

Health and Adult Social Care Overview and Scrutiny Committee – Supplementary agenda no. 1

A meeting of the Health and Adult Social Care Overview and Scrutiny Committee will be held on:

Date: 1 December 2022

Time: 6.30pm

Venue: St George's Centre, Pembroke Road, Chatham Maritime, Chatham

ME4 4UH

Items

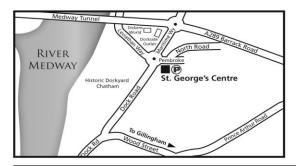
8 Kent and Medway Interim Integrated Care Strategy

(Pages 3 - 74)

This item was not finalised in time for despatch with the main agenda. The Chairman of the Committee is of the opinion that it should be considered at this meeting as a matter of urgency as permitted under section 100B of the Local Government Act 1972 to enable the Committee to consider this item and forward any comments to Cabinet before the Strategy is approved, given the requirement for an interim Strategy to be published by the 31st December 2022.

For further information please contact Michael Turner, Principal Democratic Services Officer on Telephone: 01634 332817 or Email: democratic.services@medway.gov.uk

Date: 24 November 2022



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HEALTH AND ADULT SOCIAL CARE OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

1 DECEMBER 2022

KENT AND MEDWAY INTERIM INTEGRATED CARE STRATEGY

Report from: James Williams, Director of Public Health

Author: Dr David Whiting, Deputy Director of Public Health

Summary

The Health and Social Care Act, 2022, requires Integrated Care Partnerships (i.e., the Joint Committee consisting of Medway Council, Kent County Council (KCC) and the Kent and Medway NHS Integrated Care Board (ICB)) to prepare a strategy setting out how the assessed needs in relation to its area are to be met. On 29 July 2022, the department of health published guidance detailing how integrated care systems should create an integrated care strategy. There is a requirement for an interim strategy to be published by December 2022. The Inequalities Prevention and Population Health Committee (IPPHC) of the Kent and Medway ICB has been tasked with developing the Integrated Care Strategy. This IPPHC has established a steering group, chaired by the ICB Chief Strategy Officer, supported by the Directors of Public Health for Medway and Kent, to produce the strategy for Kent and Medway. The aim is to deliver a concise high-level strategy document circa 50 pages in length, that identifies the key issues for Kent and Medway.

For Medway, the strategy will be taken to Cabinet on 13 December for approval. The strategy also needs to be approved by the two other partners (KCC and ICB), prior to submission on 31 December 2022.

Background

- 1.1 On 29 July 2022, the Department of Health and Social Care (DHSC) published guidance setting out how integrated care systems should create an integrated care strategy. There is a requirement for an interim strategy to be published by the 31st December 2022.
- 1.2 Strategy development guidance includes a requirement to engage with the wider public as well as key stakeholders within the area. Given the short deadline for strategy production, the DHSC acknowledges the December deadline does not allow sufficient time for the desired level of in-depth engagement with the community and stakeholders. The guidance emphasises that the December version of the Integrated Care Strategy is an interim strategy that will be developed and refined further over the following months. The Integrated Care

- Partnership (ICP) has directed that there should be full stakeholder and public engagement on the strategy aims, objectives and format in the new year.
- 1.3 The Inequalities Prevention and Population Health Committee (IPPHC) of the Kent and Medway ICB has been tasked with developing the Integrated Care Strategy. It has been formed a steering group to develop the strategy, led by colleagues from the NHS, with representation from Public Health. An external organisation, called Attain, has been contracted by the NHS to support the production of the strategy.
- 1.4 The aim was to produce a document no more than 50 pages long, aimed at professionals and "interested members of the public". Other versions will be developed in due course for the general public and specific communities as part of the engagement work.
- 1.5 Upper tier local authorities are still required to produce a place focussed Joint Local Health and Wellbeing Strategy (note the word 'local' has been added). The two strategies are required to take note of each other.

2. Analysis

- 2.1. The requirement to deliver an interim strategy by December 31st means that it has not been possible to undertake extensive engagement with professionals across the system, nor with members of the public. Therefore, the ideas represented in the strategy are high-level. They are aligned to address existing and predicted key issues affecting the local population and the health and care system across Kent and Medway. There is a commitment from the ICB that there will be full engagement in the review and refresh of the strategy post 31st of December, with a view to bring the strategy back to Cabinet in the autumn of 2023.
- 2.2. For Medway, the interim strategy will be taken to the Cabinet on 13 December for approval. It will also be taken to the ICB and KCC for approval.
- 2.3. An Equalities Impact Assessment is attached at Appendix 2.

3. Risk Management

Risk	Description	Action to avoid or mitigate risk	Risk rating
One of the three statutory partners declines to approve interim integrated care strategy	If the strategy isn't approved by all three statutory partners, the Kent and Medway Integrated Care System, and the non-signing partner(s) in particular, will suffer reputational damage. The development of the delivery plan to improve services	The leaders of Medway Council and Kent County Council and the Chief Executive of the ICB have pledged to work together to develop the strategy and the delivery plan that will come from it. The Integrated Care Partnership, co-chaired by the	E2

Risk	Description	Action to avoid or	Risk rating
		mitigate risk	
	will be delayed,	leader of Medway	
	adversely affecting	Council has had	
	health and care	an opportunity to	
	outcomes.	comment on the	
		draft and the	
		comments have	
		been addressed.	

1 Likelihood	2 Impact:
A Very high	1 Catastrophic (Showstopper)
B High	2 Critical
C Significant	3 Marginal
D Low	4 Negligible
E Very low	
F Almost impossible	

4. Financial and Legal implications

- 4.1. There are no direct financial implications as a result of the recommendations of this report.
- 4.2. Under the Health and Social Care Act, 2022:
- 4.2.1 An integrated care partnership must prepare a strategy (an "integrated care strategy") setting out how the assessed needs in relation to its area are to be met by the exercise of functions of— (a) the integrated care board for its area, (b) NHS England, or (c) the responsible local authorities whose areas coincide with or fall wholly or partly within its area.
- 4.2.2 The responsible local authority and each of its partner integrated care boards, must prepare a strategy ("a joint local health and wellbeing strategy") setting out how the assessed needs in relation to the responsible local authority's area are to be met by the exercise of functions of— (a) the responsible local authority, (b) its partner integrated care boards, or (c) NHS England.

5. Recommendation

5.1 The Committee is asked to note and comment on the interim integrated care strategy (attached at Appendix 1) and forward its comments to the Cabinet.

Lead officer contact

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Appendices

Appendix 1 - Interim Care Strategy, dated 23 November 2022

Appendix 2 - Equality Impact Assessment

Background papers

None

Acronyms/Glossary

- **ICS** Integrated Care System: the integrated care system is a partnership that brings together NHS organisations, local authorities and others to take collective responsibility for planning services, improving health and reducing inequalities across a geographical area
- ICB Integrated Care Board: a statutory body that is responsible for planning and funding most NHS services in the area
- ICP Integrated care partnership: a statutory committee that brings together a
 broad set of system partners (including local government, the voluntary,
 community and social enterprise sector, NHS organisations and others) to develop
 a health and care strategy for the area
- IC strategy: Integrated Care Strategy



Kent and Medway Interim Integrated Care Strategy





Version Control

Version No	Purpose	Date
1.0	Issued to core Project Team for review.	17/10/22
2.0	Issued to Project Team for second review and commissioning of additional material from content leads where gaps have been identified. Not for wider distribution - Content lead and Steering Group Members' editing only.	19/10/22
3.0	Consolidated version of chapters shared with Project Team at Ashford Symposium feedback workshop 2/11/22. It includes initial review of Symposium outputs and response to comments on v2.0. Outstanding actions are as agreed at workshop for completion by 4/11.	1/11/22
4.0	Incorporating comments and additional content from Symposium and content leads. Distributed to Steering Group for review.	10/11/22
5.0	Incorporating comments from Steering Group and IPPH colleagues.	16/11/22
6.0	Incorporating ICP comments	22/11/22
7.0	Approved by Steering Group	22/11/22

Overall document status:

Content reflects what has been received from a number of colleagues from across Kent and Medway. Thanks for all the input to date. It
has been edited to achieve flow and consistency. Please note all graphics or pictures are placeholders subject to replacement by
communications team. This will also pick up final typesetting and formatting. Coloured panels represent illustrative case
studies/examples only.



Foreword

Welcome to the Interim Integrated Care Strategy. The Integrated Care System is an opportunity for the NHS and Local Authorities to work together in different ways, putting our residents at the heart of everything we do. This Interim Strategy sets out the shared purpose and common aspiration of partners to work in increasingly joined up ways. It is rooted in the needs of people, communities and places and will help us drive forward on the agreed priorities for action across health and social care across Kent and Medway.

The breadth of the Integrated Care System, across Kent County Council and Medway Council, the NHS, District Councils, the Voluntary, Community and Social Enterprise sector (VCSE) and Healthwatch puts us in a unique position to identify opportunities for wider partnerships to strengthen our collective approach to improving longer-term health and wellbeing outcomes. For example, across education, housing, environment, transport, employment, and community safety; these wider social determinants of health, and others, have a significant bearing on the health and wellbeing of communities and health inequalities, particularly for people experiencing deprivation. The Integrated Care Partnership will champion joint approaches and look for opportunities to embed and accelerate these in our strategy.

We truly believe that Together, we can.

That is why we, as the leaders of the Kent and Medway Integrated Care System are signing this pledge and making this commitment through the Integrated Care Strategy.

Our Pledge

Recognising that citizens' health, care and wellbeing are impacted by economic, social and environmental factors more than the health and care services they can access, we pledge to bring the full weight of our organisational and individual efforts to collaborate to enable the people of Kent and Medway to lead the most prosperous, healthy, independent and contented lives they can.

Through this collaborative movement we will work together to reduce economic and health inequalities, support social and economic development, improve public service outcomes, and ensure services for citizens are excellent quality and good value for money. Together, we can.

Signatures to follow

Cedi Frederick, NHS Kent and Medway Clir Alan Jarrett, Medway Council Cllr Roger Gough, Kent County Council







Integrated Care Strategy

We will work together to make health and wellbeing better than any partner can do alone

Shared Outcome 1

Give children the best start in life and work to make sure they are not disadvantaged by where they live or their background, and are free from fear or discrimination.

Shared Outcome 2

Help the most vulnerable and disadvantaged in society to improve their physical and mental health; with a focus on the social determinants of health and preventing people becoming ill in the first place.

Shared Outcome 3

Help people to manage their own health and wellbeing and be proactive partners in their care so they can live happy, independent and fulfilling lives; adding years to life and life to years.

Shared Outcome 4

Support people with multiple health conditions to be part of a team with health and care professionals working compassionately to improve their health and wellbeing.

Shared Outcome 5

Ensure that when people need hospital services, most are available from people's nearest hospital; whilst providing centres of excellence for specialist care where that improves quality, safety and sustainability.

Shared Outcome 6

Make Kent and
Medway a great
place for our
colleagues to live,
work and learn.

Enabler: We will drive research, innovation and improvement across the system

Enabler: We will provide system leadership, and make the most of our collective resources

Enabler: We will engage our communities on this strategy and in co-designing services





INTEREST

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of Health

MANY

SESTRAINT

INSIGHT



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SUCCESS!



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WORKFORCE as well as the

LIVEILLUSTRATION.CO.UK



MANT SHIP VOLUNTARY ORGANISATIONS GATHER

QUALITATIVE DATA



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Foreword

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- 3. Tackling inequalities and wider social determinants of health
- 4. Helping people to manage their own health and wellbeing and be proactive partners in their care
- 5. Supporting people with multiple health conditions
- 6. Hospital services and specialist Care
- 7. Developing our workforce
- 8. Driving research, innovation and improvement across the system
- 9. System leadership and making the most of our collective resources
- 10. What next? Engaging our communities on the issues that matter



Chapter 1

Introduction and Vision

Introduction and context

Kent and Medway is an attractive place for so many who choose to make their lives here. With close proximity to London and mainland Europe, and a plethora of green spaces known as the 'garden of England', it is home to some of the most affluent areas of England. Nevertheless, it is also home to some of the most (bottom 10%) socially deprived areas in England. This correlates with the health outcomes achieved. With the current cost of living crisis, these disparities will persist or worsen without our concerted, collective effort. Kent and Medway Integrated Care Partnership was formed in 2022. This strategy is our initial blueprint for delivering a healthier future for the population of Kent and Medway over the next 5 years. We will continue to develop and refine this integrated care strategy as we engage with, and listen to, our communities. The strategy is underpinned by our joint strategic needs assessments, individual strategies on selected areas, and our Joint Forward Plan, Medway Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy, and Kent Public Health Strategy to follow.

In Medway and Swale, local survival rates for cancer, in particular lung cancer, are among the lowest in the country.

Dartford (Gravesh

Life expectancy is not uniform across Kent and Medway. In all areas, apart from Thanet, the gap in life expectancy is wider for men than women.

Life expectancy at birth in Medway, Swale and Thanet is below the England average for both men and women.

Thanet

Sevenoaks

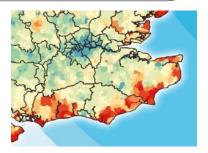
enbriage & Malling,

Tunbridge

12% of people in West Kent smoke, compared to over a fifth (21%) in Swale. Maidstone

Although women's life expectancy is higher, women spend more years, and a greater proportion of their lives, in poor health than men (23% vs 19-22%). The number of years spent in poor health has either increased or remained relatively unchanged across Kent and Medway.

