' with external and internal stakeholders should take place during all stages of the risk management process. Communication and consultation is required to ensure that stakeholders can input into the process, be engaged and help support the treatment of risk.
- 3.7 Medway Council already has a well defined financial and performance management structure including reporting arrangements via 'the Golden thread'. Figure 4 on page 14 demonstrates how the risk management process should be embedded within this structure.

4. Risk ranking

- 4.1 Risks need to be understood in relation to the level of controls applied:
- 4.1.1 Assuming there are no control measures in place. This is usually referred to as '**inherent risk**'. It is a useful indication of the total exposure that the Council may have to a particular risk, if no control measures are applied or if current controls are ineffective.
- 4.1.2 With control measures that are currently in place, taking into account their effectiveness. This gives the level of risk actually faced. This is usually referred to as 'residual' risk.

4.1.3 Assuming possible additional actions are implemented (such as adding control measures or gathering more information). This is the 'target' level of risk that might arise. Target risk is used to determine whether the level of risk will be acceptable in the future and whether sufficient actions are being taken

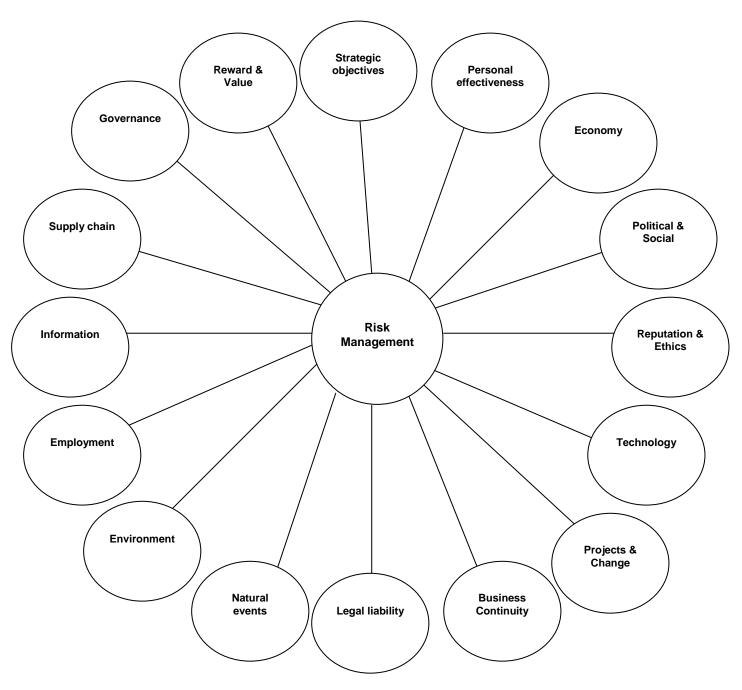
4.2 Strategic v Operation risks

<u>Strategic risks:</u> Those which have been identified as potentially damaging to the achievement of the Council's objectives and departmental/ service business plans. Hypothetical examples might be the Council not being able to meet statutory duties i.e. provision of Special Educational Needs or the Council fails to bid successfully for any European funds.

<u>Operational risks:</u> Risks which managers and staff are likely to encounter in the day-to-day work situations. Hypothetical examples might be health and safety risk for instance if it was deemed our highways were unsafe or waste collection arrangements were exposing the public (and staff) to life threatening risks i.e. chemical spills/asbestos etc.

5. Risk identification

5.1 Risk is a condition, an act, situation or event with the ability or potential to impact on customers, service/departments by either enhancing or inhibiting corporate/departmental performance, attainment of corporate/departmental objectives or meeting customers and stakeholders' expectations. The Scope of Business Risk model below shows the number of areas that can be affected and can be used to help identify risk.



Risk identification tool (A holistic model)

Fig. 3

6. Risk analysis

- 6.1 Risks are benchmarked against corporate priorities and are prioritised by using a risk scoring calculation for both the downside of risk and the opportunities that can be seized with a desirable outcome:
 - <u>a) Impact:</u> To what extent the issue, assuming it were to manifest itself to the degree defined in the consequences, would impact on the organisation's ability to achieve its vision, aims and priorities? These are measured on two axis opportunity and threat:

Opportunity	Threat
I Transformative	I Catastrophic (Showstopper)
II Major	II Major
III Moderate	III Moderate
IV Minor	IV Minor

- **b)** <u>Likelihood: (resource allocation</u>): Taking into account existing measures to manage issues (not those planned or not yet in operation), how likely is the 'impact' to occur within the timeframe of the corporate plan. These are measured as:
 - A Very high
 - B High
 - C Significant
 - D Low
 - E Very low
 - F Almost impossible
- 6.2 It may not be cost-effective to manage all risks even significant ones. In these circumstances the Council may decide to tolerate the risk.
- 6.3 To help the Council make that decision, all risks will be categorised using the measures detailed at 3.6 and plotted against the Council's Strategic Risk matrix shown above.
- 6.4 The Council have agreed the tolerance line be drawn at C2 (Significant & Moderate). The Council will then decide what action to take to monitor such risks.