East Kent is bordered by the sea.
England's Chief Medical Officer Annual
Report 2021 highlighted that coastal
communities have some of the worst
health outcomes in England, with low life
expectancy and high rates of many major
diseases. Running through the report is
the fact that coastal communities have
multiple, overlapping but addressable
health problems.



Map showing prevalence of coronary heart disease in England



System

1.9m people

 At system level we come together at scale to set overall system strategy, manage resources and performance, share research and good practice, plan specialist services, and drive strategic improvements.
 <u>All</u> partners constitute the system. System-wide partners include NHS Kent and Medway, Kent County Council and Medway Council.

Places

260,000 – 720,000 people

 Alliances of health and care partners working together to design and deliver services to improve outcomes for the population of Kent and Medway, within delegated responsibilities and budgets. We have 4 Place Based Health and Care Partnerships in Kent: Dartford Gravesham and Swanley; East Kent; Medway and Swale; and West Kent.

Neighbourhoods

Typically 30,000-50,000 people

 Local decision making and integrated teams to meet the unique needs of their populations – including local health and care organisations and the VCSE, primary care networks, community groups and community assets.



Members include: Kent and Medway ICB, Kent County Council, Medway Council, Health and Care Partnerships, District Councils, VCSE representative

Owns this Integrated Care Strategy

NHS Kent and Medway Integrated Care Board Responsible for the Joint Forward Plan

Kent County Council and Medway Council

NHS England



4 Place-based Health and Care Partnerships

12 District and Borough Councils

Provider Collaboratives

41 Primary Care Networks

Individual Providers
including voluntary and community
services, independent sector,
NHS Trusts and NHS Foundation Trusts



What affects our health and wellbeing?

Health and wellbeing is the embodiment of how we live, learn, work and play: it does not start at the GP's door. The overwhelming evidence is that the wider determinants of health - socioeconomic factors, our physical environment and our health behaviours - have the most impact on our health.

Variation in people's experience of wider determinants, for example the quality of their housing, their level of education or how safe they feel in their community, has a fundamental effect on their health – creating **health inequalities**. These are the preventable, unfair and unjust differences in health status between groups, populations or individuals. The ICS is committed to tackling health inequalities to improve the health of our population.

This is why this strategy deliberately addresses health, rather than solely health care. We will have a new focus on working together to address the wider determinants of health, tackle inequalities, and prevent people becoming ill in the first place.



source: Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute in US to rank countries by health status



Developing Kent and Medway as a place where people thrive

To address the wider determinants of health, we need to create an environment where everyone can thrive. This means having all of the right building blocks in place, such as stable jobs, high quality housing, good education, green spaces and the opportunity to make healthy choices.

There are several major developments underway in Kent and Medway, with health and wellbeing considered from the outset. For example, **Otterpool Park** is a proposed Garden Town located in the Kent countryside, close to the seaside towns of Folkestone and Hythe. Otterpool Park will offer the best of a rural and urban lifestyle. Everything that's needed will be there – homes, workspaces, schools, shops, community facilities, spaces for leisure, arts and culture. It will be a healthy and inspirational place to live, work and visit, characterised by large amounts of green space and its strong culture and community.

At place level, the things partners will focus on to make a difference include:



Good access to jobs, facilities and social opportunities

Ensuring everyone has access to education and skills development to fulfil their potential and support a thriving economy

Ensuring high quality homes available to all, including the most vulnerable, and tackling homelessness

Attracting and retaining high quality sustainable employment to local areas

Ensuring people can live in safety with little fear of crime

Developing places where active travel, such as walking and cycling, is favoured, and healthy choices are easier to make

Ensuring there are systems with sufficient capacity to deliver health protection

Recognising and supporting communities as key partners in delivering local solutions



How we will work differently

Demand for health and social care services is at higher levels than ever before and there are increasing pressures on public spending. This means we must not only push further and faster in integrating health and care services, we must also cast our net more widely than our traditional organisational boundaries to build the foundations of improved health and wellbeing for the Kent and Medway population.

The Kent and Medway Integrated Care Partnership provides a unique opportunity for the NHS and social care to work together with local government and other partners to ensure those chances to improve population health are recognised and maximised, and to ensure that we use our resources to address our population's most pressing needs.

Some examples of how we will work together include embedding Population Health Management across the system and working together on improving the economic prosperity of the county to improve health and wellbeing.

We recognise that integration will not happen without our concerted, collective effort. We are determined to lead by example and create a culture of collaboration and trust, putting the health and wellbeing of the people of Kent and Medway at the heart of everything we do.

Population Health Management (PHM)

Our vision is to ensure that Kent and Medway's population has the best health possible. PHM uses historical and current data to understand what factors are driving poor health outcomes in different population groups, taking a broad view across the wider determinants. Local services can then design new proactive models of care which will improve health and wellbeing today as well as in future years.

Our key goal will be to ensure a whole system collaborative approach to adopting PHM, working across the NHS, council services including public health and social care, the voluntary and community sector and the communities and neighbourhoods of Kent and Medway, to design new models of proactive care and deliver improvements in health and wellbeing which make best use of our collective resources.

People accumulate harms to health across the course of their lives, starting from conception through to old age. Approaches to PHM and prevention need to consider and address each of the stages of people's lives.

A new economic strategy for Kent and Medway is being developed.

Three objectives: By 2030 we want our economy to be more...

Productive Sustainable Inclusive

To 2030: Five ambitions to...

Enable innovative, productive and creative businesses

Widen opportunities and unlock talent

Secure resilient infrastructure for planned, sustainable growth

Place economic opportunity at the centre of community renewal and prosperity

Create diverse, distinctive and vibrant places

Leading to economic and wider environmental, health and wellbeing outcomes



Our vision

"We will work together to make health and wellbeing better than any partner can do alone"

By doing this, we will:



 Give children the best start in life and work to make sure they are not disadvantaged by where they live or their background, and are free from fear or discrimination.



2. Help the most vulnerable and disadvantaged in society to improve their physical and mental health; with a focus on the social determinants of health and preventing people becoming ill in the first place.



3. Help people to manage their own health and wellbeing and be proactive partners in their care so they can live happy, independent and fulfilling lives; adding years to life and life to years.



4. Support people with multiple health conditions to be part of a team with health and care professionals working compassionately to improve their health and wellbeing.



Ensure that when people need hospital services, most are available from people's nearest hospital; whilst providing centres of excellence for specialist care where that improves quality, safety and sustainability.



. Make Kent and Medway a great place for our colleagues to live, work and learn

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The remainder of this document sets out our strategy for achieving each of these six strategic outcomes.

We also set out our key enablers of system leadership focus, how we will drive research, innovation and improvement across the system, and our next steps, including engaging with our communities.





Chapter 2

We will give children the best start in life and work to make sure they are not disadvantaged by where they live or their background, and are free from fear or discrimination.

We will achieve this by:

- Delivering effective maternity services;
- Supporting families to start well;
- Adopting a whole family approach, and;
- Safeguarding our most vulnerable children.



Maternity services

We are committed to improving outcomes and experience for families using our maternity and neonatal services. We will continue to implement the ambitions of the NHS Long Term Plan and use the learning from the Independent Inquiry into East Kent maternity services (known as the Kirkup Report) to help us hear the voices of families who use services and involve them in helping us make positive changes.

Through the existing clinically led partnership of our local maternity and neonatal system (LMNS) we will:

- Ensure that we have robust processes to identify quality concerns across all of our trusts, enabling shared learning and taking proactive actions to improve patient safety.
- Continue to develop local Maternity Voices Partnerships as our main way of hearing service user feedback and involving people who have used services in making improvements.

- Embed personalised care and support planning to increase choice and control for women throughout their pregnancy and postnatal period.
- Take targeted action on workforce recruitment, retention and training to ensure that all of our maternity and neonatal services achieve sustainable, safe and effective staffing levels.
- Support all of our trusts to implement maternity continuity of carer, initially focusing on black, Asian and mixed ethic groups and those living in our most deprived communities.
- Take targeted action to improve equity of outcomes for those from local minority groups and deprived communities, engaging closely with voluntary sector groups who support these communities, and developing a more diverse workforce.
- Procure a new shared maternity information system across all of our trusts to give families improved access to their records and enable better information sharing.
- Ensure community maternity services work in close partnership with health visiting and other community services for families, particularly in the development of Family Hubs.

Kent Start for life – we have built our awareness and understanding of the impacts of perinatal mental health on infant health. Training has been offered and delivered to different groups such as non-health professionals. This has included highlighting the differing needs and ways in which ethnicity or culture may change the way mental health need is expressed by pregnant or post-natal women and recognising that partners' and carers' mental health is impacted as well. Focus groups in Kent contributed to the findings which reiterated the need to help inform and support parents to-be and parents in the workforce which led to the development of parental workplace wellbeing recommendations.

- Continue to develop our specialist perinatal mental health community services, enabling more people to access them, including assessment and signposting for partners.
- Complete implementation of Thrive, our new maternal mental health service offering psychological support for birth trauma and perinatal loss.
- Complete the implementation of other new services that support families who need extra help during their maternity journey, including smoking cessation pathways, pelvic health services, and specialist maternal medicine.



Starting well

Health inequalities begin early in life. Differences exist between population groups in many key health outcomes for children. These differences include smoking in pregnancy, breastfeeding and childhood obesity, which can affect health and wellbeing outcomes in later life.

We need to take a holistic and family-centered approach. Integrated support for families must include a wide offer that spans housing, communities, health, education, social care and the voluntary sector.

The prevention of poor health and wellbeing outcomes before birth and the promotion of good health and wellbeing at the start of life lays the foundation for better health outcomes. The wider socio-economic context of the family and community also contributes, e.g. if fewer children experience child poverty, adult health outcomes and healthy life expectancy will improve.

Services need to evolve to meet the needs of the population, be evidence based and co-produced with our partners and users that have lived experiences. Therefore, a focus on growing our place and system workforce to work together to deliver care closer to home and within a wider network of support at local level (e.g. VCSE) is required.

Through this we will:

- support parents to be the best parents they can be;
- ensure high quality preschool education and school readiness;
- provide inclusive education that will optimise every child's potential; and
- support practices to increase uptake of childhood immunisations, including a targeted media campaign to improve coverage of preschool vaccination.

We know that we need to rapidly improve the support we provide to children with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND) in Kent and Medway, including those who are neurodiverse, and we will work as a system to do this. Short-term actions will include better and faster clinical assessment of SEND needs, improving the experience that parents have when they contact us and strengthening SEND provision in mainstream schools. In the longer-term, we will explore arrangements to bring services for children with SEND together to maximise our resources and deliver better outcomes and experience for children and families.

Medway Council is committed to its child-friendly Medway programme, demonstrating that the voices, needs, priorities and rights of children are an integral part of public policies, programmes and decisions.

Being overweight or obese increases the risk of developing a host of diseases. In Kent and Medway, over a third of children aged 10 to 11 are overweight or obese, and are more likely to stay obese into adulthood. At a practical level, establishing widespread use of initiatives such as the Daily Mile in schools can reduce obesity, increase fitness and improve classroom focus. Our built environment also has a role to play e.g. access to green spaces and safe walking and cycling routes to schools. MedwayGO by Medway Council provides healthy meals and activities including sport and nature walks during school holidays for children eligible for benefits-related free school meals.



Whole family approach

A whole-family approach, with early help and a focus on preventing rather than responding to crises, is an essential component to reducing inequalities. Taking an approach like this across Kent and Medway Integrated Care System will better enable families to have the confidence to take ownership of their health and care journey. It will ensure improved outcomes by addressing issues such as generational trauma, housing challenges and other components that inhibit families from thriving.

We are committed to developing a **Family Hub** model, including access to Start for Life Universal Services; midwifery, health visiting, mental health, infant feeding, safeguarding and Special Educational Needs and Disabilities.

The programme presents an opportunity to streamline and improve early identification, assessment and interventions for children and families through the hub model.

The funding will enable improved integration, particularly in relation to perinatal mental health and parent infant relationships, parenting support, infant feeding and home learning environments. It is also an opportunity to deliver more Young Person's Mental Health services in the community. Early and targeted identification will also prevent unnecessary escalation and identify families with complexities earlier.

Consistent contact with lead practitioners will enable better engagement with families to help grow their confidence to navigate the system and manage their health and care needs.

All transitions are important points in a child's or their families' lives. We recognise that children and their families' experience of transitions can be difficult and sometimes traumatic. This can destabilise families making it harder for them to cope, especially when the people supporting them - practitioners, services, interventions – move on or change.

Implementing a strategic approach to integration, whole-family, patient-led, asset-based health and care can help to address some of the challenges children and families face at a time of transition. Needs-led and outcome-based systems help to reduce unnecessary and unwanted change.

Families should feel seen, heard and enabled to ask for help and to feel confident to help themselves. The system should have a clear understanding of the local communities, demographics and needs to build a workforce and offer that meets the diverse needs of the population. Growing neighbourhood and placebased solutions and innovations outside of (but connected to) specialist services will target populations that are seldom engaged.

We aim to build a system where a family is met with understanding and empathy when they tell their story, and we respond with a coordinated solution that addresses their needs.



Safeguarding and children in care

Protecting vulnerable children and young people is one of our most important responsibilities. As partners, we need to bring together our collective information, skills and resources to provide fully joined up support for children and families. In everything that we do to support and protect children and young people, we will put them at the centre, ensuring their voice is listened to and they have a say in decisions about them.

We will safeguard and promote the welfare of children in care and care leavers, supporting them to live a positive and fulfilled life and transition into independence with confidence and ambition for the future. This means ensuring they have a stable and supportive place to live, a good education, full assessment and support for their physical, mental and emotional needs and feel part of their community.

Many partners will play a role in this, for example:

- Medway Council and Kent County Council have a statutory duty to provide services for safeguarding children and the NHS is a statutory partner
- Working with Council housing teams to ensure that permanent housing is available for care leavers.
- Working with VCSE organisations to provide advocacy for young people.

We will ensure the information that all agencies collect about children in care and care leavers is used to the best advantage to plan and deliver support for them, including to support a smooth transition into adulthood.

A particular challenge for our system is the large number of unaccompanied asylum-seeking children that arrive in the county due to Kent's border location. These children and young people are extremely vulnerable, and we have a responsibility to provide care for them, which stretches system resources. We will continue to work closely with Government to support the National Transfer System and ensure new arrivals are cared for fairly and safely without disproportionate impact on our area.

Multiagency safeguarding arrangements are in place for Kent and Medway through safeguarding children's partnerships, however, there is more work to be done. For example, Medway's children's services has been inadequate since 2019 and are working under statutory notice from Central Government. The ICS presents opportunities to strengthen our partnership approach so we can ensure children and young people grow up in safe, strong communities free from adverse situations that could harm them.

'Virtual School Kent' champions the educational achievement of children in care and care leavers, ensuring they receive a good quality of education and out of school learning, closing attainment gaps and encouraging the voice of young people to be heard.

Priorities for safeguarding children and young people that partners have identified include:

- > reducing significant harm to children under two
- reducing injuries as a result of serious youth violence
- identifying and responding to risks of child sexual exploitation
- preventing other forms of exploitation including 'County Lines' drug trafficking
- implementing the Prevent strategy to safeguard from radicalisation and extremism
- preventing domestic abuse and providing effective support for victims and their children
- ➤ helping, and where necessary, protecting children in households where neglect is a feature.

Delivering our priorities for children's safeguarding will require a strong partnership response, enhancing the sharing of information to understand the risks and root causes and putting in place a coordinated multiagency response where everyone plays their role. We will more widely embed learning from practice reviews and other learning opportunities to continuously improve practice right down to the frontline across all services for children and families.





Chapter 3

We will help the most vulnerable and disadvantaged in society to improve their physical and mental health; with a focus on the social determinants of health and preventing people becoming ill in the first place.

We will achieve this by:

- Tackling inequalities and preventing ill health, targeting those most in need;
- Supporting people deal with the current cost of living crisis;
- Tackling mental health issues with the same energy and priority as physical illness;
- Addressing the social determinants of health, such as community support and employment and skills, and;
- Developing the Kent and Medway physical environment as a place where people thrive.



Tackling inequalities and preventing ill health The challenge...

Everyone deserves the same opportunities to lead a healthy life, no matter where they live or who they are.

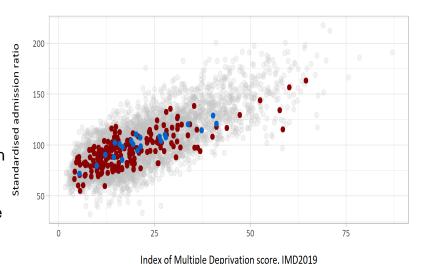
In Kent and Medway people in more affluent areas live longer than those living in more deprived areas. Life expectancy is significantly shorter for some groups of people, including homeless people, people with learning disabilities and people with severe mental illness compared to the general population. Another important group is children in care, who are at significant risk of being disadvantaged in a number of ways that can lead to poor health and wellbeing outcomes and considerable demand on health and care services.

There are inequalities in the access to both primary care (general practice, community pharmacy, dental services) and secondary care (hospital or clinic). Digital exclusion can also play a key role in inequality of access to services.

Emergency admissions to hospital are more common in areas with higher levels of deprivation. Research also shows that individuals from more deprived communities are less likely to engage in preventative programmes, such as immunisations, screening, dental check-ups and eye tests, when facing no immediate discomfort or disability. People from deprived areas are more likely to present to health care providers at a later stage of illness.

Services are often poorest in the areas that need them most - an issue known as the "inverse care law". It is hard to attract and retain high quality clinicians to areas with high deprivation and needs. The work may be harder due to the high needs of the local people. There may also be more VCSE services in more affluent areas where it is easier to attract volunteers. A strategic approach to tackling inequalities will need to address these issues.

The Kent and Medway Listens programme was a community engagement process which (via community organisations) heard the voices of vulnerable people throughout Kent about their experience of living through COVID-19 and took those voices directly to the ICB leadership to create a series of pledges and actions, listening to the voices of people in need.



Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government, IMD 2019.
Office for Health Improvement and Disparities. Fingertips. Indicator ID: 93227.
Hospital Episode Statistics (HES), NHS Digital.

The Armed Forces community includes serving personnel (Regular and Reservists), former service personnel and their family and carers. In Kent and Medway, this community is about 8-10% of our population and is a group that frequently experiences health inequalities and poorer access to healthcare as a result of developing more complex needs during or following their service. Those with the most needs often live in areas of high deprivation. Their families can also be disadvantaged though the frequent moves, and associated absence due to military service. We will have due regard for the needs of this community in implementing this strategy.





Our solutions

We can deliver sustainable and resilient approaches and evidence-led change; putting people and communities at the heart of the conversation which focus on reducing health inequalities. Our key goal will be to ensure a whole system collaborative approach to **Population Health Management**, reducing and, where possible, removing avoidable unfairness in people's health and well-being outcomes.

This means that our health and social care provision needs to be made available to all, with increasing attention needed for those who are more disadvantaged - an approach known as 'proportionate universalism' - helping everyone, whilst improving the lives of those with the worst health, fastest.

We will empower our local neighbourhood and place-based partners to tailor services and interventions to meet the needs of their communities. We will support the development of local prevention plans.

We aim to make promotion of healthy choices part of every encounter with individuals - Making Every Contact Count (MECC). This can help ensure individuals are signposted to additional support that they need, for example, support for health behaviours such as weight loss, social issues such as loneliness or economic challenges such as access to benefits.

All public sector workers and services who are in contact with people should offer MECC supported by simple signposting systems that minimise the work involved for the front-line worker. The approach is also appropriate for VCS workers. Each service will wish to consider what the likely challenges those they serve may face, and ensure signposting to that support is available, e.g. health visitors in areas with high child poverty could signpost to advice on access to benefits.

Carers' Support East Kent is a charity that provides carers with the information and support they need. Their services are available to people who look after a relative or friend, who due to physical or mental illness, age related difficulties, disability, or an addiction, cannot manage without their support.

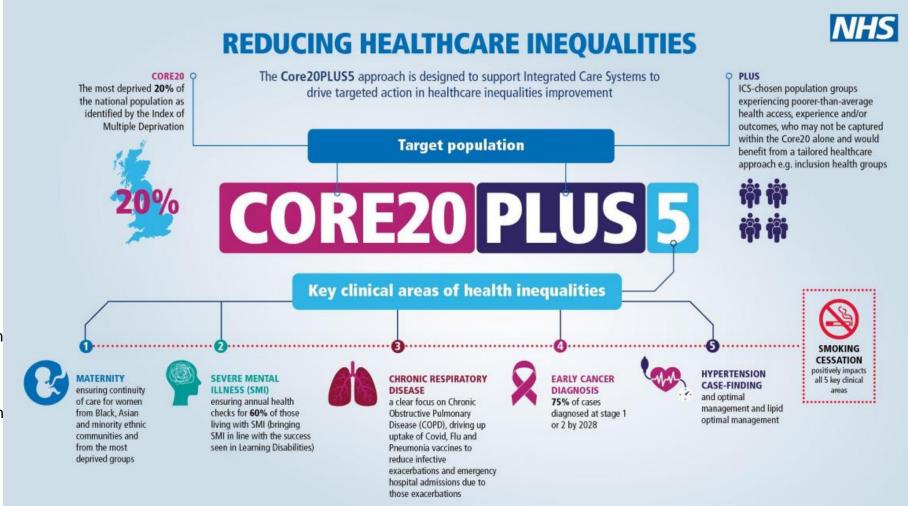
East Kent's Social Prescribing platform is managed by Social Enterprise Kent for the East Kent area. The service can support with short term issues such as, food and fuel support, form filling, social isolation, as well as long term support such as housing, debts, benefits and more.

Our NHS organisations will also continue to adopt the **Core20PLUS5 model** to target those most in need.

Core20PLUS5 is a national NHS approach to support the reduction of health inequalities at both national and system level.

The approach defines a target population group – the 'Core20PLUS' – and identifies '5' focus clinical areas requiring accelerated improvement. We will also respond to the recent additions for children and young people.

Core20PLUS5 will support us to drive targeted action in improving healthcare inequalities. This aligns with our approach to population health management and gives a foundation on which to build future joint action, engaging our local communities in design and delivery, which will lead to Health and Care Partnerships aligning to this approach, and identifying specific local population groups.





Cost-of-living crisis

The cost-of-living crisis is likely to have a detrimental effect on people's health and could widen health inequalities. It is an issue of high importance for the system and an early opportunity to work together better.

Alongside national interventions, partners across the Kent and Medway ICS are putting in place support for local people. Kent County Council and Medway Council are ensuring vulnerable people can access help including food and fuel vouchers and community services are working to identify people who are struggling and refer them to support. The district councils in Kent are responding to local needs through their housing and benefits teams and providing advice. NHS Kent and Medway are factoring cost-of-living pressures into winter planning, identifying transport options to help patients access appointments and supporting staff wellbeing. The VCSE provides a range of support for people experiencing financial hardship including food banks, employment support and debt advice.

It is a challenging time for all partners, for example the VCSE itself is under pressure with costs increasing whilst for some donations are falling, and demand for support is likely to continue to increase.

The ICP has agreed to coordinate activity where this will add value and agree collectively how best to focus resources to have the greatest positive impact on health and wellbeing.



The Kent County Council Financial Hardship Programme addresses a strategic need to develop a solution which allows frontline teams greater visibility of individual vulnerability, both financially and socially (e.g. homelessness, falls prevention) to enable a proactive response in providing support. It involves, among other things, district frontline teams using risk stratification for case finding. It also includes a "no wrong door" approach for referring people to support - the "ReferKent" system



Mental wellbeing

The challenge

Our mental health and physical health must be treated equally. The COVID-19 pandemic has shone a spotlight on the importance of mental wellbeing, and the vital role of communities in tackling issues such as loneliness and isolation.

People in Kent and Medway that have a serious mental illness experience significantly worse health outcomes than people that don't. For example:

- ➤ Adults in Kent and Medway with a serious mental illness are 3.6 times more likely to die prematurely.
- ➤ In 2021, nearly one in five 6- to 16-year-olds had a probable mental disorder and we have seen this increase in recent years.
- ➤ The prevalence of people with more than one longterm illness or condition is around 50% higher amongst those with a serious mental illness than the rest of the population.
- ➤ The rate of suicide across the county was 10.9 per 100,000 in 2015-17. This is higher than the England average rate which was 9.6.

Our solutions

We will deliver high quality mental health and wellbeing support to our population, giving it equal energy and focus as supporting physical health. We will:

- Promote positive mental wellbeing in all communities.
- Work through communities to tackle the wider drivers of mental ill health in all age groups (including loneliness, financial distress, abuse, addiction, housing, relationships).
- ➤ Ensure people of all ages with mental health issues can access the support they need, whether that's clinical treatment or wider support such as housing, access to and retention in employment, etc.

The NHS Long Term Plan sets out an ambitious mental health service model, taking more action on prevention. The Kent and Medway Mental Health Learning Disability and Autism Provider Collaborative Board (MHLDA PCB) brings together all the mental health and wellbeing partners with those with lived experience to design a new way of working, integrate service models and develop a shared accountability for improving the mental health and wellbeing of our communities.

"As local authority, third sector and health partners we will build on the foundations we have put in place in recent years to transform the way Mental Health, Learning Disability and Autism services are delivered across Kent and Medway and, vitally, significantly improved the outcomes and experiences for service users, families and carers."

The MHLDA Provider Collaborative Board

Through our community mental health framework, Mental Health Together, we are implementing an entirely new service model to support people with complex mental health difficulties. It will provide a person who is living with serious mental illness care that is centred around them, their family and local community by joining up support from different services that can help. The model focusses on supporting mental ill health in the context of someone's whole life, for example how debt, relationships and employment can impact someone's mental wellbeing, as well as how physical health can impact them too.

We will also deliver our Local Transformation Plan for Children, Young People, and Young Adults' Emotional Wellbeing and Mental Health. The Plan outlines how we will widen access to services closer to home, reduce unnecessary delays and deliver specialist mental healthcare, and is based on a clearer understanding of young people's needs, provided in ways that work better for them.

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Community Support

Our **communities** can provide us with support, resilience and a feeling of belonging that help us to lead healthy and fulfilled lives and reduce the need for health and care services. We will continue to work in partnership to promote **community safety**, tackling issues such as crime, antisocial behaviour and discrimination that can make people feel unsafe or unwelcome.

Alongside the important role of public sector partners, it is often the informal support from the thousands of local organisations, community networks and local volunteers that help to make a community and create a sense of identity. As a system we will recognise, value and support the vital role that these groups and individuals play, and engage in a way that utilises these community assets for our population's health and wellbeing.