The Risk Matrix

Likelihood				
A Very high 1:2 probability				
B High 1:10 possible				
C Significant 1:50 possible				
D Low 1:80 possible				
E Very low 1:100 possible				
F Almost impossible 1:1000 possible				
	IV - Minor	III - Moderate	II - Major	I - Catastrophic
	Negative impact			
Objective driven (Customer, people, society or key performance	Slippage and minor deviation	Failure to meet an objective	Failure to meet several objectives	Severe damage to the Council and its services
100% £500m	Unforeseen exper	nditure		
Budget driven (income, expenditure,	0.25%	2.50%	10%	25%
contractors and budget allocation)	£1.25m	£12.5m	£50m	£125m

- 6.5 Risks will be regularly monitored using service planning and Deputy / Assistant Directors Quarterly Reports and the Council's performance management system (Covalent). Risks above the tolerance line (C2) will be escalated to the next management level as detailed in Appendix B.
- 6.6 Effective risk management includes regularly reviewing our emergency planning programmes and service continuity management to maintain a high standard in our response to potential crises. This means developing, implementing and maintaining an action oriented process for responding to any emergency, managing major incidents and recovering the service level to the local community.

7. Roles & Responsibilities

7.1 The following details the roles and responsibilities for delivering risk management.

Who	Roles & Responsibilities
Members	 commit to the Risk Management Framework. review risks through the 6 monthly reports on key strategic risks and information contained in the Council Plan, Cabinet reports and AD Quarterly Reports.
Portfolio holders	Agree and review risks treatments and escalation with Assistant Directors quarterly
Corporate Management Team (CMT)	 identify, review and manage the Council's key strategic risks above the tolerance level every 6 months.
	 provide leadership and support to promote a culture in which risks are managed with confidence at the lowest appropriate level.
	 Agree the risk management framework for the Council
Strategic Risk Management Group	 chair of group to sponsor risk management at CMT (Director of Regeneration, Community and Culture).
(Membership shall be: A chair who is a nominated Director and	 ensure the Council's key strategic risks are reviewed, updated and presented to CMT every 6 months.
appropriate representation from each Directorate with an overall responsibility for risk issues.)	 regularly review the risk management and control process employed across the Council including the risk management framework.
	 review findings and recommendations of external auditors, internal audit or other relevant third parties in relation to risk management.
	 review the impact of any changes in the organisation on the risk management process and the response to these changes including the update of the risk register.
	 champion risk management, the practice, awareness, buy-in across the organisation and identify training needs.
	 provide strategic support to the development of service continuity plans and the emergency planning service

Who	Roles & Responsibilities
Directorate Management Teams (DMT)	 Ensure appropriate representation on the Strategic Risk Management Group
	 ultimate responsibility for the management of all directorate risks and maintenance of a sound system of internal control within the directorate and across partnership working
	 identify, review and monitor the effectiveness of the risk management actions relative to the risks to the directorate in the directorate risk register on a quarterly basis
	 reflect significant changes to business objectives and related risks and, where relevant, address them in the Directorate Business Plan
Deputy / Assistant Directors	oversee the effective implementation of risk management within their service area within the agreed principles and framework
	 discuss significant key risks and risk management actions with their portfolio holders and report on progress through the AD Quarterly Reports
	 alert Directorate Management Team (DMT) if impact, opportunity or likelihood of the risk increases
	 Agree and review risks treatments and escalation with Portfolio Holders quarterly
Service Managers	identify risks for their service areas, assess them for opportunity, likelihood and impact, propose actions to treat them and allocate responsibility for the controls treating the risk within the service risk register
	 record risk treatment into service plans
	 discuss risks and risk treatment actions with AD and report progress through the service managers quarterly update i.e SMQ
	alert their Assistant Director if impact, opportunity or likelihood of the risk increases
Staff at all levels within the Council	identify, assess and report risks within their service areas practice risk management in their day to day.
	practice risk management in their day to day activities
	 alert their line manager if impact, opportunity or likelihood of the risk increases

8. Linking Risk Management to the 'Golden thread' and reporting

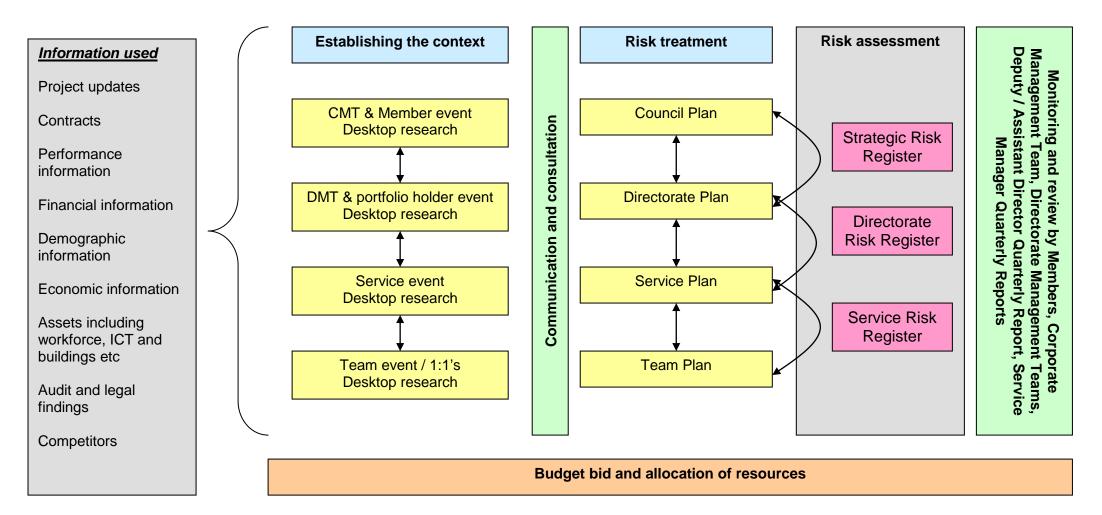


Fig. 4