Befriending offers supportive, reliable relationships through volunteer befrienders to people who would otherwise be socially isolated. Medway Voluntary Action are working in partnership with Carers FIRST, Medway HCP and other local voluntary and community organisations to deliver and co-ordinate befriending support in Medway.

Social prescribing helps to connect people to community services and groups local to them that can help to support their mental and physical health. For example, environmental sustainability activity can play a key role in supporting people with mental health problems. When social prescribing works well, people can be easily referred to link workers from a wide range of local agencies, including general practice, pharmacies, multi-disciplinary teams, hospital discharge teams, allied health professionals, fire service, police, job centres, social care services, housing associations and voluntary, community and social enterprise (VCSE) organisations. Self-referral is also encouraged.

The profile and level of investment in social prescribing has increased considerably over the last few years. This rapid progression has led to an increase in the number of providers and services such as Link Workers, Community Navigators and Community Wardens.

Kent and Medway is in a good position, through the development of a number of initiatives, to now go further by building on and strengthening what is in place through the system.

South Kent Mind Provides coffee, cakes, and lunches at low cost, as well as fresh bread sold separately, for all members of the community. The Café also runs classes on Coping with Life, and Food and Mood, as well as general wellbeing activities.

A strategy board was set up in June 2022 to set the strategic direction and a steering group began in July 2022 to take the work forward and develop a **Social Prescribing and Community Navigation Strategy** that sets the framework for social prescribing and community navigation across the Kent and Medway system.

Kent and Medway Councils are an integral part of the strategy board and are working collaboratively to ensure future commissioning is aligned and meeting common goals and outcomes for the people in our communities.

We are also working together to implement a single social prescribing platform that will be launched in 2023. It will enable the public and referrers to search a single directory of services and provide the infrastructure for a single Kent and Medway referral pathway, helping to contribute to an approach with "no wrong door" to access services.



Employment and skills

Access to good, stable work with fair pay is one of the building blocks of good health and wellbeing. Loss of employment can lead to financial hardship, increased social isolation, loss of self-esteem and purpose and insecure housing tenure, and lead to poor health outcomes. A healthy population is also an essential component of a successful and productive economy.

Our ambition is to grow the Kent and Medway economy and ensure that everyone can benefit from increased prosperity. This will include working with partners to boost skills levels, attracting more good-quality jobs into the area and supporting businesses to grow. We will particularly focus on areas that are falling behind the rest of the county on measures like employment and skills levels, helping reduce inequalities in opportunity. We will also seek to close gaps between Kent and Medway's economic performance and the rest of the South East.

The ICS will work with the partners involved in economic development, employment and skills to ensure it plays its role in achieving our ambition. As major employers and purchasers we can also play a direct role in improving local economic prosperity.

Priorities already identified by partners to improve access to good quality employment and skills include:

- Supporting young people into work through dedicated support and guidance, exploring opportunities for work-based learning and increasing access to higher education.
- Supporting the existing workforce by increasing access to training that reflects new technologies being used in the workplace, and helping people re-skill and move between jobs and sectors over their career.
- Building stronger relationships between employers and education and skills providers to put in place the skills that the local area needs to grow.
- Building on Kent and Medway's strengths, including in life sciences, to promote innovation and create more high quality jobs.
- Promoting Kent and Medway as a great place to live and work to attract and retain skilled workers.
- Helping people with mental health or Learning Disabilities into sustained work.

The new Kent and Medway Economic Strategy will set out shared objectives.



Where people are finding it hard to access or remain in work due to mental or physical health issues, there needs to be sufficient support in place to help them find appropriate, good-quality work. We will do this by working together to maximise uptake of DWP support programmes and continuing to work with experts in the VCSE who can provide support to address all of the issues that a person might be facing in returning to work, including improving their confidence, securing training to develop new skills and practical support on applying for jobs. We will also work with employers to help them adapt and accommodate the needs of all employees.



The built environment

The ICS continues to recognise the fundamental impact that the homes and environment that we live in have on our health and wellbeing.

Everyone who lives in Kent and Medway should have access to a decent, safe, secure, warm and affordable home.

We will work with housing providers, VCSE partners and others to continue to improve the quality of housing of all tenures. Our key priorities include improving the energy efficiency of private rented households to reduce fuel poverty and addressing issues like dampness that can cause health problems.

We will encourage housing that is designed with health and wellbeing built in, promoting healthy lifestyles, and responding to the impacts of climate change and changes to the way we all live and work. We will continue to work together to prevent and respond to homelessness, addressing the root causes.

As Kent and Medway continues to grow, partners will work together to plan housing development and regeneration in a way that improves quality of life for new and existing communities, with the physical infrastructure in place that we all need. This includes good transport links, high speed internet connection and sufficient childcare, school places and health and care services to meet local needs.

Access to green space and nature is beneficial for physical and mental health. The physical environment is one of Kent and Medway's greatest natural strengths. We will continue to support everyone to be able to access open spaces including at parks, at the coast, and via safe walking and cycling routes.

Protecting and enhancing our environment is a priority across the system. There are clear health and wellbeing benefits to reducing carbon emissions, improving air quality and managing the impacts of climate change. Reaching our challenging environmental targets and adapting to climate change will require all partners to play their part and system partners to coordinate their activity to go further and faster. We will play our role as anchor institutions, minimising our environmental impact and promoting sustainable practices across the system.



For example, as Swale Borough Council started to give consideration to the future expansion of Faversham to meet local needs, the Duchy of Cornwall's land at the south east edge of the town was identified as the most sustainable location for growth. Careful consideration is being given to the architecture and materials but also the landscape ecology, soil, air and water of the land which can all be improved over time by sensitive development, intelligent land uses and management practices. Beautifully-designed public spaces and streets will be designed around the pedestrian rather than the car, and provide a sense of wellbeing and connection to nature, helping to create a new community that will thrive in the longest term, for people and the planet.





Chapter 4

We will help people to manage their own health and wellbeing and be proactive partners in their care so they can live happy, independent and fulfilling lives; adding years to life and life to years.

We will achieve this by:

- Supporting our population to adopt positive health behaviours;
- Protecting the public from diseases such as Covid-19;
- Supporting people to age well championing resilience and independence;
- Delivering personalised care so people have choice and control over their care;
- Providing palliative and end of life care to those in the last stages of their life.





Health behaviours

As part of our Population Health Management

Health behaviours, for example our diet or whether we are physically active, have a direct impact on health outcomes.

approach, we will deliver evidenced based support, including emotional and mental health support, at an appropriate scale to help people maintain a healthy weight, eat a healthy diet, participate in physical activity, maintain good sexual health, and minimise alcohol, substance and tobacco use. Increasing activity and preventing diabetes is identified as a priority by all 14 Councils within Kent and Medway. We will continue to conduct system-wide health needs assessments to help us to target where we need to mitigate against health and social inequalities, and test and learn from new approaches to promoting positive health behaviours. For example, we will build on current Health Inequalities pilots to provide targeted, improved access to proactive reviews and screening, including dental checks, supported by patient focussed support services that understand and address barriers and behaviours which prevent people from engaging in their wellbeing and long term health.

We will learn from and develop schemes delivered through the voluntary sector to provide holistic support to the public in accessing care and meeting preventative goals. With nearly two thirds of adults within Kent and Medway already overweight or obese, local community support for weight management is vital to help our population to thrive. We will engage with and raise awareness of National programmes - such as the NHS Digital Weight Management Programme and the Diabetes Prevention Programme - and incorporate these into existing pathways in a coherent way to ensure that we optimise their impact within Kent and Medway.



Smoking is the most important cause of preventable ill health and premature mortality in the UK. It is a major risk factor for many diseases, such as lung cancer, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and heart disease. While smoking rates in Kent and Medway have significantly fallen over the last decade, rates remain high in some wards and occupations (e.g. routine and manual). Furthermore, in 2020/1 over a tenth of mothers in Kent and Medway smoked at the time of delivery, which is significantly higher compared to England average.

Cancer Research UK reports that, whilst smokers from more deprived areas are more likely to access stop smoking services, when they do, they are less likely to successfully quit. This pattern is also seen in Kent and Medway. It is therefore important that every aspect of referral and treatment pathways are focused on helping reduce the smoking rates in these higher prevalence groups. We will **Make Every Contact Count** to signpost support.

Contraceptive services providers will work together to ensure a seamless service for the public, and will also consider the wider health and sexual health needs of the patients. With the additional pressures on GP practices and Sexual Health Services, the ICS will monitor and evaluate accessibility to ensure people have good access to contraception.





The past two years have shone a spotlight on the important role that our health protection responsibilities play in delivering improved outcomes for our population and the communities we serve.

Health protection is multi-faceted and there are many agencies involved in protecting the public from communicable diseases, non-infectious environmental hazards and the risks of a future in which antimicrobials are no longer effective.

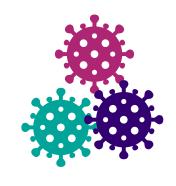
A cross-cutting theme is to ensure that particularly vulnerable groups are being identified and their needs around the prevention and response to health protection issues are addressed. These groups include refugees and asylum seekers - a particular challenge for Kent and Medway - homeless people, Roma, Sinti, Travellers and other groups.

Health Protection includes:

- Infection prevention and control (IPC)
 arrangements within health and social care
 settings as well as in the community.
- Tackling antimicrobial resistance in the community, primary, secondary and tertiary care.

- Managing and controlling communicable diseases, and new and emerging infections.
- Environmental hazards including air and water quality, food safety, contaminated land, and control of biological, chemical, radiological and nuclear threats.
- Reducing the impact of vaccine-preventable diseases through immunisation.
- National screening programmes.
- Emergency preparedness, resilience and response (EPRR) across all hazards, including epidemics and pandemics.

The Kent and Medway Health Protection Board is a multi-agency board on health protection across Kent and Medway with a focus on protecting the public. Originating from a multi-agency board that coordinated the system response to the Covid-19 pandemic, this board has now taken charge of the wider remit of health protection, building on the effective partnerships and networks developed over the last two years.



The Board provides oversight of existing health protection issues as well as horizon scanning for any emerging situations and threats to support a joined-up and coherent system. The Board provides assurance and system leadership to Directors of Public Health in Kent and Medway in relation to their statutory functions around health protection.

The Board oversees the appropriateness of strategies and plans in place on health protection and emergency prevention, planning and response matters. It receives updates on areas of health protection and recommends steps for system-wide improvement, system alignment and the commissioning of services with a focus on reducing health inequalities in our populations.

In addition, task and finish groups support the Board around specific health protection areas to recommend steps.



Ageing Well

Our adult social care services support people of all ages to live as full and safe a life as possible. They will continue to promote people's wellbeing prevent, reduce or delay the need for care and support and safeguard vulnerable adults. We will do this by focusing on the individual strengths of people with care needs, their families and carers.

Accessible and integrated health and social care services where partners work together will enable people to live independently and safely within their local community.

We are committed to:

- Giving people choice and control about the care and support they receive throughout their lives.
- Empowering people to maintain good physical and mental health and well-being.
- Offering people relevant support, information, guidance and interventions to enable them to be proactive and address any lifestyle or related issues, promoting healthy ageing and reducing the likelihood of escalation of health or care need.
- Connecting people with their community, e.g. through social prescribing, to help to combat social isolation and loneliness, and enrich later life.

Key priorities and pathways include:

- Promoting a multidisciplinary approach where professionals work together in an integrated way to provide tailored support that helps people live well and independently at home for longer.
- Developing community response teams to support people with health issues before they need hospital treatment and help those leaving hospital to return and recover at home.
- Making the system more coordinated so it is easier to navigate and get the right care to maintain independence.
- Proactive identification of those that are frail or at greater risk of future hospitalisation, care home admission or death so that we can target prevention strategies and support people to manage their health and wellbeing as they age and provide support on the basis of their needs through to the end of their life.
- Offering more support in care homes including making sure there are strong links between care homes, local general practices and community services.

- Embedding technology-enabled care such as wearable devices and home monitors as core tools to support long term health problems in new ways, and support people to remain at home safely where possible.
- The Kent and Medway Care Record will support continuity of care and a holistic approach for people at higher risk of deteriorating health.







Personalised Care Delivery

"Personalised care means people have choice and control over the way their care is planned and delivered. It is based on 'what matters' to them and their individual strengths and needs". NHS England

Personalised care represents a new relationship between people, professionals and the health and care system. It provides a positive shift in power and decision-making that enables people to have a voice, to be heard and be connected to each other and their communities. It takes a whole system approach, integrating services around the person including health, social care, public health and wider services.

Kent and Medway's personalised care approach is underpinned by the ESTHER philosophy, this emphasises the "what matters to me" methodology.

We currently have 1,700 ESTHER Ambassadors across Kent and Medway in Social Care and VSCEs and over 100 in partner NHS organisations.

Both Kent and Medway Councils work with 'Think Local, Act Personal' to make personalised care real.

Shared Decision Making and Patient and Resident Choice

- Encouraging our workforce to carry out training for Shared Decision Making and Patient and Resident Choice via the Personalised Care Institute.
- Enabling our residents to have discussions on their treatment and care including what is important to meet their needs.

Personalised Care and Support Planning (and Review)

- Encouraging take up of the Personalised Care Institute (PCI)
 Personalised Care and Support Planning module across all PCNs
 and our Delivery Partners.
- Encouraging Local Maternity Services to utilise the PCI for their personalised care planning.
- Addressing the disparity in data collection of personalised care and support plans. There is inconsistency across the system in approach and coding across the PCNs.

Social Prescribing and Care Navigation (Communitybased support)

Tailored to local strengths but with a more consistent, equitable and joined up approach across the Kent and Medway System.

Personal Health Budgets and Integrated Personal Budgets

Increasing our offer of PHBs and Direct Payments through continuing to support, and evaluate pilot projects working with our system partners.

Work with Better Care Fund to support early discharge across the system.

Enabling Choice (including legal right to choose)

Legal right to choose provider in respect of first outpatient appointment and suitable alternative provider if people are not able to access certain services within the national waiting time standards.

Supported Self Management

Encouraging people with lived experience to carry out Peer Leadership training to support others with their experience.

For example: A project developing volunteers to teach others to check their own blood pressure, and what to do if this is not normal.

Enablers: Leadership, co-production and change / Workforce / Finance / Commissioning and payment



Dementia care

We are committed to ensuring that every person living with dementia is supported to live as well and as independently as possible. The means receiving high quality, compassionate care from diagnosis through to end of life. This applies to all care settings, whether home, hospital or care home. We will:

Empower and support people and their carers: Promoting individual health and wellbeing, empowering people and their carers to effectively access better information and support.

Empower our workforce: Developing a more productive, competent, and confident workforce (including in the care sector) to use the tools and information they need to provide high quality care and support.

Improve partnerships: Working closely with partners to seek opportunities to collaborate, innovate, and share information to deliver better outcomes for people.

Improve standards, safeguarding and quality of care: Working with all providers to continually improve the quality of dementia care, delivered in an integrated way, with the person with dementia at the centre.

Key priorities and pathways include:

- Increasing awareness and education on how to avoid the risks by promoting individual health and wellbeing, empowering people and their carers to effectively access better information and support.
- Increase Kent and Medway's Dementia Diagnosis Rate (DDR), ensuring that individuals and their families are able to access timely and accurate diagnosis. We aim to create an improved referral pathway that is individualised and person-centred.
- Support people living with dementia to live happy, healthy, fulfilled lives remaining safely at their normal place of residence with appropriate support, and making a smooth transition into other residential settings when needed.
- Enable carers to be able to access support at the right time, helping them to continue in their caring role, whilst also maintaining a life of their own.
- Ensure that people living with dementia are able to die with dignity in a place of their choosing, for those living with dementia and their families to feel supported during this difficult time and ensure the end of life care provided is excellent.

- To work in partnership across health, social care, community, voluntary and independent provision to develop services that reflect the wants and needs of people living with dementia in Kent and Medway which will:
- Recognise the need for a collaborative journey where people's values and opinions are recognised.
- Be delivered with care, compassion, kindness, and friendliness.
- Keep people well informed.
- Treat people as individuals and not make assumptions.
- Offer consistent support and motivation.
- Ensure that people are listened to and not disregarded.



Palliative and End of Life Care (PEOLC)

The Palliative and End of Life Care Strategy (Adults and Children and Young People) in Kent and Medway 2022-2027 published in May 2022 provides a steady basis from which to grow. The strategy was based upon the six national ambitions for palliative and end of life care:

Each person is seen as an individual

Each person gets fair access to care

Maximising comfort and wellbeing

Care is coordinated

All staff are prepared to care

Each community is prepared to help

Our strategy aims to make sure that individuals who are in the last stages of their lives and dying receive the care they need to preserve their dignity and wellbeing, to keep them independent for as long as possible and to be comfortable, dying in a place of their choosing.

Since July 2022, the Integrated Care Board also has become responsible for PEOLC as part of the Health and Care Bill with both statutory guidance and a handbook for implementation published in late September 2022.

Key local, regional and national priorities include:

- Improving the identification of those who are likely to be within the last year of life with targeted support to manage their changing health needs over time.
- Supporting people to die in their place of choice by ensuring models of care and services evolve over time, always keeping the individual's wishes at the heart of decision making.
- Raising community awareness of death and dying to enable "Compassionate Communities" to grow, and providing robust bereavement services for all.

- Providing a single point of access, available 24-hours-a-day, seven-days-a week to provide an alternative to 111/999 in times of crisis and to enable more people, where appropriate, to live well and die well, at home or the place of their choosing such as a hospice.
- Developing advance care plans for every individual enabling joined up care through the Recommended Summary Plan for Emergency Care and Treatment (ReSPECT) roll out across Kent and Medway.
- Prescriptions for medicines that support comfort at the end of life will be the norm and readily available in pharmacies and we will aim to broaden training for informal carers on how to administer these 'just in case' medications.
- Supporting people and their families during the transition between children's and adults' services.
- Learning from individuals and families to improve comfort, dignity and ensure wishes are being met.
- Providing a comprehensive end of life care training programme across all in Health and Social Care in Kent and Medway.





Chapter 5

We will support people with multiple health conditions to be part of a team with health and care professionals working compassionately to improve their health and wellbeing.

We will achieve this through:

- High quality Primary Care;
- Patient Empowerment and Multidisciplinary Teams, and;
- Support for Carers.



Primary Care

Primary care is, and will remain, the bedrock of the NHS. It is the first point of contact with the NHS and is highly valued by people. It plays a vital role in supporting those with complex conditions. With the right tools, skills and investment, our primary care workforce can continue to deliver world class, placebased patient care.

We know that it is still too difficult for people to get an appointment to see their GP and primary care team, and we must do all we can to support people and general practices.

We want **general practice** to offer a consistently high-quality service to everyone in Kent and Medway, delivered by a skilled multidisciplinary team working in partnership with other health and care services to maximise benefits for our population.



We want general practice to remain true to its core principles of continuity of care and a person-centred approach whilst playing an active part in developing the integrated care system for Kent and Medway. The patient consultation will remain at the heart of general practice but the ways in which that care will be delivered is changing.

Our general practices will increasingly work with neighbouring practices through **primary care networks (PCNs)** to deliver place-based care for their local patient populations. People will benefit from more joined up care in the community, with care being received in the most appropriate setting at a local level and with local accountability.

Practice teams will widen the range of services provided with an extended range of clinical and support staff providing care for both physical and mental health and allowing patients to see the right professional more quickly.

Technology will be used to best effect for patients and general practice staff, offering better care, helping people stay healthier and more independent and improving efficiency for general practice teams. For those unable to use technology other options will be available offering care of equal quality.

Kent and Medway ICB has recently taken over delegated authority for commissioning **Pharmacy, Optometry and Dentist** services.

Harnessing the role of **pharmacy** as part of a PCN approach to the delivery of local health and care services, we will ensure all pharmacies are supporting people with health care, self care, signposting and healthy living advice.

We will improve and increase access to **dentist** services, maximising capacity and improving urgent care, minimising deterioration of oral health and reducing health inequalities.

We will also improve people's access to NHS sight tests and other locally commissioned eye health services, focussing on improving equality of access for everyone. We will ensure that **optometry** services are integrated into wider system as a key component of vital community-based services.

Medicines Optimisation

Spanning health, social care and justice, total spend on medicines across the ICS is estimated at c.£500m with an estimated annual growth of 8%. Our ICS has developed a pharmacy and medicines optimisation strategy to ensure that medicines are utilised safely and effectively to improve patient outcomes, whilst reducing wastage in medicines usage.



Patient empowerment and multi-disciplinary teams

The increasing number of people living with longterm conditions means that the needs of our population are often complex, requiring agencies to work in partnership to provide the desired outcomes for our population.

People with multiple health conditions are best served by teams made up of multiple disciplines. This will ensure a holistic approach to common conditions such as cancer, cardiovascular disease, dementia, respiratory disease, and frailty.

Identifying people that require multi-disciplinary care earlier and being proactive in their referral will lead to better outcomes.

Primary Care will be supported in targeting proactive referrals for people based on their individual needs and choices. Complex Care Teams and Multi-Disciplinary Teams working with Primary Care and Social Care will co-ordinate identified groups of people and respond to needs and opportunities at a local level.

A strategic joint needs assessment, in support of Better Care Fund improvements between health and social care, will identify opportunities to invest in sustainable improvements in housing, environments and access to care close to home with the aims of enabling independence through system design with timely access to care where appropriate. This strategy will be informed by evidence including lessons learned from patient centred services such as Complex Care Nursing and Multi Disciplinary Teams.

A model of shared decision-making will empower the people of Kent and Medway to make informed choices about how, when and where they receive care. This will utilise personal health budgets and social prescribing where appropriate, alongside patient centred services such as complex care teams encompassing physical, mental health and social care disciplines, enabled by the Better Care Fund.

Where possible, delivering care in a person's own home will help maintain independence and quality of life. This needs to coincide with easy, local access to support services and where appropriate, assistive technologies to continue independence.

We will develop a strategy to build links with the VCSE to facilitate the business as usual approach to linking people with non-NHS and local authority services.

Cardiovascular disease outcomes are improving but remain the biggest cause of premature mortality nationally. A person dies of cardiovascular disease in Kent and Medway every 2 hours.

As a system, we are strengthening collaborative working in our Cardiovascular Networks to improve earlier detection of those at risk, and working with prevention programmes to manage cardiovascular risks (for example, high blood pressure or cholesterol) at an earlier stage. This includes increasing access to education and support to enable people to manage their own condition.

Our Networks are committed to reducing the variation of services and outcomes across the system by adopting population health management approaches to identify gaps and target resources.

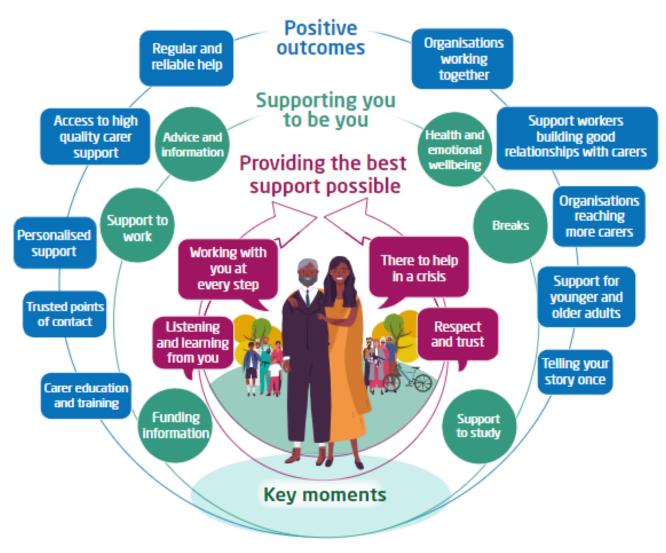


Support for carers

We recognise the important role of formal and informal carers in a person's care team. There are many different types of carer and they come from all walks of life, ages, ethnicities, and backgrounds. Anyone can find themselves in a caring role at some point in their life. However, they have one thing in common; their role directly benefits the people they look after and society as a whole, so we must recognise their needs and support them too.

A carer's role can make paid work, study, maintaining social connections and getting involved in leisure activities difficult and sometimes almost impossible. Carers are more likely to suffer with physical, emotional and mental health problems.

Young carers can experience lower educational attendance and attainment, isolation and physical and mental health problems due to their caring responsibilities. We are committed to working as a partnership to address this. We will continue to work together to ensure there is good understanding across all services that work with children about the impacts of being a young carer, how to identify 'hidden carers' and how to put support in place for them. VCSE organisations provide vital support for carers of all ages, including one-to-one support for young carers to build resilience and help them cope with challenges, respite activities and in-school support.



Source: Kent Adult Carers' Strategy 2022-2027





Chapter 6

We will ensure that when people need hospital services, most are available from people's nearest hospital; whilst providing centres of excellence for specialist care where that improves quality, safety and sustainability.

We will achieve this through:

- Providing quality healthcare as close to home as possible;
- Continuing to develop centres of excellence for specialised services, and;
- A range of alternatives to hospital care, shorter stays and safe discharge enabling effective flow through the system.





Hospitals and centres of excellence

We recognise the importance of providing quality healthcare as close to our populations as possible and we will continue to plan our services in to enable this to happen.

Access to hospital care at the right time is not just about location, it is also about how we look at how services are configured within a Place. Partners within the ICS must join up health and care around individuals so that they can access the service and receive the requisite quality. Some hospital services will continue to move to community based settings. For example, during the COVID-19 pandemic, virtual wards and consultations helped ease pressure on hospitals and enabled primary care and other parts of the system to provide essential services.

There is a compelling case for investment and change in the way acute care is delivered to the population of East Kent. Since 2015, we have worked closely with East Kent Hospitals University NHS Foundation Trust, other partner organisations, and the public to review how hospital services should change. The proposals form the basis of a bid to become one of the Government's New Hospitals Programme. Over the next few years we will continue to support the Trust to further develop their plans to improve the care it provides for East Kent residents.

Nevertheless, there is compelling evidence that creating centres of clinical excellence provides improved outcomes for patients. Increasing the volume and variety of cases within a specialism in centres of excellence that have all the necessary supporting clinical adjacencies, helps to address major geographical inequalities in life expectancy, infant mortality and cancer mortality. These centres of clinical excellence are also proven to attract and retain quality staff, and enhance clinical research and innovation.

Here in Kent and Medway, we have already established a number of centres of excellence. We already have two Neo-Natal Intensive Care Units, one single inpatient Renal Centre, one single centre for Primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention (PPCI), and a small number of specialist cancer surgical centres. We are also in the process of creating three Hyper Acute Stroke Units and we will shortly be centralising all inpatient Vascular Surgery at Kent and Canterbury Hospital. We will continue to work will all partners to further develop centres of excellence where there are clear clinical benefits from doing so.

The recent Health and Care Act gave NHS England the powers to delegate commissioning responsibility to Integrated Care Boards for NHS Specialised Services and there is a national ambition to delegate commissioning responsibility for 67 of the 154 specialised services from NHS England to Integrated Care Boards.

From April 2024, Kent and Medway ICB will take over commissioning responsibility for 67 services, such as complex neurology and tier 4 child and adolescent mental health services, and will become the lead commissioner for these specialised services for Kent, Surrey and Sussex.





Improving flow through the system

Demand on our emergency departments is at an alltime high nationally, exacerbated by seasonal pressures such as winter-related illnesses as well as overflow from primary care and inappropriate referrals. In turn, this leads to full hospital wards, made worse by the challenges of discharging patients from the acute hospital setting.

Embedding new models and services will allow us to not only reduce pressure on Emergency Departments but also deliver more appropriate care faster and closer to the patient's home.

Urgent Treatment Centres and facilities that can provide **Same Day Emergency Care** are able to redirect people who would otherwise have visited an emergency department. By reviewing the provision of these services across our region we will ensure they are reflective of best practice, and we will champion these services to reach the best standards.

Working together during surge

In peak times, we want to improve the communication channels of our services throughout the system so they can escalate and de-escalate to support the wider system and take proactive decisions to balance demand.

New Pathways **Digital Tools** Joining up OOH and ED **Hot Clinics** Admission Dedicated staff will Avoidance Leads

We will continue to develop relationships with our partners and get better at using data and evidence to inform commissioning decisions. By improving our commissioning relationships with providers of adult social care (including private sector and VCSE) we will ensure sufficiency of the adult social care market and aid discharge from the acute setting.

Community services play a significant role in supporting acute hospitals both in prevention of exacerbation of health issues reducing the need for admission, and in rehabilitating people to prevent readmission.

A focus on discharge

Our ambition is that the Kent system jointly plans, commissions, and delivers discharge services that maintain flow and are affordable within existing budgets available to NHS commissioners and local authorities, pooling resources where appropriate and responding to seasonal pressures.

We will leverage the benefits of being able to work at system-level to support improved flow and faster, more successful discharges. This will include reducing the transactional behaviour and competition that exists for health and local authority placements.

We will be able to manage the market better, providing joint commissioning and shared tariff and payment mechanisms for care.

Similarly, being able to evaluate our performance at system level will unlock new insights. We will monitor quality effectiveness, outcomes and value for money through new frameworks.

Local Enhanced Services

Certain investigations and treatments which could traditionally only be provided in hospital will increasingly be available in primary care, enabled through PCNs with wider skill mixes, more estate options and extended hours.

Community Diagnostic Centres

A system-led network solution for diagnostics aims to reduce time to diagnosis through improved patient flow. They provide convenience for patients, away from acute hospital, with rapid results.

Virtual Wards

Patients can get the care they need at home safely and conveniently, rather than being in hospital thanks to virtual wards, enabled by telemetry and wearables, support is delivered by a multi-disciplinary team at a distance.

Urgent Community Response

We are bolstering our UCR services that aim to see patients within 2 hours of referral in their own home.

Stays atient ۵ Shorter

Single EPR

As part of a our system-wide digital transformation, we're aiming for a single, electronic patient record that will allow clinicians to provide continuity of care with easy access to important clinical information.

Same-day Emergency Care

Providing rapid and targeted treatment to applicable patients without prolonged admission can reduce the risks with long stays in hospital.

Better Testing and Pathology

Consolidating pathology services allows for more consistent, clinically appropriate turnaround times, ensuring the right test is available at the right time.

Urgent Treatment Centres

These community services can be used to relieve pressure on larger A&E departments, which are better placed for treating the seriously unwell, shortening waiting times for both ambulances and patients.

Successful Discharge

Discharge Pathways Programme

K&M ICB have used the BCF to help deliver closer collaboration and joint risk sharing when funding and delivering discharge pathways.

Single, integrated discharge teams will have access to system-wide knowledge and resources to plan discharge.

Reablement

Joint commissioning of care will have a stronger focus on reablement and therapy and reduce the number of handovers needed between services.

Data-supported discharge services

Improved discharge flow is underpinned by system-level demand and capacity modelling as well as accurate and contemporary data to support us in identifying inequality across the system, allowing us to implement steps to improve pinch points and equality.





Chapter 7

We will make Kent and Medway a great place for our colleagues to live, work and learn

We will achieve this through:

- Championing an inclusive workforce;
- Looking after our people;
- Growing our local workforce, and;
- Building 'one' workforce.



Our Context

There are over 80,000 health and care colleagues across a range of services based in Kent and Medway.

We have a multi-generational workforce with differing needs and there are opportunities to work more closely together to offer attractive employment at each stage of people's career.

While good examples of collaboration and innovation exist and should be adapted and scaled up where we can, there are differing experiences across our teams which should be tackled. This is especially true for colleagues from ethnic minority groups and those with disabilities or long-term conditions.

The demand for staff is outstripping supply and, along with an ageing workforce, this is putting increased pressure on our teams.

There are many opportunities to work together as a system to grow and develop our workforce and make Kent and Medway a great place for our colleagues.

Our Ambition:

Wherever you work in health and care in Kent and Medway, we want it to be a great place to work and learn.

We see our future as one where our people champion Kent and Medway as a great place to work – where they are empowered to drive improvement, innovation and are active in research.

We want our people to work together across organisations and collaborate with local residents to create communities that are amongst the healthiest in England.

We want our workforce to work together, across health, care and voluntary sector, enjoy their work, learn and develop in their jobs, be empowered, engaged and develop to be excellent at what they do.

To do this, organisations within the ICS will work together to attract and retain professionals, work with education and training providers to develop exciting and diverse careers and training opportunities, provide talented and capable leadership and offer flexible and interesting careers.





Homegrown Doctors

Kent and Medway Medical School is a ground-breaking new collaboration between local universities and NHS partners. The curriculum is delivered with integration in mind, with early exposure to a range of health and care professionals, and early experience in general practice. In the future, locally trained doctors will be able to serve our local communities and work within the ICS to meet the challenges of modern health and social care.

Championing inclusive teams

We will work with all our partner organisations to embed cultures that promotive civility, respect and inclusion, providing shared talent and development opportunities and education for leaders and teams, with shared action to grow and celebrate our diversity and be representative of our communities including systematically addressing bias, empowering and developing colleagues from underrepresented groups and celebrating diversity at all times.

We will build from best practice, working with colleagues with lived experience to build inclusive teams and cultures and tackle racism and discrimination.

Looking after our people

We will develop wrap-around wellbeing services for our workforce. These will support those with illnesses as well as empowering colleagues to proactively manage their wellbeing. We will identify specific interventions that align with our population health priorities, particularly with colleagues who are experiencing health inequalities.

Growing our workforce and skills

We will build on our Kent and Medway health and care academy by working in partnership with local employers, schools, careers services and education partners to create a robust pipeline of local workforce for future years, developing new roles such as apprenticeships, new ways of working such as cross-organisational portfolio roles with the skills and digital capability to be ready for the modern workplace.

We want to develop programmes that help to reduce long term and youth unemployment, bring young people into work and support carers as part of our wider workforce.

We will create an attractive employment proposition for health and care. One that develops and retains our exceptional local workforce and attracts people into careers in health and care from

within and beyond Kent and Medway, reducing the need for expensive agency workers.

Building 'one' workforce at place

Working across health and care partnerships, we will use our anchor institutions to develop one workforce at place, create integrated neighbourhood teams with embedded flexible working, mobility and enabled through digital technology and capabilities. Through this, we hope to reduce unnecessary commuting and reduce our carbon footprint.

We also have a vital and valued volunteer workforce - we will ensure that that we celebrate their invaluable work but also seek their input to shape, improve and deliver services.

The Kent and Medway People Strategy is being developed alongside the Integrated Care Strategy and Five Year Joint Forward Plan and is being led by the Chief People Officers across Kent and Medway with engagement of a range of partners. The strategy development will be overseen by the Integrated Care Board's People Committee.

Chapter 8

We will drive research, innovation and improvement across the system

We will achieve this through:

- Establishing ways to better collaborate on research across our system;
- Unlocking additional capacity by empowering our workforce to take part in research and improvement in their everyday work;
- Championing innovation and being open to trying new ideas;
- Sharing and using data safely and effectively to achieve better outcomes, and;
- Embracing digital transformation as a system.



Our Research Context

There is a large amount of high quality research already taking place across Kent and Medway. However, this research is not always as widely shared as it could be and it is difficult to find out what research is currently underway across the system.

The data that our partners hold is a rich source of information that can provide valuable insights and, in turn, can drive improvement. Trusted frameworks and governance structures are needed to facilitate combined data sets.

The formation of our ICS presents an opportunity to establish new ways of working and reshape the focus of our research. Our aim is to bring the research activity, data and innovation of our organisations closer together. This will allow for better collaboration, unlock additional research capacity, and help share innovation across our system, collectively to improve the lives of people who reside and work in Kent and Medway.

Our 6 Research and Innovation Outcomes are set out below:

- 1. People are well informed and understand it's their right and choice to participate in research
 - We'll achieve this by integrating research messaging into everyday communications
- 2. Reduced disparities in: people accessing research and benefitting form proven innovations
 - We'll achieve this by making available an expansive and diverse portfolio of studies that unites system partners for equitable access to patients, carers and the general public
- 3. Research evidence is utilised to support improved outcomes
 - We'll achieve this by enabling system-wide capability to access and synthesise new evidence
- 4. Co-develop new research projects in response to local evidence gaps and in line with local strengths
 - We'll achieve this by commissioning local research, with university collaboration in response to local needs and priorities
- 5. Increase the number and diversity of the research and innovation workforce
 - We'll achieve this by supporting our workforce, promoting research as a career and jobs that span multiple disciplines
- 6. Enabling and supporting the adoption and spread of proven innovation, for better outcomes and thriving lives
 - We'll achieve this by horizon scanning and industry engagement to generate a rich pipeline of useful innovation





Research Collaboration

Involving all of our partners will allow us to apply a more holistic approach, considering more of the wider determinants of health and challenging partners to view prevention as our primary focus.

Our own research should be utilised to help us plan and commission services more effectively. By consulting with our research community on modelling and appropriate methodologies, we can commission services based on local, evidence-based research.

As our confidence in collaborative research grows, we will understand the needs of our communities better, and identify collective solutions to address them.



Joint Research Collaborative

The JRC brings established NHS Trust Research and Innovation Units and local academic partners together, and now has been extended to public health and social care teams. This will support better prioritisation of research objectives and improve representation of otherwise underrepresented service users.

Health Determinants Research Collaboration Medway Council, in collaboration with the University of Kent, has been successful in bidding for £5m in funding to establish a Health Determinants Research Collaboration, one of just 13 in the country. The team will conduct research on wider determinants of health which will inform council and ICS policy on how we work to improve health and wellbeing.

Kent County Council Public Health has recently set up a Research, Innovation & Improvement Unit working with Adult Social Care (known as Kent Research Partnership) and the wider council to strengthen existing research infrastructure, capacity and culture. This will build upon KCC Public Health's track record on international research activities (Health & Europe), experience in linked dataset development and associated education and training activities such as Darzi Fellowship and other university placement programmes.

R&I Units

- Pockets of expertise
- Small, highly skilled teams
- Health-focused
- Specific geographies and groups

- R&I Hubs
- Holistic approaches to research
- Shares
 knowledge widely
 throughout
 system
- Trains and upskills wider workforce

Our Research and Innovation Units are key centres of talent and expertise that need to be harnessed to disseminate learning throughout the system. Our aim is to develop these into hubs that broaden our outlook and equip more people with skills to carry out research and improvement work.

With a system-wide overview, we can deploy additional support, such as in general practice and district councils, to bolster their research output and align it to wider system priorities.

Lastly, there is the opportunity to create new integrated research roles that traverse different sectors as well as advocating for adding research activity into job descriptions.



Quality Improvement and Innovation

We will make a commitment to, and adopt, **single methodology and philosophy** (such as Quality, Service Improvement and Redesign – QSIR), and develop capacity and capability at all levels of the ICS. We will change culture to increase focus on experimentation and rapid improvement cycles.

Upskilling our workforce and empowering colleagues to take on research, innovation and quality improvement across a wider cross-section of our system will provide greater capacity. In doing so, we can instil continual improvement across the entire system.

Quality improvement and innovation are activities already underway across the system. As an ICS, we will be better able to share best practice and learning. We will work with regulators, such as CQC and Ofsted, where appropriate to drive improvement through the system.

KM-SHARe is a collection of local and national partners who are coming together, hosted by the ICS, to overcome traditional boundaries to focus on sustainability and environmental initiatives in support of our Green Plan.

KM-SHARe • Kent County Council Medway Council Trust Sustainability Leads Academic Health and Health Care Science **Providers** Network Education **Bodies** Institutions University of Kent NHS England Canterbury Christ NIHR Academic Church University Research Centre Kent and Medway Health Education Medical School England

COVID-19 driving innovation

Throughout the pandemic, additional research activities were undertaken by social care, public health and primary care teams in order to respond to issues directly affecting local populations.

Maintaining this momentum and capitalising on reduced barriers to work between organisations can be facilitated by the joined up approaches of working as an integrated system.

We will build a partnership between the University of Kent and key partners such as the Kent and Medway Medical School to build a centre of excellence in delivering research that creates evidence and solutions for local health and care providers and commissioners.



We will ensure a focus on key system enablers, with strategic attention to digital, including shared data and analytics.

Data and Information Sharing

Easy access to information when and where it is required through the Kent and Medway Care Records Programme will help guide our decision making, allowing for informed decisions on real-world, local knowledge.

Allowing this data to be more routinely shared throughout our system will be enabled through better legislation at both a national level and through local arrangements.

Through the "My Care Record" programme we will provide the residents of Kent and Medway with access to their own medical record.

Our long-term ambition is to build a **Trusted Research Environment**, based on national guidance that will allow for a safe, secure space for linked data across our local region.

A shared information governance model across local government and NHS will be developed to enable data sharing and integration for 'secondary uses' such as population health.



Digital Transformation

The ICS Digital Charter describes how we want to work together on both a data and digital standpoint. Our collective aim is to reduce complexity, communicate digital plans and deliver healthcare transformation through a series of digital and data programmes.

Some of the ways to do this include empowering digital champions to lead transformation, building confidence within our workforce around digital and data and developing a sustainable service that does away with waste and consolidates in areas where there is duplication.

We are investing in the development of single clinical systems across the ICS. Examples include a single pathology information system, a single maternity system and a single cancer information system which will provide richer data and further develop record sharing with people.



Chapter 9

We will provide system leadership and make the most of our collective resources

We will achieve this through:

- Championing our values;
- Monitoring quality and providing governance;
- Guiding resource allocation;
- Interfacing with national bodies;
- Building resilience and preparing for emergencies, and;
- Working with our Places and Neighbourhoods to align priorities and develop implementation plans.



At **system level** we must focus on the complex issues that can only be dealt with by acting together.

We are facing a period of significant financial challenge. We recognise the tangible patient and population benefits that can come from closer working with partners in delivery and commissioning of services.

We will work with our **Health Care Partnerships** at **Place level** to ensure that priorities and ambitions are aligned and that robust implementation plans are developed with the system holding each other to account for the delivery.

Organisations need to understand each other better so that we reduce duplication and make the most of our collective resources. Where appropriate, we will also use the tools at our disposal to pool our resources and overcome barriers to integration. We will position Voluntary, Community and Social Enterprises as our strategic partners in various workstreams throughout the ICS by having an established VCSE alliance with formal agreements on how we will work together.

This strategy reflects insights from the public and the output of a Symposium held in October 2022, which had over 100 participants from across the system. As leaders, we must find ways to create space to continue to build a **culture of collaboration and trust**.

Our values act as the foundations for the way we conduct our work. We will build a culture of organisational trust and transparency and be prepared to take risks to achieve the right outcomes for our population. This extends beyond how we work together as a system but also sets out how we should interact with private businesses, voluntary organisations and the people of Kent and Medway. We will continue to build partner leadership and commit to tackling the wider determinants of health.

We must monitor progress of activity and our impact and hold each other to account for delivery on commitments. For the first time, targets will encompass combined metrics for both health and social care. We will work to develop core outcomes that will enable us to show tangible improvement. Governance will enable coordinated prioritisation and planning of activities and sharing of best practice between partners.

We will continue to listen to the voice of those with lived experience of our services, including those unable to access what they perceive they need. We are committed to increasing the resources that we can allocate and share between partners, that are jointly commissioned across health and social care. The ICB is responsible for developing a plan for meeting the health needs of the population, managing the NHS budget and arranging for the provision of health services. This could support new and emerging provider collaboratives, and remove obstacles to operational teams working together.

We have legal duties to be prepared to respond and coordinate services in emergencies. System-wide resilience and emergency preparedness requires robust leadership and accountability. We have a robust system-level response plan and test these plans locally, regionally and nationally. Our ongoing, coordinated response to Covid-19 is led at an ICS level.

As changes take place across health and social care on a national level, the ICS will act as the voice of the people of Kent and Medway on the national stage. We will advocate on behalf of our community and influence wider policy to benefit our population.





Section 75 agreements allow us to pool budgets between local health and social care organisations and authorities.

We have agreed a new Section 75 agreement for Learning Disability and Autism (LDA) services earlier this year, with Kent County Council, Medway Council and NHS Kent and Medway as partners in this single Section 75 arrangement, a move from the two separate ones.

As system partners, we are working to understand the impacts associated with significant housing developments, including the likely health needs and the future provision of health services. Through this process and as part of the wider healthcare infrastructure strategy, we will continue to identify infrastructure development requirements, including through developer contributions, that support the provision of additional healthcare services and healthcare facilities (including plans associated with existing facilities) for local populations.

Co-design and joined up commissioning

The formation of our ICS will transform how we commission services. Supported by legislation, we will deploy services and pathways that are tailored to specific needs and localities.

We will involve service users throughout design and seek regular feedback to respond to new demands and improve experiences. We will involve VCSE and Healthwatch as additional important voices in the development of our services.

These services will be able to transcend health and social care for joined up, single access provision with an emphasis on staying well and prevention.

The Better Care Fund allows spending for joined up services that span health and social care, bringing them closer together in a more streamlined way. Work has also commenced to review all Better Care Fund spend in Kent and Medway. We will look for opportunities for further joint working and reworking the Better Care Fund to make it fit for purpose and a transformational vehicle. The first stages of this work will be completed before 2023.

For example in Medway, a joint commissioning management group, made up of system senior officers oversees all spends from the BCF. The partnership commissioning function ensures that health and social care are both embedded in new contracts.

Our Green Plan

Kent and Medway ICS is taking the impact of climate change on health and inequalities very seriously. Partners across the system are now working together to create a coordinated plan of activity to maximise the effect of our collective action in tackling climate change. The more we do to reduce carbon emissions, improve air quality and promote biodiverse green spaces, the bigger the positive impact on our population's health and wellbeing. Our vision is bold: It is to embed sustainability at the heart of everything we do, providing first-class patient care in the most sustainable way. Not just by choosing greener but by using less, repurposing what we use, and avoiding waste.

It is imperative that we work at pace and at scale as partners to deliver a combined approach not only to reducing our carbon footprint, but also promoting biodiversity and adapting to the changes in our climate that are already happening. We are confident that we can unite with our partners and our communities to achieve the ambitions of our Green Plan, and beyond.

We have responded to the NHS commitment to be the first healthcare service in the world to reach net zero on carbon emissions by 2040 by producing a 5-year Green Plan which we will deliver in partnership with staff, patients and suppliers.



Playing our part as 'anchor institutions'

Our reach extends beyond how we work together as a system. The term 'anchor institutions' is used to describe large organisations, connected to their local area, that use their assets and resources to benefit the communities around them.

We have many large organisations across the ICS and all have a vital role to play in the health and wellbeing of our communities. As public sector anchor institutions in Kent and Medway, we will explore how we can make a difference directly to influence health and wellbeing in a positive way, including tackling health inequalities. For example, through:

- how we procure goods and service, using the power of our supply chains to broaden our reach;
- looking after our workforce and offering training, employment, and professional development opportunities;
- looking at how we use our buildings and land, e.g. ensuring that all green spaces across the ICS footprint are utilised fully for the benefits of biodiversity, the welfare of our staff and the people of Kent and Medway;
- reducing our environmental impact and being leaders in achieving Net Zero;
- · working in partnership with other anchors;
- retaining wealth in the region and driving inclusive, sustainable economic growth.

Employer

Create high quality jobs for local people

Target recruitment towards disadvantaged groups

Help long-term unemployed re-enter the workplace

Procurement of goods and services

Progressive and responsible procurement

Embedding Social Value, ensuring every pound spend generates additional value

Buying local where we can

How our public sector anchor institutions can make a difference in Kent and Medway

Workforce developer

Invest in local training opportunities

Support people to move between sectors

Improve the wellbeing of our employees

Local business and VCSE incubator

Support local business and voluntary organisations to innovate and grow to support their local community

Estates and environment

Reduce our environmental impact

Support growth in the local green economy

Influence sustainable practices across the system



Chapter 10

What's next? Engaging our communities on the issues that matter

We will actively engage our communities on this strategy and our joint forward plan. We will achieve this through:

- Involving people from all walks of life to have their voice heard;
- Utilising multiple channels to ensure accessibility, and;
- Refreshing our strategy and developing supporting documents.



Next steps

In this document, we have laid out our Interim Strategy on how we will work together to improve the lives of people in Kent and Medway. We plan to publish an updated strategy in the autumn of 2023 to reflect the insights gathered from a wide range of engagement activities.

Our immediate next step is to create a plan to transform these initial ambitions into reality. This will be a Five-Year Joint Forward Plan.

Medway Council is refreshing its Joint Local Health and Wellbeing Strategy to be published in late 2023 and Kent County Council is developing an action plan based on the priorities set out in this Strategy.

We will work to develop core outcomes that will enable us to measure success and show tangible improvement. We will then compile an annual report that will reflect on our performance and track our progress against targets.

Before the start of each financial year, we will publish a refreshed five-year plan, setting out our activities across health and social care that will work towards achieving our strategic goals. We will update our plan to celebrate our successes, refocus our efforts and respond to new challenges.

A new approach to engagement

We will not succeed unless we actively engage with and listen to the communities we serve, and people working throughout the system.

We want to:

- raise awareness of the work to improve health and care in Kent and Medway and the wider determinants of health and wellbeing;
- · give people the opportunity to influence decisions;
- ensure insights gathered are considered in future plans and strategies.

Engagement activities will support us to identify priorities and improve the way we deliver services for local people. Formal public consultation and engagement activities will take place for Medway Council and Kent County Council and system partners to further develop and refine their strategies throughout 2023.

Collectively, we will use multiple channels to reach our audiences. We will ensure that, where possible, any engagement or involvement opportunities are accessible, locally available, allow for reasonable adjustments, and, where appropriate, provide resources and training to build capability and capacity to enable effective participation.

At times, engagement will be carried out on a system basis (for instance a programme of roadshows, surveys and online engagement platforms). At other times, Health and Care Partnerships - which bring together partners at a place-based level - will lead more localised engagement, including through local district and borough councils and primary care networks, which will engage through their patient participation groups. Individual partners may also deliver localised engagement activities. Partners will share the insights gathered through all engagement activities.

We will support, complement and champion this placebased and neighbourhood engagement and make sure there are mechanisms in place for local insights to be considered and inform strategies and plans.

Healthwatch Kent

Healthwatch Medway Local people and communities

VCSE organisations

MPs and Elected Members

Local Employers Leaders in partner organisations

Workforce in partner organisations



Have your say

We need everyone to help us do things differently; it's time to make positive, long-term change to the way we plan and deliver services so that we can make meaningful changes to the health and wellbeing of Kent residents.

We want to prevent ill-health wherever possible. This strategy outlines some of the work we are planning – we want to know what you think and your ideas.

There are lots of ways for you to have your say to help us plan for the future.

Your views will be listened to and will help shape our plans and strategies for the future.

You can share your thoughts on our strategy or on wider issues relating to health and wellbeing by registering for our online platform:

Have Your Say in Kent and Medway

https://www.haveyoursayinkentandmedway.co.uk/

Here you will also find out more about some of the exciting projects underway and examples of how we are demonstrating our new future. • Alternatively, you can write to us at:

Kmicb.engage@nhs.net or

The Engagement Team

Kent and Medway ICS

Kent House

81 Station Road

Ashford

TN23 1PP



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Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Impact Kent and Medway **Assessment**



Stage 1

Section 1: Policy, Function or Service Development Details

This section requires the basic details of the policy, function or service to be reviewed, amended or introduced.

Section 2: Assessing Impact

This section asks the author to consider potential differential impacts the policy, function or service could have on each of protected groups. There is a separate section for each characteristic, and each should be considered individually.

Authors should refer to relevant evidence to inform the assessment, and to understand the likely demographics of the patient population who will be impacted by the policy, function or service. For example, findings from the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA). It may be that no evidence is available locally. In this case, relevant national, regional or county-wide data should be referred to.

Authors must consider what action they will take to mitigate any negative outcomes identified and what actions they will take to ensure positive impacts are realized.

A link is provided to the legal definition for each of the protected characteristic groups.

Section 3: Equality Act 2010

This section asks the ICB's equality, diversity and inclusion lead to consider compliance to the Equality Act (2010) having completed the impact assessment of each of the protected characteristics covered by the Act in section 2. Consideration should be given to whether the evidence included in the impact assessment demonstrates that the organisation has upheld its legal duty to eliminate discrimination and promote equalities and good community relations by having given due regard to equality, including all nine of the protected characteristics covered by the Act.

Section 4: Conclusions & Recommendations

Now the impact has been assessed, the reviewing panel is asked to consider whether, based on the findings, they agree with the findings and any mitigating actions.

Section 5: Planning Ahead

This section outlines the requirements for any next steps. This should be completed by the ICB's Equality, Diversity and Inclusion lead and the author of this impact assessment to ensure that requirements are reasonable and deliverable within project/programme timeframes.

Section 1: Policy, Function or Service Development Details (to be completed by the author)

Directorate: Strategy

Officer responsible for assessment: Date of assessment: On-going

Is this a (please confirm): New assessment

Defining what is being assessed:

What is the title of the policy, function or service this impact assessment applies to?

• Interim Kent and Medway Integrated Care Strategy

Please briefly describe the purpose and objectives of this policy, function or service

The Integrated Care Partnership (ICP) is required to write a strategy which sets out how commissioners in the ICB and local authorities will work with partners to deliver joined up and person-centered care across the Kent and Medway population. To reflect the transitional nature of 2022-2023, an interim strategy is being developed by December 2022 with wider engagement and further development planned from early 2023 and in line with the first 5-year joint forward plans that are due to be published before the next financial year.

The ICP strategy, through joint, integrated ways of working, looks to reflect evidence-based, system wide priorities which address and improve health and wellbeing as well as reduce disparities. The strategy will meet the needs of the local population of all ages and will relate to all physical and mental health as well as social care needs.

Who is intended to benefit and in what way?

The strategy looks to improve the health and wellbeing of the entire Kent and Medway population. It will consider a 'life course' approach by incorporating conception through to end-of-life care, considering different life phases and settings. There will be a particular focus on prompting and restoring health and wellbeing as well as reducing disparities.

What is the intended outcome of this policy, function or service?

The strategy will be used to extend current work to further the needed transformative change to tackle challenges including reducing health disparities across health and social care, improving quality and performance, preventing mental and physical ill health, and promoting patient choice and flexibility in how care and support are delivered. The strategy will be used to agree the steps required to deliver system level, evidence-based priorities in the short, medium and long term.

Who are the main stakeholders in this piece of work?

Providers across adult and children's social care, primary care, local authorities, community health services, secondary care, public health services, voluntary and independent sector and other partners that influence the wider determinants of health will be involved in the development and implementation.

What factors may contribute to the outcomes of this policy, function or service?

Ensuring the voice of the service user is used in the development of services.

Involvement/engagement of people who live and work in the Kent and Medway area that are covered by the ICP. This includes specific engagement with children, young people and their families as well as hard to reach and underrepresented groups, for example, people who are experiencing homelessness or members of the

travelling community. Consideration about how to give a voice to those not accessing services will also incorporated into the ICS.

Time constraints are a risk, but it acknowledged that the strategy will mature overtime and refreshed accordingly.

Funding and enhanced partnership working arrangements that will enable new ways of working/commissioning more support and services

Workforce challenges may impact timescales and deliverability of some of the proposals outlined in the strategy

Who is responsible for implementing this change to policy, function or service? (Please provide contact details).

The Health and Care Act 2022 amends the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 and requires integrated care partnerships to write an integrated care strategy to set out how the assessed needs (from the joint strategic needs assessments) can be met through the exercise of the functions of the integrated care board, partner local authorities or NHS England (NHSE).

What factors may detract from the outcomes of this policy, function or service? Some of the 'factors that contribute' above could also be factors that detract – e.g., funding, workforce shortages, need for enhanced partnership working. These factors continue to be considered as the strategy matures.

Section 2: Assessing Impact (to be completed by the author)

When completing this section please give consideration to the fact that a differential impact may be positive or negative.

1. Could there be a differential impact due to <u>racial/ethnic groups</u>?

Yes

The strategy will have a positive impact as it looks to reduce health inequalities across all services by considering the needs of the local populations to enable greater provision of care across both health and social care. The document outlines how Kent and Medway will proactively look to involve people who have lived experience, particularly those from underrepresented groups. The project governance includes endorsement from the Kent and Medway Inequalities, Prevention and Population Health Committee (IPPH) to ensure that the strategy details how current programmes of work and future initiatives will help improve access, patient experience and patient outcomes for all racial/ethnic groups. For example, the strategy details how existing Mental Health provision acknowledges that mental health services use a western understanding of emotional health and wellbeing which may mean that services are inaccessible for some groups. For example, Unacccompanied Asylum Seeking Children and Refugees may not access emotional wellbeing and mental health support at school. This is an area that is being reviewed to help identify gaps in need, future commissioning needs and address health inequalities. Health Prevention and Living Well are key areas within the strategy including early cancer diagnosis and cancer screening which is an area of low uptake amongst black, ethnic and minority groups. The ambition of 75% of cancer cases being diagnosed at stage 1 or 2 by 2028 is included, reflecting one of the five focus clinical areas of the Core20PLUS5 national approach to reducing health inequalities. This work will include patient focused support services that understand and seek to address barriers that stop cohorts of patients engaging with health and wellbeing services.

In addition, the strategy champions an inclusive workforce with all organisations creating a culture that promotes diversity, respect, shared learning, development, and opportunity. 67

2. Could there be a differential impact due to *disability*?

Yes

It is recognized that people with disabilities are more likely to require health and care services and so are more likely to be impacted by this strategy. It is felt that the strategy will have a positive impact as it looks to reduce health inequalities across all services by considering the needs of the local populations to enable greater provision of care across both health and social care. The strategy incorporates all aspects of health-related services, recognizing that not all services are health and/or social care. For example, the strategy includes a joined-up approach to the planning, commissioning, and delivery of housing arrangements to allow independent living for those who require additional support and housing arrangements. The strategy details how personalised care will allow for increased patient choice and flexibility and aims to allow greater independence for those living with a disability. Joined up working will allow people to access support that allows people with disabilities to work, again supporting the aim to allow people greater independence. In addition, there is a commitment to providing support for carers including young carers, acknowledging the huge benefits they provide to the people they look after as well as wider society but also recognizing the physical and emotional impact on them.

3. Could there be a differential impact due to *gender*?

Yes

The strategy will have a positive impact as it looks to reduce health inequalities across all services by considering the needs of the local population to enable greater provision of care across both health and social care. For example, the strategy includes a commitment to improving outcomes and experience for families using maternity and neonatal services. Kent and Medway will continue to implement the ambitions of the NHS Long Term Plan and use the learning from the Independent Inquiry into East Kent maternity services to help make positive changes.

4. Could there be a differential impact due to <u>sexual orientation</u>?

Yes

There will be a positive impact as the strategy looks to reduce health inequalities across all services by considering the needs of the local population to enable greater provision of care across both health and social care.

5. Could there be a differential impact due to <u>religion or belief</u>?

Yes

There will be a positive impact as the strategy looks to reduce health inequalities across all services by considering the needs of the local population to enable greater provision of care across both health and social care.

6. Could there be a differential impact due to people's age?

Yes

What evidence exists for this?

The strategy will encompass the needs of the whole population, of all ages. The strategy will consider the needs and outcomes of babies, children, young adults and their families by working collaboratively with partners including children's services. There is a commitment to giving children the best start in life with a particular

focus on prevention including improving awareness, education, and support to decrease the levels of smoking and drinking alcohol during pregnancy. Giving children the best start, ensuring that they are not at a disadvantage because of their background or where they live as well as ensuring that they are free from fear or discrimination, forms a key part of the overall strategy. This will be achieved through supporting families, delivering effective maternity services, adopting a whole family approach and safeguarding our most vulnerable children. The strategy identifies the need for a holistic and family approach that incorporates housing, communities, health, education, social care and the voluntary sector. A key area will be around key transitional points to ensure continuity of care as well as improve patient outcomes and patient experience. The strategy highlights the importance of increasing fitness, reducing childhood obesity, improving focus in schools and increasing the uptake of childhood vaccinations.

The strategy includes how Kent and Medway will help people manage their own health and wellbeing including how to live well and age well, encompassing health initiatives that promote positive health benefits. For example, The Healthy Workplace programme supports health and wellbeing at work, ensuring that workplaces are supportive of good health and wellbeing. Ageing well looks to continue the focus on supporting people of all ages to live happy, healthy and independent lives with accessible, integrated health and social care being central to achieving this. The strategy outlines how a public and marketing strategy will be developed to help build relationships and understanding of how the public can stay well and how to access services outside of just health and social care. Technology will be a key tool in enabling continuity of care for older people who are at a higher risk of multiple co-morbidities and deteriorating health. Extending social prescribing, allowing people to connect with their community also forms a core part of the ageing well strategy.

7. Could there be a differential impact due to marital/civil partnership status?

Yes

The strategy will have a positive impact as it looks to reduce health inequalities across all services by considering the needs of the local population to enable greater provision of care across both health and social care.

8. Could there be a differential impact due to a person being <u>trans-gendered or</u> <u>transsexual?</u>

Yes

The strategy will have a positive impact as it looks to reduce health inequalities across all services by considering the needs of the local population to enable greater provision of care across both health and social care.

9. Could there be a differential impact due to a person being <u>pregnant or having just had a baby?</u>

Yes

There is a recognition that prevention of poor health starts before birth with good foundations leading to better health outcomes overall. The strategy outlines how a joined-up network of support will be provided to support parents and parents to be, including awareness around smoking during pregnancy, breastfeeding and childhood obesity as well as support being available around housing and education in line with providing a holistic and family approach. Maternity services are identified as a key area of focus within the strategy with a commitment to improving outcomes for women and birthing people. Considering, the ambitions of the NHS Long Term Plan and the learning from the Independent Inquiry into East Kent maternity services, the ICS has identified 11 key areas of focus to continue to develop and improve services for people who are pregnant or have just had a baby.

10. Are there any *other* groups that may be impacted by this proposed policy, function or service (e.g. speakers of other languages; people with caring responsibilities or dependants; those with an offending past; or people living in rural areas, homeless or war veterans) but are not recognised as protected characteristics under the Equality Act 2010?

The strategy furthers work and the required transformative change that is needed to tackle health inequalities across Kent and Medway. In addition to tackling and reducing health inequalities, the strategy looks to improve quality and performance, prevent physical and mental ill health and improve independence by promoting personalised care, choice and flexibility. This applies to the entire Kent and Medway population with partners aiming to deliver collaborative, joined up, person centered care throughout people's lives. The strategy has a wide scope with focus on:

- quality improvement
- joint working
- personalised care
- disparities in health and social care
- population health and prevention
- health protection
- babies, children, young people, their families and health ageing
- workforce
- research and innovation
- health related services
- data and information sharing

The scope encompasses, and will impact all groups of people including speakers of other languages, carers etc.

11. The FREDA principles (fairness, respect, equality, dignity and autonomy) are a way in which to understand Human Rights. What evidence exists to demonstrate that this initiative is in-keeping with these principles?

The strategy will continue to adopt the Core20PLUS5 model which aims to support the reduction of health inequalities at system level (as well as national). There are 5 focus clinical areas that require accelerated improvement: maternity, severe mental illness, chronic respiratory disease, early cancer diagnosis and hypertension case finding. These clinical areas align with the Kent and Medway approach to health population management that aims to ensure that population groups who experience poorer than average health access, experience and/or outcomes are able to access an inclusive and holistic care.

There is a specific focus on health protection to ensure that vulnerable groups are being identified and their needs are addressed. These groups include refugees, asylum seekers, homeless people, Roma, Sinti, Travelers, and other groups.

NB: Remember to reference the evidence (i.e. documents and data sources) used

Section 3: The Equality Act 2010 (to be completed by the ICB equality, diversity and inclusion Lead)

Under The Equality Act 2010, the ICB is required to meet its Public Sector Equality Duty. Does this impact assessment demonstrate that this policy, function or service meets this duty as per the questions below? A 'no' response or lack of evidence will result in the assessment not being signed off.

12. The need to eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation	Yes	No
Please evidence how		
13. Advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic	Yes	No
and those who do not		
Please evidence how		
14. Foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those	Yes	No
who do not		
Please evidence how		
		ļ

NB: Remember to reference the evidence (i.e. documents and data sources) used

Section 4: Action Plan

The below action plan should be started at the point of completing the Impact Assessment (as impacts are identified), however, it is an ongoing action plan that should support the project throughout its lifespan and therefore, needs to be updated on a regular basis.

Potential Impact identified	Which Protected Characteristic group will be impacted upon?	Action required to mitigate against impact	Deadline	Who is responsible for this action (Provider/ICB-please include job title where possible)?	Update on actions (to be provided throughout project)	RAG rating
	All	To reflect the transitional nature of		ICB		
		2022-2023, an interim strategy is	December			
		being developed by December 2022	2022			
	All	Wider engagement and further development is planned from early 2023 and in line with the first 5-year joint forward plans that are due to be published	April 2023	ICB		
	All	Ensure that detailed equality analysis and mitigation is in place for specific service changes or projects that happen as a result of the strategy	On-going	ICB		

Section 5 Conclusions (to be completed by the author)

Could the differential impacts identified in questions 1-15 amount to there being the potential for adverse impact?	Yes	No
This is still being considered and will be reviewed and updated as the strategy matures		
Can the adverse impact be justified on the grounds of promoting equality of opportunity for one group, or another reason?	Yes	No
This is still being considered and will be reviewed and updated as the strategy matures		

Is there an opportunity to alter your proposal to meet the ICB duties?	Yes	No
Is there evidence of a disproportionate adverse or positive impact on any groups of	Yes	No
protected characteristic?		
Are there concerns that there may be an impact that cannot be easily mitigated or	Yes	No
alleviated through the alterations?	j	

For any 'Yes' answers, please amend your equality impact assessment and resubmit it for further review. For any 'No' answers, the EDWG panel must now make a decision as to whether it considers this proposal to be viable.

Section 6: Sign Off (to be completed by author and ICB Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Lead)

Date of next review	Jan 2023		
Areas to consider at next review (e.g. new census information, new legislation due)	All areas as highlighted above in line with final strategy		
Is there another group (e.g. new communities) that is relevant and ought to be considered next time?			
Signed (Author) J Keats		Date	22/11/2022
Signed (ICB E,D&I Lead) LS Brailey		Date	22/11/2022

